User Manual

Original Instructions



PowerFlex Active Front End

Catalog Number 20Y PowerFlex AFE/PowerFlex 700AFE Frames 10 and 13, Firmware Revision Number 1.*xxx*





Important User Information

Read this document and the documents listed in the additional resources section about installation, configuration, and operation of this equipment before you install, configure, operate, or maintain this product. Users are required to familiarize themselves with installation and wiring instructions in addition to requirements of all applicable codes, laws, and standards.

Activities including installation, adjustments, putting into service, use, assembly, disassembly, and maintenance are required to be carried out by suitably trained personnel in accordance with applicable code of practice.

If this equipment is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.

In no event will Rockwell Automation, Inc. be responsible or liable for indirect or consequential damages resulting from the use or application of this equipment.

The examples and diagrams in this manual are included solely for illustrative purposes. Because of the many variables and requirements associated with any particular installation, Rockwell Automation, Inc. cannot assume responsibility or liability for actual use based on the examples and diagrams.

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Throughout this manual, when necessary, we use notes to make you aware of safety considerations.



Labels may also be on or inside the equipment to provide specific precautions.



SHOCK HAZARD: Labels may be on or inside the equipment, for example, a drive or motor, to alert people that dangerous voltage may be present.



BURN HAZARD: Labels may be on or inside the equipment, for example, a drive or motor, to alert people that surfaces may reach dangerous temperatures.



ARC FLASH HAZARD: Labels may be on or inside the equipment, for example, a motor control center, to alert people to potential Arc Flash. Arc Flash will cause severe injury or death. Wear proper Personal Protective Equipment (PPE). Follow ALL Regulatory requirements for safe work practices and for Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).

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The purpose of this manual is to provide the basic information to install, startup, and troubleshoot the PowerFlex[®] Active Front End (AFE).

Summary of Changes

This manual contains new and updated information as indicated in the following table.

Торіс	Page
Updated the basic one-line diagram for a Frame 10 AFE in IP20 2500 MCC style enclosure to include the factory-installed common mode core at the DC bus output.	Figure 6 on page 20
Updated the system schematics for a Frame 13 AFE in IP20 2500 MCC style enclosure to include the factory-installed common mode core at the DC bus output.	Figure 7 on page 21
Updated the drawing for connecting parallel Frame 10 AFEs in IP20 2500 MCC style enclosures to include the factory-installed common mode core at the DC bus output.	Figure 56 on page 170
Updated the drawing for connecting parallel Frame 13 AFEs in IP20 2500 MCC Style Enclosures to include the factory-installed common mode core at the DC bus output.	Figure 57 on page 171
Added information for KCC and Regulatory compliance mark (RCM) certifications.	<u>137</u>

Intended Audience

This manual is intended for qualified personnel. You must be able to program and operate an Active Front End unit and adjustable frequency AC drives. In addition, you must have an understanding of the parameter settings and functions.

What Is Not in This Manual

This manual provides installation, start-up, and programming information for the PowerFlex Active Front End. For detailed drive information, see Drive Information on page 11.

Manual Conventions

	• To differentiate parameter the following conventions	names and LCD display text from other text, are used:
	 Parameter names appea For example: [DC Bus Display text appears in For example, 'Enabled'. 	ur in [brackets]. Voltage]. 'quotes'.
Rockwell Automation Support	Contact your local Rockwell Aut • Sales and order support • Product technical training • Warranty support • Support service agreement	tomation representative for these items: g
	Technical Support	
Additional Resources	For technical support, first review need help, click the link for Aller at <u>http://www.ab.com/support/</u> Support, be prepared to provide These documents contain addition	w the information in <u>Chapter 5</u> . If you still n-Bradley [®] Drives Service and Support website <u>abdrives</u> . When you contact Technical the information that is listed on <u>page 135</u> . onal information concerning related products
	from Kockwell Automation.	
Resource		Description
PowerFlex Active Front End—Frame 10 Hardware S	Service Manual, publication 20Y-TG001	Provides information for how to troubleshoot Frame 10 AFE units.
PowerFlex Active Front End—Frame 13 Hardware S	service Manual, publication <u>20Y-TG002</u>	Provides information for how to troubleshoot Frame 13 AFE units.
PowerFlex 700H, 700S, and 700AFE Drive Fan System	ns Installation Instructions, publication PFLEX-IN029	Provides information for how to install drive fan systems.
Drives in Common Bus Configurations, publication D	Provides information for common bus configurations.	
Wiring and Grounding Guidelines for Pulse Width M	Provides information for wiring and grounding AC drives.	
Preventive Maintenance of Industrial Control and Dr	Provides information for preventative maintenance control and drive systems.	
Safety Guidelines for the Application, Installation, an	nd Maintenance of Solid-state Control, publication <u>SGI-1.1</u>	Provides safety guidelines for drive systems.
Guarding Against Electrostatic Damage, publication	<u>8000-4.5.2</u>	Provides information for how to prevent electrostatic damage.
Industrial Automation Wiring and Grounding Guidel	lines, publication <u>1770-4.1</u>	Provides general guidelines for installing a Rockwell Automation industrial system.
Product Certifications website, <u>http://www.rockwel</u>	llautomation.com/global/certification/overview.page	Provides declarations of conformity, certificates, and other certification details.

The following conventions are used throughout this manual:

• In this manual, we also refer to the PowerFlex Active Front End as AFE, Active Front End, or unit.

You can view or download publications at <u>http://www.rockwellautomation.com/global/literature-library/overview.page</u>. To order paper copies of technical documentation, contact your local Allen-Bradley distributor or Rockwell Automation sales representative.

Drive Information

The following publications provide detailed information for PowerFlex drives that are compatible with the PowerFlex Active Front End.

Drive	Resource	Description	
PowerFlex 700 Series A Drive	PowerFlex 700 Series A User Manual, publication <u>20B-UM001</u> PowerFlex 700 Series B User Manual, publication <u>20B-UM002</u> PowerFlex 700 Frames 06 Installation Instructions, publication <u>20B-IN019</u>	Provides information for how to install, configure, and use PowerFlex 700 Series A and Series B drives.	
PowerFlex 700 Series B Drive	PowerFlex 700 Frames 710 Installation Instructions, publication <u>20B-IN014</u> PowerFlex 70/700 Reference Manual, publication <u>PFLEX-RM001</u> PowerFlex 70 Installation Instructions, publication <u>20A-IN009</u> PowerFlex 70EC/700VC Reference Manual, publication <u>PFLEX-RM004</u> PowerFlex 700 Technical Data, publication <u>20B-TD001</u> PowerFlex Dynamic Braking Resistor Calculator, publication <u>PFLEX-AT001</u>		
PowerFlex 700H Drive	PowerFlex 700H Installation Manual, publication <u>PFLEX-IN006</u> PowerFlex 700H Programming Manual, publication <u>20C-PM001</u> PowerFlex 700H Technical Data, publication <u>20C-TD001</u>	Provides information for how to install, configure, and use PowerFlex 700H drives.	
PowerFlex 700S Drive	PowerFlex 700S with Phase II Control Installation Manual (Frames 16), publication <u>20D-IN024</u> PowerFlex 700S with Phase II Control Installation Manual (Frames 914), publication <u>PFLEX-IN006</u> PowerFlex 700S with Phase II Control Programming Manual (All Frame Sizes), publication <u>20D-PM001</u> PowerFlex 700S with Phase II Control Reference Manual, publication <u>PFLEX-RM003</u> PowerFlex 700S with Phase II Control Technical Data, publication <u>20D-TD002</u>	Provides information for how to install, configure, and use PowerFlex 700S drives.	
PowerFlex 750-Series Drive	PowerFlex 750-Series Drive Installation Instructions, publication <u>750-IN001</u> PowerFlex 750-Series Drive Programming Manual, publication <u>750-PM001</u> PowerFlex 750-Series Technical Data, publication <u>750-TD001</u>	Provides information for how to install, configure, and use PowerFlex 750-Series drives.	
PowerFlex SCR Bus Supply	PowerFlex SCR Bus Supply User Manual, publication 20S-UM001	Provides information for SCR bus supplies.	

You can view or download publications at

<u>http://www.rockwellautomation.com/global/literature-library/overview.page</u>. To order paper copies of technical documentation, contact your local Allen-Bradley distributor or Rockwell Automation sales representative.

To find your local Rockwell Automation distributor or sales representative, visit <u>http://www.rockwellautomation.com/global/distributor-locator/sales-locator.page</u>

General Precautions



ATTENTION: To avoid an electric shock hazard, verify that the voltage on the bus capacitors has discharged completely before servicing. Check the DC bus voltage between the +DC and -DC terminals, between the +DC terminal and the chassis, and between the -DC terminal and the chassis. The voltage must be zero for all three measurements.



ATTENTION: To guard against personal injury and equipment damage that is caused by an arc flash, you must identify the arc flash requirements per NFPA 70E.



ATTENTION: The PowerFlex Active Front End contains electrostatic discharge (ESD) sensitive parts and assemblies that can be damaged if you do not follow ESD control procedures. Static control precautions are required when you install, test, service, or repair this unit. If you are unfamiliar with static control procedures, see Guarding Against Electrostatic Damage, publication 8000-4.5.2, or any other applicable ESD protection handbook.



ATTENTION: An incorrectly applied or installed PowerFlex Active Front End can result in component damage or a reduction in product life. Wiring or application errors, such as undersizing the motor, incorrect or inadequate AC supply, or excessive ambient temperatures, can result in malfunction of the system.



ATTENTION: Only qualified personnel familiar with adjustable frequency AC drives and associated machinery can plan or implement the installation, start-up, and subsequent maintenance of the system. Failure to comply can result in personal injury and/or equipment damage.

Catalog Number Explanation

					Posit	ion					
13	4	57	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
20Y	D	460	A	0	Α	Ν	Ν	Α	N	Α	0
а	b	C	d	е	f	g	h	i	j	k	1

a				
	Dri	ive		
Code Type				
20Y		PowerFlex AFE/ PowerFlex 700AFE		
	b			
Voltage Rating				
Code	Input Ve	oltage	Phase	
D	400/480V AC		3	
F	600/690V AC		3	

c1						
	400/480V Input					
Code	Input Amps ND (HD)	kW at 400V ND (HD)	Hp at 480V ND (HD)	Frame Size		
460	460 (385)	309 (258)	497 (416)	10		
1K3	1300 (1150)	873 (772)	1404 (1242)	13		

	c2						
	600/690V Input						
Code	Input Amps ND (HD)	Hp at 600V ND (HD)	kW at 690V ND (HD)	Frame Size			
325	325 (240)	439 (324)	376 (278)	10			
1K0	1030 ⁽¹⁾	1390 ⁽¹⁾	1193 ⁽¹⁾	13			

(1) There is no heavy-duty rating for Frame 13 600/690V.

d				
	Enclosure			
Code	Conformal Coating			
A ⁽¹⁾	IP21 Rittal Enclosure, NEMA/UL Type 1	Yes		
N ⁽²⁾	IP00, open-chassis	Yes		
P ⁽³⁾	IP20, NEMA/UL Type 1 2500 MCC Style enclosure with power bus, 800 mm (31.5 in.) deep, standard cabinet color (RAL7032)	Yes		
W ⁽³⁾	IP20, NEMA/UL Type 1 2500 MCC Style enclosure with power bus, 800 mm (31.5 in.) deep, CenterLine 2100 gray (ASA49)	Yes		

(1) Includes AFE power module, LCL filter, control assembly, motor-controlled circuit breaker, and precharge circuit in a Rittal enclosure.

- (2) Restricted to SSB. Includes AFE power module, LCL filter, and control assembly. Excludes circuit breaker or precharge circuit.
- (3) Includes AFE power module, LCL filter, control assembly, Incoming circuit breaker, and precharge circuit in 2500 MCC Style enclosure. Frame 10 has 1250 amp DC bus and Frame 13 has 3000 amp DC bus.

	e				
	HIM				
Code	Operator Interface	Mount			
0	No HIM	AFE			
	f				
Documentation					
Code	Documents	Ship Carton			
Α	User Manual	Yes			

	g				
	l	Bra	ake		
	Code		With	Brake IGBT	
	Ν			No	
	h				
	Brak	e F	lesistor		
	Code		With	n Resistor	
	Ν			No	
i					
	Equip	m	ent Type		
	Code		Des	cription	
	А	AFE with power line filter			
			i		
	Coi	mr	n Slot		
Code Communication Optic			ication Option		
N None		None			
k					
	I/0	0	ption		
Code	Туре	9		I/O Volts	

I/O Option					
Code	Туре	I/O Volts			
A ⁽¹⁾	Standard, with outputs	24V DC			

(1) A 120V AC I/O option is not available.

I					
Feedback					
Code	Туре	Installed On			
0	None	N/A			

Description of Operation

The PowerFlex Active Front End is a regenerative DC bus supply that is used to supply DC power to a lineup of common DC bus drives, or one common bus drive. The AFE uses a pulse width modulated (PWM)-controlled IGBT converter to allow bi-directional power flow to the AC line. Figure 1 and Figure 2 show examples of the AFE powering a lineup of PowerFlex 755 drives and the AFE powering one PowerFlex 755 drive. For additional information and bus conditioning requirements, see Drives in Common Bus Configurations, publication <u>DRIVES-AT002</u>.

Figure 1 - AFE Supplying a Lineup of Common Bus Drives



Figure 2 - AFE Supplying a Single Drive



Active current and reactive currents are calculated from the three input phase current measurements $(I_{L1}, I_{L2}, and I_{L3})$ as shown in Figure 3. The DC voltage controller is a PI type regulator. A DC voltage reference sets the value of the DC link voltage to be maintained. It is compared to measured DC voltage to obtain a DC voltage error as the input for the DC voltage controller.

The output of the DC voltage controller is the active current reference, which is compared to the measured active current. The error between them is the input for the active current controller. The output of the active current controller changes the modulation index and controls the inverter voltage.

The reactive current reference can be used for reactive power compensation. A positive reactive current reference indicates inductive and a negative reactive current reference indicates capacitive reactive power compensation. The default value of the reactive current reference parameter is zero. The set value of the reactive current reference is compared to its measured value and the error is fed to the PI regulator. The PI regulator is also referred to as the synchronizing controller because its function is to keep the inverter synchronized with line supply. The frequency reference to the AFE is derived from the reactive current Kp, and reactive current Ki default values of the two current controllers are satisfactory with the standard LCL filter. Do not change the default values.

Figure 3 - AFE Block Diagram



Benefits of the AFE

The PowerFlex Active Front End provides these benefits:

- Energy savings with regenerative braking instead of wasted energy with resistor brake technology, regenerative braking puts the energy back into the system to be used by other equipment.
- Low AC input harmonics the active front end provides low harmonics to meet IEEE 519 and CE at its input terminals.
- Improved power factor the AFE actively controls the power factor regardless of motor speed and load. In addition, the PowerFlex AFE can be used for power factor correction on the power system.
- Voltage boost the AFE boosts the DC voltage. See <u>Voltage Boost on</u> <u>page 167</u> for guidelines regarding voltage boost. This voltage boost also helps protect critical processes from the potentially disruptive effects of input voltage dips and sags.



ATTENTION: The PowerFlex Active Front End can be used for voltage boost, but cannot be used to lower the DC bus voltage. The minimum DC bus voltage is limited by the rectified diode bridge voltage.

AFE in IP00 Open Chassis Configuration

Figure 4 shows a basic one-line diagram for an AFE Frame 10 in an IP00, NEMA/UL Open chassis configuration, and the parts that the customer must supply.





Figure 5 shows a basic one-line diagram for an AFE Frame 13 in an IP00, NEMA/UL Open chassis configuration, and the parts that the customer must supply.



Figure 5 - Basic One-line Diagram for an AFE Frame 13 in IPOO Open Chassis Configuration

AFE in IP20 2500 MCC Style Enclosure – Installation/Wiring

This chapter provides information on how to install and wire the PowerFlex^{*} Active Front End in an IP20 2500 MCC Style enclosure. For information on how to install and wire the AFE in an IP21 Rittal enclosure, see <u>Chapter 2</u>.

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Most start-up difficulties are the result of incorrect wiring. Verify that the wiring is done as instructed. Read and understand the instructions before you begin to installation the AFE.



ATTENTION: The following information is a guide for proper installation. Rockwell Automation does not assume responsibility for the compliance or the noncompliance to any code, national, local, or otherwise, for the proper installation of this 700AFE or associated equipment. A hazard of personal injury and/or equipment damage exists if codes are ignored during installation.

Main Component Sections

This section describes the main component sections of AFE Frame 10 and Frame 13 systems in an IP20 2500 MCC Style enclosure.

Frame 10

<u>Figure 6</u> shows a basic one-line diagram for an AFE Frame 10 in an IP20 2500 MCC Style enclosure. The main component sections consist of the following items:

- AC line switchgear consisting of the input circuit breaker (Q0), fuses (F1.1...F1.3), and input contactor (K1)
- LCL filter (L1)
- Precharge circuit
- AFE power structure (U1) with AFE control assembly
- DC fuses (F2.1 and F2.2)





Frame 13

<u>Figure 7</u> shows a basic one-line diagram for an AFE Frame 13 in an IP20 2500 MCC Style enclosure. The main component sections consist of the following items:

- AC line switchgear consisting of the input circuit breaker (Q0), fuses (F1.1...F1.3), and input contactor (K1)
- LCL filter (L1)
- Precharge circuit
- AFE power structure (U1) with AFE control assembly
- DC fuses (F2.1...F2.6)

Figure 7 - Basic One-line Diagram for a Frame 13 AFE in IP20 2500 MCC Style Enclosure



Main Component Locations

This section shows the main component locations for AFE Frame 10 and Frame 13 systems in an IP20 2500 MCC Style enclosure.

Frame 10

Figure 8 shows the main components of the AFE Frame 10 system in an IP20 2500 MCC Style enclosure.



Figure 8 - AFE Frame 10 Main Component Locations in IP20 2500 MCC Style Enclosure

ltem	Description				
1	Precharge circuit and precharge resistor				
2	LCL filter (L1)				
3	Active Front End power structure (U1)				
4		Input circuit breaker			
5	AC line switchgear	Input fuses			
6		Input contactor			
7	DC fuses				
8	AFE control assembly (on the AFE door and shown with user-installed Human Interface Module [HIM])				

Frame 13

Figure 9 shows the main components of the AFE Frame 13 system in an IP20 2500 MCC Style enclosure.

Figure 9 - AFE Frame 13 Main Component Locations in IP20 2500 MCC Style Enclosure



Front View

DC fuses

AFE control assembly (on the AFE door and shown with user-installed HIM)

8

9

Mounting Considerations

When mounting the Active Front End, consider the following information.

Operating Temperatures

Frame Size	Surrounding Air Temperature ⁽²⁾		Minimum Airflow		
	Normal Duty	Heavy Duty	Power Module	LCL Filter	
10	040 °C	040 °C	1400 m ³ /hr (824 cfm)	1100 m ³ /hr (647 cfm)	
13 ⁽¹⁾	(32104°F)	(32104 °F)	4200 m ³ /hr (2472 cfm)	1300 m ³ /hr (765 cfm)	

 The Frame 13 690V AFE has only normal duty operation at nominal rated power and maximum ambient temperature at 35 °C (95 °F).

(2) For an AFE in the IP20 2500 MCC Style enclosure, this air means surrounding the outside of the enclosure.

Minimum Mounting Clearances





Front View



Figure 11 - Frame 13 in IP20 2500 MCC Style Enclosure

Front View

AC Supply Source Considerations

The AFE Frame 10 or Frame 13 in an IP20 2500 MCC Style enclosure is suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering these ratings:

- 100,000 rms symmetrical amperes at 400/480V
- 65,000 rms symmetrical amperes at 600/690V

The AFE must not be used on undersized or high-impedance supply systems. The supply system kVA must be equal to or greater than the drive-related kW, and the system impedance must be less than 10%. Operation outside these limits can cause instability that results in the shutdown of the AFE.

System Impedance = (PowerFlex 700AFE kVA ÷ Transformer kVA) x Transformer % Impedance

You must consider the kVA of all PowerFlex AFEs on the distribution system and the system impedance of upstream transformers.



ATTENTION: To guard against personal injury and equipment damage that is caused by improper fusing or circuit breaker selection, use only the recommended line fuses or circuit breakers that are specified in <u>Appendix A</u>.

If a residual current detector (RCD) is used as a system ground fault monitor, use only Type B (adjustable) devices to avoid nuisance tripping.

Unbalanced, Ungrounded, or Resistive Grounded Distribution Systems

If phase-to-ground voltage exceeds 125% of normal, or the supply system is ungrounded, see Wiring and Grounding Guidelines for Pulse Width Modulated (PWM) AC Drives, publication <u>DRIVES-IN001</u>, for more information.



ATTENTION: The PowerFlex Active Front End is not designed to be used on IT (insulated tera) or corner-grounded power networks above 600V (phase-to-phase voltage). Operation on such a network can cause a hazardous failure of the insulation system of the AFE.



ATTENTION: The LCL filter of the PowerFlex Active Front End contains common mode capacitors that are referenced to ground. These devices **must be disconnected** if the AFE is installed on a resistive grounded distribution system or an ungrounded distribution system. See <u>Figure 20 on page 38</u> or <u>Figure 21 on page 39</u> for jumper locations.

Input Power Conditioning

These events on the power system that supplies an AFE can cause component damage or shortened product life:

- The power system has power factor correction capacitors that are switched in and out of the system, either by you or by the power company.
- The power source has intermittent voltage spikes in excess of 6000 volts. These spikes can be caused by other equipment on the line or by events such as lightning strikes.
- The power source has frequent interruptions.

Grounding Requirements

The Active Front End safety ground-PE must be connected to system ground. Ground impedance must conform to the requirements of national and local industrial safety regulations and electrical codes. Periodically check the integrity of all ground connections.

Recommended Grounding Scheme

For installations in which the AFE is within an enclosure, use one safety ground point or ground bus bar connected directly to building steel. All circuits including the AC input ground conductor must be grounded independently and directly to this point or ground bus bar.



Figure 12 - Typical Grounding Example for AFE Frame 10 in IP20 2500 MCC Style Enclosure





PowerFlex AFE Frame 13

Safety Ground - PE and Shield Termination - SHLD

	This ground is the safety ground for the AFE that code requires. This point must be connected to adjacent building steel (girder or joist), a floor ground rod, or bus bar (see <u>Figure 13</u>). Grounding points must comply with national and local industrial safety regulations and/or electrical codes.
	The Shield terminal (Figure 16 or Figure 17) provides a grounding point for the AFE cable shield. It must be connected to an earth ground by a separate continuous lead. The drive cable shield must be connected to this terminal on the AFE end and the drive frame on the drive end. Use a shield terminating or EMI clamp to connect the shield to this terminal.
Fuses and Circuit Breakers	The IP20 2500 MCC Style enclosure for the AFE includes AC input fuses, input circuit breaker (Q0), an input contactor (K1), and DC bus output fusing. The contactor is used for precharge operation. For details on precharge operation, see <u>page 47</u> . For fuse and circuit breaker information, see <u>Appendix</u> <u>A</u> . Local and national electrical codes can determine additional requirements for the installations.
Power Wiring	Most start-up difficulties are the result of incorrect wiring. Verify that the wiring is done as instructed. Read and understand the instructions before you begin to installation the AFE.
	ATTENTION: The following information is a guide for proper installation



ATTENTION: The following information is a guide for proper installation. Rockwell Automation does not assume responsibility for the compliance or noncompliance to any code, national, local, or otherwise, for the proper installation of this unit or associated equipment. A risk of personal injury and/ or equipment damage exists if codes are ignored during installation.

Power Cable Types Acceptable for 400...690 Volt Installations



ATTENTION: National Codes and standards (NEC, VDE, CSA, BSI, and so forth) and local codes outline provisions for safely installing electrical equipment. Installation must comply with specifications regarding wire types, conductor sizes, branch circuit protection, and disconnect devices. Failure to do so can result in personal injury and/or equipment damage.

Various cable types are acceptable for PowerFlex Active Front End installations. For many installations, unshielded cable is adequate, provided it can be separated from sensitive circuits. As an approximate guide, use a spacing of 0.3 meters (1 ft) for every 10 meters (32.8 ft) of length. In all cases, avoid long parallel runs. Do not use cable with an insulation thickness less than or equal to 15 mils (0.4mm/0.015 in.). Use only copper wire. Wire gauge requirements and recommendations are based on 7 5°C (167 °F). Do not reduce wire gauge when using higher temperature wire.

Unshielded Cable

THHN, THWN, or similar wire is acceptable for PowerFlex Active Front End installation in dry environments provided adequate free air space and/or conduit fill rate limits are provided. **Do not use THHN or similarly coated wire in wet areas**. Any wire that is chosen must have a minimum insulation thickness of 15 mils and cannot have large variations in insulation concentricity.

Shielded Cable

Shielded cable contains the general benefits of multi-conductor cable with the added benefit of a copper braided shield. The shield can contain much of the noise that is generated by a typical AC drive. Shielded cable is recommended in installations with sensitive equipment such as weigh scales, capacitive proximity switches, and other devices affected by electrical noise in the distribution system.

Applications with large numbers of drives in a similar location, imposed EMC regulations, or a high degree of communication and networking are also good candidates for shielded cable.

Consider the general specifications that are dictated by the environment of the installation, including temperature, flexibility, moisture characteristics, and chemical resistance. Also, include a braided shield that is specified by the manufacturer as having coverage of at least 75%. An additional foil shield can improve noise containment.

A good example of recommended cable is Belden 29528 - 29532 (AWG-1 through AWG-410). This cable has three XLPE insulated conductors plus ground with a spiral copper shield that is surrounded by a PVC jacket.

Armored Cable

Cable with continuous aluminum armor is often recommended in drive system applications or specific industries. It offers most of the advantages of standard shielded cable and also combines considerable mechanical strength and resistance to moisture. It can be installed in concealed and exposed manners, and removes the requirement for conduit (EMT) in the installation. It can also be directly buried or embedded in concrete.

Because noise containment is affected by incidental grounding of the armor to building steel when the cable is mounted, we recommend that the armored cable has an overall PVC jacket. See Chapter 2, 'Wire Types' in Wiring and Grounding Guidelines for Pulse Width Modulated (PWM) AC Drives, publication <u>DRIVES-IN001</u>.

Interlocked armor is acceptable for shorter cable runs, but continuous welded armor is preferred.

Best performance is achieved with three spaced ground conductors, but acceptable performance below 200 Hp is provided by use of one ground conductor.

Recommended shielded/armored wire is listed in Table 1.

Location	Rating/Type	Description
Standard (option 1)	1000V, 90 °C (194 °F) XHHW2/RHW-2 Anixter B29528-B29532 Belden 29528-29532 Or equivalent	 Four tinned copper conductors with XLPE insulation. Copper braid/aluminum foil combination shield and tinned copper drain wire. PVC jacket.
Standard (option 2)	Tray rated 1000V, 90 °C (194 °F) RHH/RHW-2 Anixter OLFLEX-76xxx03 Or equivalent	 Three tinned copper conductors with XLPE insulation. Corrugated copper tape with three bare copper grounds in contact with shield. PVC jacket.
Class I & II; Division I & II	Tray rated 1000V, 90 °C (194 °F) RHH/RHW-2 Anixter 7VFD- <i>xxxx</i> Or equivalent	 Three bare copper conductors with XLPE insulation and impervious corrugated continuously welded aluminum armor. Black sunlight resistant PVC jacket overall. Three copper grounds.

Table 1 - Recommended Shielded/Armored Wire for AFE in IP20 2500 MCC Style Enclosure

Cable Trays and Conduit



ATTENTION: To avoid a possible shock hazard that is caused by induced voltages, unused wires in the conduit must be grounded at both ends. For the same reason, if a drive that shares a conduit is being serviced or installed, all drives that use this conduit must be disabled. Disable the drives to help minimize the possible shock hazard from 'cross coupled' motor leads.

If cable trays or large conduits are used, see the guidelines in Wiring and Grounding Guidelines for Pulse Width Modulated (PWM) AC Drives, publication <u>DRIVES-IN001</u>.

Select and Verify Control Transformer Voltage

The control transformer in the AFE is used to match the input AC line voltage of the AFE in an IP20 2500 MCC Style enclosure to the 230V and 120V control voltage.

Verify that the control voltage is set appropriately for the supplied AC line voltage. If necessary, use this procedure to change the control voltage.

1. Locate the X3 terminal block (Figure 14).





2. To match the AC line voltage, move the wire that is shown in Figure 15 to the appropriate X3 terminal.

Figure 15 - Input Voltage Setting for Control Voltage on Frames 10 and 13 in IP20 2500 MCC Style Enclosure



For 400/480V or 600/690VAC Input

Power Terminals for AFE in IP20 2500 MCC Style Enclosure

<u>Figure 16</u> and <u>Figure 17</u> show the power terminal locations and specifications for AFE Frames 10 and 13 in an IP20 2500 MCC Style enclosure.



Figure 16 - AFE Frame 10 Power Terminal Locations in IP20 2500 MCC Style Enclosure

Front View

Right Side View

Table 2 - AFE Frame	10 Power Terminal S	pecifications in IP20) 2500 MCC Style E	inclosure
	. IVI VIICI ICIIIIIIII J	pecifications in n 20	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	

ltom	Name	Frame	Description	Wire Size Range ^{(1) (2)}		Torque	Terminal Bolt
item				Max	Min	Recommended	Size ^{(3) (4)}
1	Input power terminals L1, L2, L3 ⁽¹⁾	10	Input power	240 mm ² (500 MCM)	95 mm ² (3/0 AWG)	40 N•m (354 lb•in)	N/A
2	SHLD terminal, line PE, ground ⁽³⁾	- 10	0 Terminating point for wiring shields	300 mm ²	2.1 mm ²	40 N•m	M5-M10
3	SHLD terminal, motor PE, ground ⁽³⁾			(600 MCM)	(14 AWG)	(354 lb•in)	
4	DC bus ⁽³⁾ (DC-, DC+)	10	DC output (using cable)	240 mm ² (500 MCM)	2.1 mm ² (14 AWG)	70 N•m (620 lb•in)	M12
			DC output (using splice kit SK-Y1-BUSSPLICE-F10)	—	—	40 N•m (354 lb•in)	M10

(1) Maximum/minimum sizes that the terminals can accept. These sizes are not recommendations.

(2) Do not exceed maximum wire size. Parallel connections can be required.

(4) Apply counter-torque to the nut on the other side of terminations when tightening or loosening the terminal bolt to avoid damage to the terminal.

⁽³⁾ These connections are bus bar type terminations and require the use of lug type connectors.



Figure 17 - AFE Frame 13 Power Terminal Locations in IP20 2500 MCC Style Enclosure

Table 3 - AFE Frame 13 Power Terminal Specifications in IP20 2500 MCC Style Enclosure

ltem	Name	Frame	rame Description –	Wire Size Range ^{(1) (2)}		Torque	Terminal Bolt	
				Max	Min	Recommended	Size ^{(3) (4)}	
1	Input power terminals L1, L2, L3 ⁽¹⁾	13	Input power	380 mm ² (750 MCM)	53 mm ² (1/0 AWG)	50 N•m (442 lb•in)	N/A	
2	SHLD terminal, line PE, ground ⁽³⁾	- 13	12	Terminating point for wiring shields	300 mm ²	2.1 mm ²	40 N•m	M5 M10
3	SHLD terminal, motor PE, ground ⁽³⁾		15 Terminating point for wring silierus	(600 MCM)	(14 AWG)	(354 lb•in)		
4	DC bus ⁽³⁾ (DC–, DC+)	13	DC output (using cable)	380 mm ² (750 MCM)	2.1 mm ² (14 AWG)	70 N•m (620 lb•in)	M12	
			DC output (using right-side splice kit SK-Y1-BUSSPLICE-F13R)	—	—	40 N•m	M10	
			DC output (using left-side splice kit SK-Y1-BUSSPLICE-F13L)	—	—	(354 lb•in)	WITU	

(1) Maximum/minimum sizes that the terminals can accept. These sizes are not recommendations.

(2) Do not exceed maximum wire size. Parallel connections can be required.

(3) These connections are bus bar type terminations and require the use of lug type connectors.

(4) Apply counter-torque to the nut on the other side of terminations when tightening or loosening the terminal bolt to avoid damage to the terminal.

Route the AC Input, Ground (PE), and DC Bus Output Wiring for AFE in IP20 2500 MCC Style Enclosure

ATTENTION: To minimize disruption of airflow through the enclosure and
avoid overheating within the AFE enclosure, remove only the minimum area
that is needed to route the power cables.When you remove any of the five side cover-plates (shaded areas that are
shown in Figure 18) for routing the AC input, ground (PE), and DC bus output
wiring, always use the barrier kit, catalog number SK-Y1-MCCBARRIER, to
maintain airflow integrity through the enclosure.When you remove sections for routing in other areas, airflow is disrupted
throughout the enclosure, and causes overheating.

Frame 10

The AC input and ground (PE) wiring for the IP20 2500 MCC Style enclosure must be routed through the top of the enclosure.

The DC bus output can be routed through either the left or right side of the enclosure (see shaded areas in <u>Figure 18</u>).

Figure 18 - Routing Areas for AC Input, Ground, and DC Bus Output Wiring for AFE Frame 10 in IP20 2500 MCC Style Enclosure





The AC input and ground (PE) wiring for the IP20 2500 MCC Style enclosure must be routed through the top of the enclosure.
The DC bus output can be routed through either the left or right side of the enclosure (see shaded area in Figure 19).

Figure 19 - Routing Areas for AC Input, Ground, and DC Bus Output Wiring for AFE Frame 13 in IP20 2500 MCC Style Enclosure



Shaded areas for routing DC bus output connections – on either the left or right side of the enclosure.

When the side cover-plate is removed for DC bus routing, always use the barrier kit, catalog number SK-Y1-MCCBARRIER, to maintain proper airflow in the AFE enclosure and help to prevent overheating.

Disconnect the Common Mode Capacitors

Frame 10 LCL Filter

The Frame 10 AFE LCL filter contains common mode capacitors that are referenced to ground. To guard against AFE damage, disconnect these devices if the AFE is installed in either of these systems:

- A high-resistance grounded distribution system
- An ungrounded distribution system where the line-to-ground voltages on any phase exceed 125% of the nominal line-to-line voltage.

To access the common mode capacitors, the LCL filter must be removed from the enclosure. To remove the Frame 10 AFE LCL filter from the IP20 2500 MCC Style enclosure, see the instructions in the PowerFlex Active Front End—Frame 10 Hardware Service Manual, publication <u>20Y-TG001</u>.



ATTENTION: To avoid an electric shock hazard, verify that the voltage on the bus capacitors has discharged completely before you remove or install any jumpers. Check the DC bus voltage between the +DC and -DC terminals, between the +DC terminal and the chassis, and between the -DC terminal and the chassis. The voltage must be zero for all three measurements.

To disconnect the common mode capacitors, remove the jumpers that are shown in <u>Figure 20</u>. For more information on ungrounded system installation, see Wiring and Grounding Guidelines for Pulse Width Modulated (PWM) AC Drives, publication <u>DRIVES-IN001</u>.



Figure 20 - AFE Frame 10 LCL Filter Common Mode Capacitor Jumper Locations

Frame 13 LCL Filter

The Frame 13 AFE LCL filter contains common mode capacitors that are referenced to ground. To guard against AFE damage, disconnect these devices if the AFE is installed in either of these systems:

- A high-resistance grounded distribution system
- An ungrounded distribution system where the line-to-ground voltages on any phase exceed 125% of the nominal line-to-line voltage.

To remove the AFE Frame 13 LCL filter from the IP20 2500 MCC Style enclosure, see the instructions in the PowerFlex Active Front End—Frame 13 Hardware Service Manual, publication <u>20Y-TG002</u>.



ATTENTION: To avoid an electric shock hazard, verify that the voltage on the bus capacitors has discharged completely before you remove or install any jumpers. Check the DC bus voltage between the +DC and -DC terminals, between the +DC terminal and the chassis, and between the -DC terminal and the chassis. The voltage must be zero for all three measurements.

To disconnect the common mode capacitors, remove the upper guard and then remove the jumpers that are shown in <u>Figure 21</u>. For more information on ungrounded system installation, see Wiring and Grounding Guidelines for Pulse Width Modulated (PWM) AC Drives, publication <u>DRIVES-IN001</u>.



Figure 21 - AFE Frame 13 LCL Filter Common Mode Capacitor Jumper Locations

Frame 10 or Frame 13 Power Structure

IMPORTANT	The Frame 10 or Frame 13 AFE in an IP20 2500 MCC Style enclosure is shipped from the factory with the common mode capacitors removed. You do not need to remove the capacitors. However, when you replace a power structure, you must remove the common mode capacitors in the
	new power structure before installation. See <u>Frame 10 Power Structure</u> on page 72 or <u>Frame 13 Power Structure on page 73</u> for instructions.

Use the AFE with PowerFlex Drives

When the Active Front End is used with drives that have common mode capacitors (for example, PowerFlex 7-Class or PowerFlex 750-Series drives), the common mode capacitors of these drives **must be disconnected**. See the documentation for the respective drives.

When supplying power to PowerFlex drives of different frame sizes on the same DC bus, additional bus capacitance can be needed. For details, see Drives in Common Bus Configurations, publication <u>DRIVES-AT002</u>.

Control Wiring

The AFE in an IP20 2500 MCC Style enclosure is wired at the factory and programmed to operate from the operator switches on the front of the enclosure. See <u>Table 7</u> and <u>Figure 23</u> for I/O terminal designations. If customized (or remote) control is required, then you must change the control wiring and correspondent digital I/O parameter setting.

Here are some important points to remember about I/O wiring:

- Always use copper wire.
- Wire with an insulation rating of 600V or greater is recommended.
- Control and signal wires must be separated from power wires by at least 0.3 meters (1 foot).
- When it is unavoidable to cross control and signal wires with power wires, always cross power wires at a 90° angle.

IMPORTANT I/O terminals that are labeled '(-)' or 'Common' are not referenced to earth ground. They are designed to reduce common mode interference. Grounding these terminals can cause signal noise.



ATTENTION: Inputs must be configured with software and jumpers (see <u>Analog I/O Configuration on page 46</u>). If you configure an analog input for 0...20 mA operation and drive it from a voltage source, you can cause component damage. Verify proper configuration before you apply input signals.



ATTENTION: It is important to disable the variable frequency drives that are connected to the AFE output when the AFE is not active (not modulating). Connect the 'Inverter Enable' output of the AFE to each variable frequency drive enable input, or enable parameter 132 [Contact Off Cnfg] to force off the main contactor if there is a fault. This action makes sure that once the AFE stops modulating, there is no motoring current flowing through the AFE IGBT diodes. Failure to disable the AFE output can result in component damage or a reduction in product life.

When you enable parameter 132, see <u>page 109</u> for details. The AFE is shipped with parameter 132 disabled. The disabled parameter does not stop or shut down DC output when a fault occurs.

Signal and Control Wire Types

Signal Type	Wire Types	Description	Minimum Insulation Rating	
Analog I/O	Belden 8760/9460 (or equivalent)	0.5 mm ² (22 AWG), twisted pair, 100% shield with drain ⁽¹⁾	_ 300V, 7590 °C (167194 °F)	
	Belden 8770 (or equivalent)	0.5 mm ² (22 AWG), 3-conductor, shielded for remote pot only		
EMC compliance	See <u>CE Conformity on page 49</u> for details.			

Table 4 - Recommended Signal Wire for AFE in IP20 2500 MCC Style Enclosure

(1) If the wires are short and contained within an enclosure that has no sensitive circuits, the use of shielded wire is not necessary, but is always recommended.

Table 5 - Recommended Control Wire for Digital I/O

Туре	Wire Types	Description	Minimum Insulation Rating
Unshielded	Per US NEC or applicable national or local code	—	2001/ 60 °C
Shielded	Multi-conductor shielded cable such as Belden 8770 (or equivalent)	0.5 mm ² (22 AWG), 3-conductor, shielded	(140 °F)

Figure 22 - Door Control Box I/O Terminal Blocks and Jumpers



Door Control Box Components

Components that are mounted on inside of AFE enclosure (see Figure 14 for location).



X3 Term. No.	Default	Description
57 and 60	—	Remote momentary pulse of 0.41.0 sec. across these terminals starts precharge in REM mode when terminals 58 and 61 are remotely closed.
58 and 61		These terminals must be remotely closed to start precharge. Opening these terminals opens the main contactor K1.
63 and 64	—	Remotely closing these terminals resets an AFE fault.
65 and 66	—	AFE run signal to the inverter enable input.
400 and 480	480	Control input voltage setting
600 and 690	690	control input voltage setting.

See Table 6 for door-control box item number descriptions and specifications.

I/O Terminal Blocks

Table 6 - Door Control Box I/O Terminal Block Specifications for AFE in IP20 2500 MCC Style Enclosure

No.	Name	Description	Wire Size Range ⁽¹⁾		Torque	
			Max	Min	Max	Recommended
1	Analog I/O	Analog I/O signals	2.5 mm ² (14 AWG)	0.5 mm ² (22 AWG)	0.2 N•m 1.8 lb•in	0.2 N•m 1.8 lb•in
2	Digital inputs	Digital input signals	2.5 mm ² (14 AWG)	0.5 mm ² (22 AWG)	0.2 N•m 1.8 lb•n	0.2 N•m 1.8 lb•in
3	Digital outputs	Digital out relays	2.5 mm ² (14 AWG)	0.5 mm ² (22 AWG)	0.5 N•m 4.5 lb•in	0.5 N•m 4.5 lb•in
4	Control terminal	Customer input and output control	2.5 mm ² (14 AWG)	0.5 mm ² (22 AWG)	0.8 N•m 7.1 lb•in	0.8 N•m 7.1 lb•in

(1) Maximum/minimum that the terminal block can accept. These sizes are not recommendations.

I/O Cable Grounding

When installing shielded multi-conductor cable for analog and digital I/O, strip the cable from the terminal plug so you can fix it to the cable clamp for grounding.



IMPORTANT: This clamp is not designed for strain relief.



ATTENTION: For the AFE in the IP20 2500 MCC Style enclosure, digital inputs 1, 3, 4, and 5, and digital outputs 1 and 2, are wired at the factory and programmed to operate from the controls on the front of the enclosure. Digital output 3 is programmable and factory-wired for +24V DC only. Do not change the wiring and programming for those digital inputs and outputs, or it results in malfunction of the system.

	No.	Signal	Default Configuration	Description
	1	Analog In 1 (–) ⁽¹⁾	(2)	lsolated ⁽³⁾ , bipolar, differential,
1	2	Analog In 1 $(+)^{(1)}$		9-bit and sign, 88k Ω input impedance.
	3	Analog In 2 (–) ⁽¹⁾		\pm 10V, or 420 mA.
	4	Analog In 2 (+) ⁽¹⁾		Default: 010V (Ri = 200k Ω), 420 mA (Ri = 100 ohm).
10	5	-10V Pot Reference	—	$2k\Omega$ min, 10 mA max load, 1% accuracy
20	6	Pot Common (GND)		For (+) and (-) 10V pot references
	7	+10V Pot Reference	—	$2k\Omega$ min, 10 mA max load, 1% accuracy
	8	Analog Out 1 (+)	(2)	Bipolar (current out is not bipolar),
	9	Analog Out Common		9-bit and sign, $2k \Omega$ min load.
	10	Analog Out 2 (+)		$\pm 10V$, or 420 mA.
	11	Digital In 1	RunCmd	24V DC - Opto isolated (250V)
	12	Digital In 2	Ext. Reset	Low state: less than 5V DC
	13	Digital In 3	Enable Mcont	mA DC
	14	Digital In 4	Contactor Ack	Enable: digital input 6 is jumper
	15	Digital In 5	LCL Temp	On-time: < 16.7 ms, Off-Time < 1 ms
	16	Digital In 6/Hardware Enable, see <u>page 46</u>		
	17 18	Digital In Common		Allows source or sink operation
	19	+24V DC ⁽⁴⁾	_	Unit supplied logic input power
	20	24V Common ⁽⁴⁾	_	Common for internal power supply
	21	Digital Out 1 – N.C. ⁽⁵⁾	Contact Ctrl	Max Resistive Load:
21	22	Digital Out 1 Common		240V AC/30V DC – 1200VA, 150 W
	23	Digital Out 1 – N.O. ⁽⁵⁾		Max current: 5 A, Mill Load: 10 MA Max. Inductive Load:
	24	Digital Out 2 – N.C. ⁽⁵⁾	Fault	240V AC/30V DC - 840VA, 105 W
20 👽	25	Digital Out 2/3 Com.		Max current: 3.5 A, Min Load: 10 mA
	26	Digital Out 3 – N.O. ⁽⁵⁾ (6)	Active	this table for more details.

Table 7 - Door Control Box I/O Terminal Designations for AFE in IP20 2500 MCC Style Enclosure

 Important: Input must be configured with a jumper. AFE damage can occur if jumper is not installed properly. See <u>Analog I/O</u> <u>Configuration on page 46</u>.

(2) These inputs/outputs are dependent on a number of parameters.

(3) Differential Isolation - External source must be maintained at less than 160V regarding PE. Input provides high common mode immunity.

(4) 150 mA maximum load. Can be used to provide control power from an external 24V source when main power is not applied.

(5) Contacts in unpowered state. Any relay that is programmed as Fault or Alarm energizes (pick up) when power is applied to the AFE, and de-energizes (drop out) when a fault or alarm exists. Relays selected for other functions energize only when that condition exists and de-energizes when the condition is removed.

(6) These sizes are not recommendationsWhen this output is configured as active, it can be wired to the Enable input of the connected drives to prevent the AFE from supplying power when the AFE is not running.

Typical I/O Wiring

The IP20 2500 MCC Style enclosure for the AFE is wired at the factory and programmed to operate from the operator switches on the front of the enclosure. The AFE in the IP20 2500 MCC Style enclosure has an input contactor K1. The AFE is configured to run when precharge is complete, the contactor is closed, and no faults are present. Figure 23 shows the factory-installed wiring.

Figure 23 - Factory-installed Wiring Diagram for AFE in IP20 2500 MCC Style Enclosure



Analog I/O Configuration

IMPORTANT Analog I/O must be configured through programming, and the jumpers shown in <u>Table 8</u>. See <u>Figure 22</u> for jumper locations and <u>Table 8</u> for I/O jumper configurations.

Table 8 - I/O Configuration for AFE in IP20 2500 MCC Style Enclosure

Signal	Jumper	Setting		
Analog	J1 (analog in 1)	020 mA	010V	±10V
inputs	J2 (analog in 2)	$\begin{array}{c c} J1 & J2 \\ \hline A & B & C & D \\ \hline \bigcirc & \bigcirc$	$\begin{array}{c c} 11 & J2 \\ \hline A & B & C & D \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c c} J1 & J2 \\ \hline A & B & C & D \\ \hline \bigcirc & \bigcirc$
Analog	J3 (analog out 1)	020 mA	010V	±10V
outputs	J4 (analog out 2)	$\begin{array}{c c} J3 & J4 \\ \hline A & B & C & D \\ \hline \bigcirc \bigcirc$	$\begin{array}{c c} J3 & J4 \\ \hline A & B & C & D \\ \hline \bigcirc & \bigcirc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

Hardware Enable Circuitry



ATTENTION: For the AFE in the IP20 2500 MCC Style enclosure, digital inputs 1, 3, 4, and 5, and digital outputs 1 and 2, are wired at the factory and programmed to operate from the controls on the front of the enclosure. Do not change the wiring and programming for those digital inputs and outputs, or it results in malfunction of the system.

You can program a digital input as an Enable input. The AFE software interprets the status of this input. If the application requires the AFE to be disabled without software interpretation, a dedicated hardware enable configuration can be used.

Remove jumper J5 (<u>Figure 22</u>) and wire the enable input to Digital In 6 (see <u>Table 9</u>). Verify that [Digital In6 Sel], parameter 226, is set to '1' (Enable).

Signal	Jumper	Setting	
Hardware Enable	J5	Hardware enable	Input programmable (no hardware enable)
LIIdDIC		J5	J5
		A B	A B
		00	00

Input/Output	Connection Example	Required Parameter Changes
Potentiometer unipolar DC volt reference 10k Ω Pot. recommended (2k Ω Min)		 Configure input for voltage: Parameter 200 and set appropriate jumper per <u>Table 8</u>. Adjust scaling: Parameters 80/81 and 204/205 View results: Parameter 018
Analog voltage input unipolar DC volt reference 010V input		 Configure input for voltage: Parameter 200 and set appropriate jumper per <u>Table 8</u>. Adjust scaling: Parameters 80/81 and 204/205 View results: Parameter 018
Analog current input unipolar DC volt reference 420 mA input		 Configure input for current: Parameter 200 and set appropriate jumper per <u>Table 8</u>. Adjust scaling: Parameters 80/81 and 204/205 View results: Parameter 018.
Analog output ±10V, 420 mA bipolar +10V unipolar (shown)		 Configure with Parameter 207 and set appropriate jumper per <u>Table 8</u>. Select source value: Parameter 209 - [Analog Out1 Sel] Adjust scaling: Parameters 210/211

Analog I/O Wiring Examples for AFE in IP20 2500 MCC Style Enclosure

Precharging the AFE

This section contains important information about AFE precharging.

Introduction

An AFE in the IP20 2500 MCC Style enclosure contains an internal precharging circuit. The precharging unit is used to charge the DC bus capacitors. The charging time depends on the capacitance of the intermediate circuit and the resistance of the charging resistors. <u>Table 10</u> shows the technical specifications for the precharge in the AFE enclosure. For correct operation of the precharging circuit, verify that the input circuit breaker (Q0) is on, and the input contactor (K1) and precharging circuit contactor are controlled by the AFE.

Table 10 - Total DC Bus Capacitance Limits for Precharging Circuit of AFE in IP20 2500 MCC Style Enclosure

Frame Size	Resistance	Capacitance, min ⁽¹⁾	Capacitance, max ⁽²⁾
10	2 x 25 Ω	9900 μF	70,000 μF
13	1 x 11 Ω (3 x 3.67 Ω)	29,700 μF	128,000 μF

- (1) The minimum capacitance is built into the AFE.
- (2) The maximum capacitance is the capacitance of the AFE plus the external capacitance.



ATTENTION: If the maximum capacitance is exceeded, component damage in AFE occurs.

Important Guidelines

Read and understand these guidelines:

- If drives **without** internal precharge are used and a disconnect is installed between the input of the drive and the DC bus, you must use an external precharge circuit between the disconnect and the DC input of the drive.
- If drives with internal precharge are used with a disconnect switch to the common bus, you must connect an auxiliary contact on the disconnect to a digital input of the drive. The corresponding input must be set to the 'Precharge Enable' option. This option provides the proper precharge interlock, guarding against possible damage to the drive when connected to a common DC bus.
- The precharge status of the AFE must be interlocked with the connected drives, such that the drives are disabled (not running) when the AFE is in a precharge state.

CE Conformity

Conformity with the Low Voltage (LV) Directive and Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Directive has been demonstrated by using harmonized European Norm (EN) standards that are published in the Official Journal of the European Communities. PowerFlex Active Front End units comply with the EN standards listed here when installed according to this User Manual and the PowerFlex Drive Reference Manual.

Declarations of Conformity are available online at this link:

http://www.rockwellautomation.com/certification/overview.page

Low Voltage Directive (2006/95/EC)

EN61800-5-1 Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems Part 5-1: Safety requirements – Electrical, thermal and energy.

EMC Directive (2004/108/EC)

EN61800-3 Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems Part 3: EMC product standard including specific test methods.

General Notes

- The AFE can cause radio frequency interference if used in a residential or domestic environment. You are required to take measures to help prevent interference, and follow the essential requirements for CE compliance that is listed here, if necessary.
- Conformity of the AFE with CE EMC requirements does not guarantee an entire machine or installation complies with CE EMC requirements. Many factors can influence total machine/installation compliance.

Essential Requirements for CE Compliance

Conditions 1...6 listed here must be satisfied for the PowerFlex Active Front End to meet the requirements of EN61800-3.

- 1. Use a standard PowerFlex Active Front End CE-compatible unit.
- 2. Review important precautions and attention statements throughout this document before installing the Active Front End.
- 3. Grounding as described on page 27.

- 4. Control (I/O) and signal wiring must be braided, shielded cable with a coverage of 75% or better, metal conduit, or have shielding/cover with equivalent attenuation.
- 5. All shielded cables must terminate with proper shielded connector.
- 6. Motor cables of DC input drives that are used with the AFE must be shielded cable wire with a coverage of 75% or more, or must be inside metal conduit or have shielding/cover with equivalent attenuation.

AFE in IP21 Rittal Enclosure – Installation/ Wiring

This chapter provides information on how to install and wire the PowerFlex[®] Active Front End in an IP21 Rittal enclosure. For information on how to install and wire the AFE in an IP20 2500 MCC Style enclosure, see <u>Chapter 1</u>.

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Grounding Requirements	59
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Disconnect the Common Mode Capacitors	69
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Most start-up difficulties are the result of incorrect wiring. Verify that the wiring is done as instructed. Read and understand the instructions before you begin to installation the AFE.



ATTENTION: The following information is a guide for proper installation. Rockwell Automation does not assume responsibility for the compliance or the noncompliance to any code, national, local, or otherwise, for the proper installation of this 700AFE or associated equipment. A hazard of personal injury and/or equipment damage exists if codes are ignored during installation.

This section describes the main component sections and main component locations of AFE Frame 10 and Frame 13 systems in an IP21 Rittal enclosure.

Main Component Sections

This section describes the main component sections of AFE Frame 10 and Frame 13 systems in an IP21 Rittal enclosure.

Frame 10

<u>Figure 24</u> shows a basic one-line diagram for an AFE Frame 10 in an IP21 Rittal enclosure. The main component sections consist of the following items:

- AC line switchgear consisting of the input disconnect (Q0) and MCCB motor-controlled circuit breaker (Q1)
- LCL filter (L1)
- Precharge circuit
- AFE power structure (U1) with AFE control assembly
- DC fuses (F2.1 and F2.2)

Figure 24 - Basic One-line Diagram for an AFE Frame 10 in IP21 Rittal Enclosure



Frame 13

<u>Figure 25</u> shows a basic one-line diagram for an AFE Frame 13 in an IP21 Rittal enclosure. The main component sections consist of the following items:

- AC line switchgear consisting of the input disconnect (Q0) and MCCB motor-controlled circuit breaker (Q1)
- LCL filter (L1)
- Precharge circuit
- AFE power structure (U1) with AFE control assembly
- DC fuses (F2.1...F2.6)

Figure 25 - Basic One-line Diagram for an AFE Frame 13 in IP21 Rittal Enclosure



Main Component Locations

This section shows the main component locations for AFE Frame 10 and Frame 13 systems in an IP21 Rittal enclosure.

Frame 10

Figure 26 shows the main components of the AFE Frame 10 system in an IP21 Rittal enclosure.

Figure 26 - AFE Frame 10 Main Component Locations in IP21 Rittal Enclosure



7

DC fuses

Frame 13

<u>Figure 27</u> shows the main components of the AFE Frame 13 system in an IP21 Rittal enclosure.





Mounting Considerations

When mounting the Active Front End, consider the following information.

Operating Temperatures

Frame	Surrounding Air Te	emperature ⁽²⁾	Minimum Airflow			
Size	Normal Duty	Heavy Duty	Power Module	LCL Filter		
10	040 °C	040 °C	1400 m ³ /hr (824 cfm)	1100 m ³ /hr (647 cfm)		
13 ⁽¹⁾	(32104 °F) (32104 °F)		4200 m ³ /hr (2472 cfm)	1300 m ³ /hr (765 cfm)		

 The Frame 13 690V AFE has only normal duty operation at nominal rated power and maximum ambient temperature at 35 °C (95 °F).

(2) For an AFE in the IP21 Rittal enclosure, this means air surrounding the module.

Minimum Mounting Clearances





Front View



Figure 29 - Frame 13 in IP21 Rittal Enclosure

Front View

AC Supply Source Considerations

The AFE Frame 10 or Frame 13 in an IP21 Rittal enclosure is suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering up to a maximum of 100,000 rms symmetrical amperes, 600/690 volts, with recommended fuses or circuit breakers.

The AFE must not be used on undersized or high-impedance supply systems. The supply system kVA must be equal to or greater than the drive-related kW, and the system impedance must be less than 10%. Operation outside these limits can cause instability that results in AFE shutdown.

System Impedance = (PowerFlex 700AFE kVA ÷ Transformer kVA) x Transformer % Impedance

You must consider the kVA of all PowerFlex AFEs on the distribution system and the system impedance of upstream transformers.



ATTENTION: To guard against personal injury and equipment damage that is caused by improper fusing or circuit breaker selection, use only the recommended line fuses or circuit breakers that are specified in <u>Appendix A</u>.

If a residual current detector (RCD) is used as a system ground fault monitor, use only Type B (adjustable) devices to avoid nuisance tripping.

Unbalanced, Ungrounded, or Resistive Grounded Distribution Systems

If phase-to-ground voltage exceeds 125% of normal or the supply system is ungrounded, see Wiring and Grounding Guidelines for Pulse Width Modulated (PWM) AC Drives, publication <u>DRIVES-IN001</u>, for more information.



ATTENTION: The PowerFlex Active Front End is not designed to be used on IT (insulated tera) or corner-grounded power networks above 600V (phase-to-phase voltage). Operation on such a network can cause a hazardous failure of the insulation system of the AFE.



ATTENTION: The LCL filter of the PowerFlex Active Front End contains common mode capacitors that are referenced to ground. These devices **must be disconnected** if the AFE is installed on a resistive grounded distribution system or an ungrounded distribution system. See <u>Figure 37 on page 70</u> or <u>Figure 38 on page 70</u> for jumper locations.



ATTENTION: The power structure of the PowerFlex Active Front End in the IP21 Rittal enclosure contains common mode capacitors **that must be disconnected**, regardless of the application in which the AFE is used. For locations of the common mode capacitors and instructions to remove them, see Frame 10 Power Structure on page 72 or Frame 13 Power Structure on page 73.

Input Power Conditioning

These events on the power system that supplies an AFE can cause component damage or shortened product life:

- The power system has power factor correction capacitors that are switched in and out of the system, either by you or by the power company.
- The power source has intermittent voltage spikes in excess of 6000 volts. These spikes can be caused by other equipment on the line or by events such as lightning strikes.
- The power source has frequent interruptions.

Grounding Requirements

The Active Front End Safety Ground-PE must be connected to system ground. Ground impedance must conform to the requirements of national and local industrial safety regulations and/or electrical codes. Check the integrity of all ground connections periodically.

Recommended Grounding Scheme

For installations in which the AFE is within an enclosure, use one safety ground point or ground bus bar connected directly to building steel. All circuits including the AC input ground conductor must be grounded independently and directly to this point or ground bus bar.



Figure 30 - Typical Grounding Example for AFE Frame 10 in IP21 Rittal Enclosure





Safety Ground - PE

This ground is the safety ground for the AFE that code requires. This point must be connected to adjacent building steel (girder or joist), a floor ground rod, or bus bar (see Figure 31). Grounding points must comply with national and local industrial safety regulations and/or electrical codes.

Shield Termination - SHLD

The Shield terminal (Figure 34 or Figure 35) provides a grounding point for the AFE cable shield. It must be connected to an earth ground by a separate continuous lead. The drive cable shield must be connected to this terminal on the AFE end and the drive frame on the drive end. Use a shield terminating or EMI clamp to connect the shield to this terminal.

Fuses and Circuit Breakers

The IP21 Rittal enclosure for the AFE includes a motor-controlled circuit breaker (MCCB) and DC bus output fusing. The MCCB is used for precharge operation. For details on MCCB and precharge operation, see <u>page 81</u>. For fuse and circuit breaker information, see <u>Appendix A</u>. Local/national electrical codes can determine additional requirements for the installations.

Power Wiring

Most start-up difficulties are the result of incorrect wiring. Verify that the wiring is done as instructed. Read and understand the instructions before you begin to installation the AFE.



ATTENTION: The following information is a guide for proper installation. Rockwell Automation does not assume responsibility for the compliance or noncompliance to any code, national, local, or otherwise, for the proper installation of this unit or associated equipment. A risk of personal injury and/ or equipment damage exists if codes are ignored during installation.

Power Cable Types Acceptable for 400...690 Volt Installations



ATTENTION: National Codes and standards (NEC, VDE, CSA, BSI, and so forth) and local codes outline provisions for safely installing electrical equipment. Installation must comply with specifications regarding wire types, conductor sizes, branch circuit protection, and disconnect devices. Failure to do so can result in personal injury and/or equipment damage.

Various cable types are acceptable for PowerFlex Active Front End installations. For many installations, unshielded cable is adequate, provided it can be separated from sensitive circuits. As an approximate guide, use a spacing of 0.3 meters (1 ft) for every 10 meters (32.8 ft) of length. In all cases, avoid long parallel runs. Do not use cable with an insulation thickness less than or equal to 15 mils (0.4 mm/0.015 in.). Use only copper wire. Wire gauge requirements and recommendations are based on 75 °C (167 °F). Do not reduce wire gauge when using higher temperature wire.

Unshielded Cable

THHN, THWN, or similar wire is acceptable for PowerFlex Active Front End installation in dry environments provided adequate free air space and/or conduit fill rates limits are provided. **Do not use THHN or similarly coated wire in wet areas**. Any wire that is chosen must have a minimum insulation thickness of 15 mils and cannot have large variations in insulation concentricity.

Shielded Cable

Shielded cable contains the benefits of multi-conductor cable with the added benefit of a copper braided shield that can contain much of the noise that is generated by a typical AC drive. Consider shielded cable in installations with sensitive equipment such as weigh scales, capacitive proximity switches, and other devices affected by electrical noise in the distribution system. Applications with large numbers of drives in a similar location, imposed EMC regulations, or a high degree of communication and networking are also good candidates for shielded cable.

Consider the general specifications that are dictated by the environment of the installation, including temperature, flexibility, moisture characteristics, and chemical resistance. Also, include a braided shield that is specified by the manufacturer as having coverage of at least 75%. An additional foil shield can improve noise containment.

A good example of recommended cable is Belden 29528 - 29532 (AWG-1 through AWG-410). This cable has three XLPE insulated conductors plus ground with a spiral copper shield that is surrounded by a PVC jacket.

Armored Cable

Cable with continuous aluminum armor is often recommended in drive system applications or specific industries. It offers most of the advantages of standard shielded cable and also combines considerable mechanical strength and resistance to moisture. It can be installed in concealed and exposed manners, and removes the requirement for conduit (EMT) in the installation. It can also be directly buried or embedded in concrete.

Because noise containment is affected by incidental grounding of the armor to building steel when the cable is mounted, we recommend that the armored cable has an overall PVC jacket. See Chapter 2, 'Wire Types' in Wiring and Grounding Guidelines for Pulse Width Modulated (PWM) AC Drives, publication <u>DRIVES-IN001</u>.

Interlocked armor is acceptable for shorter cable runs, but continuous welded armor is preferred.

Best performance is achieved with three spaced ground conductors, but acceptable performance below 200 Hp is provided by use of one ground conductor.

Recommended shielded/armored wire is listed in <u>Table 11</u>.

Location	Rating/Type	Description
Standard (option 1)	1000V, 90 °C (194 °F) XHHW2/RHW-2 Anixter B29528-B29532 Belden 29528-29532 Or equivalent	 Four tinned copper conductors with XLPE insulation. Copper braid/aluminum foil combination shield and tinned copper drain wire. PVC jacket.
Standard (option 2)	Tray rated 1000V, 90 °C (194 °F) RHH/RHW-2 Anixter OLFLEX-76 <i>xxx</i> 03 Or equivalent	 Three tinned copper conductors with XLPE insulation. Corrugated copper tape with three bare copper grounds in contact with shield. PVC jacket.
Class & II; Division & II	Tray rated 1000V, 90 °C (194 °F) RHH/RHW-2 Anixter 7VFD- <i>xxxx</i> or equivalent	 Three bare copper conductors with XLPE insulation and impervious corrugated continuously welded aluminum armor. Black sunlight resistant PVC jacket overall. Three copper grounds.

Table 11 - Recommended Shielded/Armored Wire for AFE in IP21 Rittal Enclosure

Cable Trays and Conduit



ATTENTION: To avoid a possible shock hazard that is caused by induced voltages, unused wires in the conduit must be grounded at both ends. For the same reason, if a drive that shares a conduit is being serviced or installed, all drives that use this conduit must be disabled. Disable the drives to help minimize the possible shock hazard from 'cross coupled' motor leads.

If cable trays or large conduits are used, see the guidelines in Wiring and Grounding Guidelines for Pulse Width Modulated (PWM) AC Drives, publication <u>DRIVES-IN001</u>.

Select and Verify Control Transformer Voltage

The control transformer in the AFE is used to match the input AC line voltage of the AFE in an IP21 Rittal enclosure to the 230V control voltage.

Verify that the control voltage is set appropriately for the supplied AC line voltage. If necessary, use this procedure to change the control voltage.

1. Locate the X3 terminal block (Figure 32).



Figure 32 - X3 Terminal Block Location for AFE in IP21 Rittal Enclosure

2. To match the AC line voltage, move the wire that is shown in <u>Figure 33</u> to the appropriate X3 terminal.





Power Terminals for AFE in IP21 Rittal Enclosure

Figure 34 and Figure 35 show the power terminal locations and specifications for AFE Frames 10 and 13 in an IP21 Rittal enclosure.



Figure 34 - AFE Frame 10 Power Terminal Locations in IP21 Rittal Enclosure

Front View

Right Side View

iable 12 - AFE Flaine TV FUWEI TEIniniai Specifications III IF2 i Kittai Enclosure	Fable 12 -	AFE Frame	10 Power	Terminal S	pecifications	in IP21	Rittal Enclosure
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ltem	Name	Frame	Description	Wire Size Range ^{(1) (2)}		Torque	Terminal Bolt
				Max	Min	Recommended	Size
1	Input power terminals L1, L2, L3 ⁽¹⁾	10	Input power	300 mm ² (600 MCM)	2.1 mm ² (14 AWG)	40 N•m (354 lb•in)	M10
2	SHLD terminal, PE, ground ⁽³⁾	10	Terminating point for wiring shields	300 mm ² (600 MCM)	2.1 mm ² (14 AWG)	40 N•m (354 lb•in)	M10
3	DC bus ⁽³⁾ (DC–, DC+)	10	DC output	300 mm ² (600 MCM)	2.1 mm ² (14 AWG)	70 N•m (620 lb•in)	M12

(1) Maximum/minimum sizes that the terminals accept. These sizes are not recommendations.

(2) Do **not** exceed maximum wire size. Parallel connections can be required.

(3) These connections are bus bar type terminations and require the use of lug type connectors.

(4) Apply counter-torque to the nut on the other side of terminations when tightening or loosening the terminal bolt to avoid damage to the terminal.



Figure 35 - AFE Frame 13 Power Terminal Locations in IP21 Rittal Enclosure

Front View

Right Side View

Table 13 - AFE Frame 13 Power Terminal Specifications in IP21 Rittal Enclosure

ltem	Name	Frame	Description	Wire Size Range ^{(1) (2)}		Torque	Terminal Bolt
				Maximum	Minimum	Recommended	Size
1	Input power terminals L1, L2, L3 ⁽¹⁾	13	Input power	300 mm ² (600 MCM)	2.1 mm ² (14 AWG)	70 N•m (620 lb•in)	M12
2	SHLD terminal, PE, ground ⁽³⁾	13	Terminating point for wiring shields	300 mm ² (600 MCM)	2.1 mm ² (14 AWG)	40 N•m (354 lb•in)	M10
3	DC bus ⁽³⁾ (DC-, DC+)	13	DC output	300 mm ² (600 MCM)	2.1 mm ² (14 AWG)	70 N•m (620 lb•in)	M12

(1) Maximum/minimum sizes that the terminals accept. These sizes are not recommendations.

(2) Do not exceed maximum wire size. Parallel connections can be required.

(3) These connections are bus bar type terminations and require the use of lug type connectors.

(4) Apply counter-torque to the nut on the other side of terminations when tightening or loosening the terminal bolt to avoid damage to the terminal.

DC Bus Output Wiring

The length of the DC bus connections between the AFE and the drive or drives must be minimized to keep the bus inductance low for reliable system operation. For more information, see Drives in Common Bus Configurations, publication <u>DRIVES-AT002</u>.

Route the AC Input, Ground (PE), and DC Bus Output Wiring for AFE in IP21 Rittal Enclosure

\triangle	ATTENTION: To minimize disruption of airflow through the enclosure and avoid overheating within the AFE enclosure, remove only the minimum area that is needed to route the power cables.					
	In addition, remove only the minimum area from the enclosure within the shaded areas that are shown in <u>Figure 36</u> for routing the AC input, ground (PE), and DC bus output wiring.					
	When you remove sections for routing in other areas, airflow is disrupted throughout the enclosure, and causes overheating.					

Frame 10

The AC input and ground (PE) wiring for the IP21 Rittal enclosure can be routed through either the bottom of the enclosure, or through the bottom right side of the enclosure (see shaded area in Figure 36).

The DC bus output wiring for the IP21 Rittal enclosure must be routed through the top right side of the enclosure (see shaded area in <u>Figure 36</u>).

Figure 36 - Routing Areas for AC Input, Ground, and DC Bus Output Wiring for AFE Frame 10 in IP21 Rittal Enclosure



Frame 13

The AC input, ground (PE), and DC bus output are located in the right-most bay (see front view of <u>Figure 35</u>). The AC input, ground, and DC bus output

wiring can be routed through the top, bottom, or right side of the right-most bay.

Disconnect the Common Mode Capacitors

Frame 10 LCL Filter

The Frame 10 AFE LCL filter contains common mode capacitors that are referenced to ground. To guard against AFE damage, these devices **must be disconnected** if the AFE is installed on a high resistance grounded distribution system, or an ungrounded distribution system where the line-to-ground voltages on any phase exceed 125% of the nominal line-to-line voltage.

To access the common mode capacitors, the LCL filter must be removed from the enclosure. To remove the Frame 10 AFE LCL filter from the IP21 Rittal enclosure, see the instructions in the PowerFlex Active Front End—Frame 10 Hardware Service Manual, publication <u>20Y-TG001</u>.



ATTENTION: To avoid an electric shock hazard, verify that the voltage on the bus capacitors has discharged completely before you remove or install any jumpers. Check the DC bus voltage between the +DC and -DC terminals, between the +DC terminal and the chassis, and between the -DC terminal and the chassis. The voltage must be zero for all three measurements.

To disconnect the common mode capacitors, remove the jumpers that are shown in Figure 37. For more information on ungrounded system installation, see Wiring and Grounding Guidelines for Pulse Width Modulated (PWM) AC Drives, publication <u>DRIVES-AT001</u>.



Figure 37 - AFE Frame 10 LCL Filter Common Mode Capacitor Jumper Locations

Frame 13 LCL Filter

The Frame 13 AFE LCL filter contains common mode capacitors that are referenced to ground. To guard against AFE damage, these devices **must be disconnected** if the AFE is installed on a high resistance grounded distribution system, or an ungrounded distribution system where the line-to-ground voltages on any phase exceed 125% of the nominal line-to-line voltage.

To remove the AFE Frame 13 LCL filter from the IP21 Rittal enclosure, see the instructions in the PowerFlex Active Front End—Frame 13 Hardware Service Manual, publication <u>20Y-TG002</u>.



ATTENTION: To avoid an electric shock hazard, verify that the voltage on the bus capacitors has discharged completely before you remove or install any jumpers. Check the DC bus voltage between the +DC and -DC terminals, between the +DC terminal and the chassis, and between the -DC terminal and the chassis. The voltage must be zero for all three measurements.

To disconnect the common mode capacitors, remove the upper guard and then remove the jumpers that are shown in <u>Figure 38</u>. For more information on ungrounded system installation, see Wiring and Grounding Guidelines for Pulse Width Modulated (PWM) AC Drives, publication <u>DRIVES-AT001</u>.

Figure 38 - AFE Frame 13 LCL Filter Common Mode Capacitor Jumper Locations



Frame 10 Power Structure

The AFE Frame 10 power structure in the IP21 Rittal enclosure contains common mode capacitors that must be removed.

To remove these capacitors from the AFE Frame 10 power structure, follow these steps.

1. Locate the common mode capacitors on the Frame 10 power structure.



- 2. Remove the common mode capacitors.
 - a. Disconnect the two black wires.
 - b. Unscrew and remove the capacitor assembly consisting of two capacitors on a small metal bracket.



Close-up View of Common Mode Capacitor Assembly



Close-up View of Common Mode Capacitor Assembly
Frame 13 Power Structure

The AFE Frame 13 power structure in the IP21 Rittal enclosure contains **common mode capacitors that must be removed**. These capacitors are on the Phase V (center) module of the power structure.

To remove these capacitors from the AFE Frame 13 power structure, follow these steps.

1. Locate the common mode capacitors on the Phase V module of the Frame 13 power structure.



Remove the common mode capacitors.
 a. Disconnect the two black wires.



Close-up View of Common Mode Capacitor Assembly

b. Unscrew and remove the capacitor assembly consisting of two capacitors on a small metal bracket.



Close-up View of Common Mode Capacitors on Phase V Module of Frame 13 AFE Power Structure

Disconnect Wires and Unscrew Capacitor Assembly

Using the AFE with PowerFlex Drives

When the Active Front End is used with drives that have common mode capacitors (for example, PowerFlex 7-Class or PowerFlex 750-Series drives), the common mode capacitors of these drives **must be disconnected**. See the documentation of the respective drives.

When supplying power to PowerFlex drives of different frame sizes on the same DC bus, additional bus capacitance can be needed. For details, see Drives in Common Bus Configurations, publication <u>DRIVES-AT002</u>.

Control Wiring

The AFE in an IP21 Rittal enclosure is wired at the factory and programmed to operate from the operator switches on the front of the enclosure. See <u>Table 17</u> and <u>Figure 40</u> for I/O terminal designations. If customized (or remote) control is required, then you must change the control wiring and correspondent digital I/O parameter setting.

Here are some important points to remember about I/O wiring:

- Always use copper wire.
- Wire with an insulation rating of 600V or greater is recommended.
- Control and signal wires must be separated from power wires by at least 0.3 meters (1 foot).

• When it is unavoidable to cross control and signal wires with power wires, always cross power wires at a 90° angle.

IMPORTANT I/O terminals that are labeled '(–)' or 'Common' **are not** referenced to earth ground. They are designed to reduce common mode interference. Grounding these terminals can cause signal noise.



ATTENTION: Inputs must be configured with software and jumpers (see <u>Analog I/O Configuration on page 79</u>). If you configure an analog input for 0...20 mA operation and drive it from a voltage source, you can cause component damage. Verify proper configuration before you apply input signals.



ATTENTION: It is important to disable the variable frequency drives that are connected to the AFE output when the AFE is not active (not modulating). Connect the 'Inverter Enable' output of the AFE to each variable frequency drive enable input, or enable parameter 132 [Contact Off Cnfg] to force off the main contactor if there is a fault. This action makes sure that once the AFE stops modulating, there is no motoring current flowing through the AFE IGBT diodes. Failure to disable the AFE output can result in component damage or a reduction in product life.

When you enable parameter 132, see <u>page 109</u> for details. The AFE is shipped with parameter 132 disabled. The disabled parameter does not stop or shut down DC output when a fault occurs.

Signal and Control Wire Types

Signal Type	Wire Types	Description	Minimum Insulation Rating
Analog I/O	Belden 8760/9460 (or equivalent)	0.5 mm2(22 AWG), twisted pair, 100% shield with drain ⁽¹⁾	300V, 7590 °C (167194 °F)
	Belden 8770 (or equivalent)	0.5 mm ² (22 AWG), 3-conductor, shielded for remote pot only	
EMC compliance	See <u>CE Conformity on page 82</u> for details.		

Table 14 - Recommended Signal Wire for AFE in IP21 Rittal Enclosure

 If the wires are short and contained within an enclosure that has no sensitive circuits, the use of shielded wire is not necessary, but is always recommended.

Table 15 - Recommended	Control Wire	for Digital I/O
------------------------	---------------------	-----------------

Туре	Wire Types	Description	Minimum Insulation Rating
Unshielded	Per US NEC or applicable national or local code	_	300V, 60 °C (140 °F)
Shielded	Multi-conductor shielded cable such as Belden 8770 (or equivalent)	0.5 mm ² (22 AWG), 3-conductor, shielded	

Figure 39 - AFE I/O Terminal Blocks and Jumpers



I/O Terminal Blocks

Table 16 - I/O Terminal Block Specifications for AFE in IP21 Rittal Enclosure

No.	Name	Description	Wire Size Range ⁽¹⁾		Torque	
			Max	Min	Max	Recommended
1	Analog I/O	Analog I/O signals	2.5 mm ² (14 AWG)	0.5 mm ² (22 AWG)	0.2 N•m 1.8 lb•in	0.2 N•m 1.8 lb•in
2	Digital inputs	Digital input signals	2.5 mm ² (14 AWG)	0.5 mm ² (22 AWG)	0.2 N•m 1.8 lb•n	0.2 N•m 1.8 lb•in
3	Digital outputs	Digital out relays	2.5 mm ² (14 AWG)	0.5 mm ² (22 AWG)	0.5 N•m 4.5 lb•in	0.5 N•m 4.5 lb•in

(1) Maximum/minimum that the terminal block can accept. These sizes are not recommendations.

I/O Cable Grounding

When installing shielded multi-conductor cable for analog and digital I/O, strip the cable from the terminal plug so you can fix it to the cable clamp for grounding.







ATTENTION: For the AFE in the IP21 Rittal enclosure, digital inputs 1, 3, 4, and 5, and digital outputs 1 and 2, are wired at the factory and programmed to operate from the controls on the front of the enclosure. Digital output 3 is programmable and factory-wired for +24V DC only. Do not change the wiring and programming for those digital inputs and outputs, or it results in malfunction of the system.

	No.	Signal	Default Configuration	Description
	1	Analog In 1 (–) ⁽¹⁾	(2)	Isolated ⁽³⁾ , bipolar, differential,
1	2	Analog In 1 $(+)^{(1)}$		9-bit and sign, 88k Ω input impedance.
	3	Analog In 2 (–) ⁽¹⁾		$\pm 10V$, or 420 mA.
	4	Analog In 2 $(+)^{(1)}$	-	Default: 010V (Ri = 200k Ω), 420 mA (Ri = 100 Ω).
	5	-10V Pot Reference	—	$2k\Omega$ min, 10 mA max load, 1% accuracy
20	6	Pot Common (GND)		For (+) and (-) 10V pot references
	7	+10V Pot Reference	—	$2k\Omega$ min, 10 mA max load, 1% accuracy
	8	Analog Out 1 (+)	(2)	Bipolar (current out is not bipolar),
	9	Analog Out Common		9-bit and sign, $2k \Omega$ min load.
	10	Analog Out 2 (+)		$\pm 10V$, or 420 mA.
	11	Digital In 1	RunCmd	24V DC - Opto isolated (250V)
	12	Digital In 2	Ext. Reset	Low state: less than 5V DC
	13	Digital In 3	Enable Mcont	DC
	14	Digital In 4	Contactor Ack	Enable: Digital Input 6 is jumper
	15	Digital In 5	LCL Temp	On-time: < 16.7 ms, Off-Time < 1 ms
	16	Digital In 6/Hardware Enable, see <u>page 80</u>		
	17 18	Digital In Common		Allows source or sink operation
	19	+24V DC ⁽⁴⁾	_	Unit supplied logic input power
	20	24V Common ⁽⁴⁾	_	Common for internal power supply
	21	Digital Out 1 – N.C. ⁽⁵⁾	Contact Ctrl	Max. Resistive Load:
	22	Digital Out 1 Common		240V AC/30V DC – 1200VA, 150 W
	23	Digital Out 1 – N.O. ⁽⁵⁾		Max current: 5 A, Min Load: 10 mA Max. Inductive Load:
	24	Digital Out 2 – N.C. ⁽⁵⁾	Fault	240V AC/30V DC - 840VA, 105 W
	25	Digital Out 2/3 Com.		Max current: 3.5 A, Min Load: 10 mA
	26	Digital Out 3 – N.O. ⁽⁵⁾ (6)	Active	this table for more details.

- Important: Input must be configured with a jumper. AFE damage can occur if jumper is not installed properly. See <u>Analog I/O</u> Configuration on page 79.
- (2) These inputs/outputs are dependent on a number of parameters.
- (3) Differential Isolation External source must be maintained at less than 160V regarding PE. Input provides high common mode immunity.
- (4) 150 mA maximum load. Can be used to provide control power from an external 24V source when main power is not applied.
- (5) Contacts in unpowered state. Any relay that is programmed as Fault or Alarm energizes (pick up) when power is applied to the AFE, and de-energizes (drop out) when a fault or alarm exists. Relays selected for other functions energize only when that condition exists and de-energizes when the condition is removed.
- (6) When this output is configured as active, it can be wired to the Enable input of the connected drives to prevent the AFE from supplying power when the AFE is not running.

Typical I/O Wiring

The IP21 Rittal enclosure for the AFE is wired at the factory and programmed to operate from the operator switches on the front of the enclosure. The AFE in the IP21 Rittal enclosure has a motor-controlled circuit breaker (MCCB). The AFE is configured to run when precharge is complete, the MCCB is closed, and no faults are present. The <u>Figure 40</u> shows the factory-installed wiring.





Analog I/O Configuration

IMPORTANT Analog I/O must be configured through programming, and the jumpers shown in <u>Table 18</u>. See <u>Figure 39</u> for jumper locations and <u>Table 18</u> for I/O jumper configurations.

Table 18 - I/O Configuration for AFE in IP21 Rittal Enclosure

Signal	Jumper	Setting		
Analog	J1 (analog in 1)	020 mA	010V	±10V
inputs	J2 (analog in 2)	$\begin{array}{c c} J1 & J2 \\ \hline A & B & C & D \\ \hline \bigcirc & \bigcirc$	$\begin{array}{c c} J1 & J2 \\ \hline A & B & C & D \\ \hline \bigcirc & \bigcirc$	$\begin{array}{c c} J1 & J2 \\ \hline A & B & C & D \\ \hline & \bigcirc &$
Analog	J3 (analog out 1)	020 mA	010V	±10V
outputs	J4 (analog out 2)	$\begin{array}{c c} \underline{J3} & \underline{J4} \\ \hline A & B & C & D \\ \hline O & O & O & O \\ \hline O & O &$	$\begin{array}{c c} \underline{J3} & \underline{J4} \\ \hline A & B & C & D \\ \hline \bigcirc & \bigcirc$	$\begin{array}{c c} \underline{J3} & \underline{J4} \\ \hline A & B & C & D \\ \hline \bigcirc & \bigcirc$

Hardware Enable Circuitry



ATTENTION: For the AFE in the IP21 Rittal enclosure, digital inputs 1, 3, 4, and 5, and digital outputs 1 and 2, are wired at the factory and programmed to operate from the controls on the front of the enclosure. Do not change the wiring and programming for those digital inputs and outputs, or it results in malfunction of the system.

You can program a digital input as an Enable input. The AFE software interprets the status of this input. If the application requires the AFE to be disabled without software interpretation, a 'dedicated' hardware enable configuration can be used. Remove jumper J5 (<u>Figure 39</u>) and wire the enable input to Digital In 6 (see <u>Table 19</u>). Verify that [Digital In6 Sel], parameter 226 is set to '1' (Enable).

Table 19 - Hardware Enable Configuration for AFE in IP21 Rittal Enclosure

Signal	Jumper	Setting	
Hardware Enable	J5	Hardware Enable Input Programmable (no hardware enable)	
Lindble		J5 A B	J5 A B
		00	00

Input/Output	Connection Example	Required Parameter Changes
Potentiometer unipolar DC volt reference 10k Ω Pot. recommended (2k Ωm min)		 Configure input for voltage: Parameter 200 and set appropriate jumper per <u>Table 18</u>. Adjust scaling: Parameters 80/81 and 204/205 View Results: Parameter 018
Analog voltage input unipolar DC volt reference 010V input		 Configure input for voltage: Parameter 200 and set appropriate jumper per <u>Table 18</u>. Adjust scaling: Parameters 80/81 and 204/205 View results: Parameter 018
Analog current input unipolar DC volt reference 420 mA input		 Configure input for current: Parameter 200 and set appropriate jumper per <u>Table 18</u>. Adjust scaling: Parameters 80/81 and 204/205 View results: Parameter 018.
Analog output ±10V, 420 mA bipolar +10V unipolar (shown)		 Configure with Parameter 207 and set appropriate jumper per <u>Table 18</u>. Select source value: Parameter 209 - [Analog Out1 Sel] Adjust scaling: Parameters 210/211

Analog I/O Wiring Examples for AFE in IP21 Rittal Enclosure

Precharging the AFE

This section contains important information about AFE precharging.

Introduction

An AFE in the IP21 Rittal enclosure contains an internal precharging circuit. The precharging unit is used to charge the DC bus capacitors. The charging time depends on the capacitance of the intermediate circuit and the resistance of the charging resistors. Table 20 shows the technical specifications for the precharge in the AFE enclosure. For correct operation of the precharging circuit breaker and the precharging circuit contactor must be controlled by the AFE.

Table 20 - Total DC Bus Capacitance Limits for Precharging Circuit of AFE in IP21 Rittal Enclosure

Frame Size	Resistance	Capacitance, min ⁽¹⁾	Capacitance, max ⁽²⁾
10	2 x 20 Ω	9900 μF	70,000 μF
13	2 x 11 Ω	29,700 μF	128,000 μF

(1) The minimum capacitance is built into the AFE.

(2) The maximum capacitance is the capacitance of the AFE plus the external capacitance.



ATTENTION: If the maximum capacitance is exceeded, component damage in AFE occurs.

Important Guidelines

Read and understand these guidelines:

- If drives **without** internal precharge are used and a disconnect is installed between the input of the drive and the DC bus, you must use an external precharge circuit between the disconnect and the DC input of the drive.
- If drives with internal precharge are used with a disconnect switch to the common bus, you must connect an auxiliary contact on the disconnect to a digital input of the drive. The corresponding input must be set to the 'Precharge Enable' option. This option provides the proper precharge interlock, guarding against possible damage to the drive when connected to a common DC bus.
- The precharge status of the AFE must be interlocked with the connected drives, such that the drives are disabled (not running) when the AFE is in a precharge state.

CE Conformity

Conformity with the Low Voltage (LV) Directive and Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Directive has been demonstrated by using harmonized European Norm (EN) standards published in the Official Journal of the European Communities. PowerFlex Active Front End units comply with the EN standards listed here when installed according to this User Manual and the PowerFlex drive Reference Manual.

Declarations of Conformity are available online at this link:

http://www.rockwellautomation.com/certification/overview.page

Low Voltage Directive (2006/95/EC)

EN61800-5-1 Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems Part 5-1: Safety requirements – Electrical, thermal and energy.

EMC Directive (2004/108/EC)

EN61800-3 Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems Part 3: EMC product standard including specific test methods.

General Notes

- The AFE can cause radio frequency interference if used in a residential or domestic environment. You are required to take measures to help prevent interference, and follow the essential requirements for CE compliance listed here, if necessary.
- Conformity of the AFE with CE EMC requirements does not guarantee an entire machine or installation complies with CE EMC requirements. Many factors can influence total machine/installation compliance.

Essential Requirements for CE Compliance

Conditions 1...6 listed here must be satisfied for the PowerFlex Active Front End to meet the requirements of EN61800-3.

- 1. Use a standard PowerFlex Active Front End CE-compatible unit.
- 2. Review important precautions and attention statements throughout this document before installing the Active Front End.
- 3. Grounding as described on page 59.

- 4. Control (I/O) and signal wiring must be braided, shielded cable with a coverage of 75% or better, metal conduit, or have shielding/cover with equivalent attenuation.
- 5. All shielded cables must terminate with proper shielded connector.
- 6. Motor cables of DC input drives that are used with the AFE must be shielded cable wire with a coverage of 75% or more, or must be inside metal conduit or have shielding/cover with equivalent attenuation.

Notes:

Startup

This chapter describes how to start up the Active Front End. For a brief description of the HIM, see <u>Appendix B</u>.

Торіс	Page
AFE in IP20 2500 MCC Style Enclosure	85
AFE in IP21 Rittal Enclosure	90



ATTENTION: Power must be applied to the Active Front End to perform the following start-up procedure. Some of the voltages present are at incoming line potential. To avoid electric shock hazard or damage to equipment, only qualified service personnel must perform the following procedure. Thoroughly read and understand the procedure before beginning. If an event does not occur while performing this procedure, **do not proceed**. **Remove power**, including user-supplied control voltages. User-supplied voltages can exist even when main AC power is not applied to the AFE. Correct the malfunction before continuing.

The basic start-up procedure must be performed when starting a new AFE to verify the condition of the unit, and to configure essential parameters for operating the AFE.

Names of the switches, push buttons, and status indicators are different for an AFE in an IP20 2500 MCC Style enclosure and an AFE in an IP21 Rittal enclosure. See the appropriate subsection for your enclosure.

AFE in IP20 2500 MCC Style Enclosure

This procedure requires that a HIM is installed. If an operator interface is not available, remote devices must be used to start up the AFE.

Startup Procedure

Before Applying Power to the AFE

- 1. Verify that the input circuit breaker is off.
- 2. Confirm that all wiring to the AFE (AC Input, ground, DC bus, and I/O) is connected to the correct AFE terminals and is secure.
- 3. Verify that AC line power at the disconnect device is within the rated value of the AFE.

- 4. Verify that the control power voltage is correct.
- 5. When DC disconnects are used for each inverter, verify that the disconnect levers for all inverters are set to off.
- 6. Set the REM-MAN-AUTO switch to MAN.
- 7. Set the OFF-ON-START switch to OFF.

Programming the AFE

- 1. Turn the AFE circuit breaker handle to on.
- 2. Set parameter 091 [Reset To Defaults] to the appropriate setting for your installation.

091	[Reset to Defaults]	Default:	0	Ready
0	Resets parameters to default configurations except parameters 093 [Language] and 090 [Param Access Lvl]. 0 (ready) = A new value can be entered. 1 (factory) = Resets parameters to default configurations. 2 (low voltage) = Resets parameters to default configurations.	Options:	0 1 2 3	Ready Factory Low voltage High voltage
	for a: - 400/480V AFE unit for 400V operation. - 600/690V AFE unit for 600V operation.			
	3 (high voltage) = Resets parameters to default configurations and configures parameters for a: - 400/480V AFE unit for 480V operation. - 600/690V AFE unit for 690V operation.			
	IMPORTANT: The DC bus voltage must be present to set the voltage class.			

3. Use the HIM to enter the Assisted Start-up procedure.



Figure 41 - Active Front End Start-up Procedure Menu



4. Enter the Input Voltage Selection in the Start-up Routine.

Select the appropriate AC input voltage for your installation (480, for example). To accept each default setting, press Enter.

5. Enter the Alarm/Flt Cnfg selection.

The Alarm/Flt Cnfg sets parameters 120 [Fault Config] and 135 [Alarm Config]. For basic applications, the default settings can be used. To accept each default setting, press Enter.

6. Enter the Limits section.

For basic applications, the default settings for the parameters 75 [Motor Power Lmt], 76 [Regen Power Lmt], and 77 [Current Lmt Val] can be used. By default, [Regen Power Lmt] and [Current Lmt Val] are set to let maximum peak power flow from the DC bus to the AC line, and helps prevent DC bus overvoltage faults on the inverters. To accept each default setting, press Enter.

7. Enter the DC Bus Ctrl section of the Start-up routine.

By default, the DC bus voltage reference is set to come from parameter 61 [DC Volt Ref]. With this setting, the DC Volt Ref is calculated based on the selected AC input voltage. For basic applications, this setting for the DC bus voltage reference is sufficient. To accept each default setting, press Enter.

8. Enter the Start/Stop/IO section.

Parameters 221...225 [Digital In 1...5 Sel] and parameters 228, 229, and 233 [Digital Out 1...3 Sel] are set to run the AFE from the operator switches on the AFE door (see Figure 23 on page 45 for the typical I/O wiring diagram). To run the AFE through a network communication adapter, change digital input 1 from 'Run' to 'Not Used', and send a Start command through the communication adapter. (For DPI[™] communication details, see <u>DPI Communication Configurations on page 152</u>.) To accept each default setting, press Enter. Analog outputs can also be programmed through this procedure if desired.

9. Disable the AFE output when the AFE is not active (not modulating).

Connect the 'Inverter Enable' output of the AFE to the variable frequency drive enable input, or enable parameter 132 [Contact Off Cnfg] to force off the main contactor if there is a fault. This configuration makes sure that once the AFE stops modulating, there is no motoring current flowing through the AFE IGBT diodes. Failure to disable the AFE output can result in component damage or a reduction in product life.

When enabling parameter 132, see <u>page 109</u> for details. The AFE is shipped with parameter 132 disabled. This disabled parameter does not stop or shut down DC output when a fault occurs.

10. To complete the Assisted Start-up procedure, select Done/Exit.

Status Indicators

For information on AFE status indicators, see AFE Status on page 125.

Control Devices

<u>Figure 42</u> shows the operators or control devices (switches, push buttons, and status indicators) on an IP20 2500 MCC Style enclosure.

Figure 42 - Control Devices for AFE in IP20 2500 MCC Style Enclosure



The AFE READY status indicator lights up when precharge is completed, the input contactor K1 is closed, AC power is connected to the AFE, and no faults are active. The AFE READY status indicator operates independent of the control method.

The AFE FAULT status indicator lights to indicate that the AFE is in a fault state.

In an overcurrent situation, the fault that caused the input circuit breaker (Q0) to trip must be identified and fixed before resetting the breaker.

Modes of Operation

There are three different modes in which the contactor and precharge can be controlled. The desired control is selected with the REM-AUTO-MAN selector switch.

- 1. **AUTO** Automatic operation that precharges and closes the contactor when the supply voltage is energized.
 - a. Set the REM-AUTO-MAN switch to AUTO.
 - b. Set the OFF-ON-START switch to ON.

The precharging of the units starts when input power is present. When the DC bus voltage reaches its nominal value, the contactor closes.

To stop the AFE, turn the OFF-ON-START switch to OFF.

IMPORTANT	Pressing the O (Stop) key on the HIM only stops the AFE output – it does not open the input contactor to stop the AFE.
	When a voltage drop or a blackout occurs in the supplying network, the unit precharges automatically and closes the input contactor when the main supply voltage returns.

- 2. **MAN** Manual operation by the OFF-ON-START switch on the enclosure door.
 - a. Set the REM-AUTO-MAN switch to MAN.
 - b. Turn the OFF-ON-START switch to START and let it automatically return to ON.

The precharging takes about 5...10 seconds depending on the connected DC bus capacitance. When the DC bus voltage has reached its nominal value, the AFE control closes the contactor.

The precharging can be aborted by turning the switch to OFF.

To stop the AFE, turn the OFF-ON-START switch to OFF.

IMPORTANTPressing the (Stop) key on the HIM only stops the AFE
output—it does not open the input contactor to stop the AFE.
When a voltage drop or a blackout occurs in the supplying network,
the input contactor opens. To turn on the AFE, turn the OFF-ON-
START switch to START and let it automatically return to ON.

- 3. **REM** Remote operation with signals to the control terminals.
 - a. Set the REM-AUTO-MAN switch to REM.
 - b. Connect a normally closed (NC) contact to terminals X3:58 and X3:61.

This contact has to be in the NC-state for the AFE to precharge and run. A remote pulse of 0.4...1.0 seconds duration, connected to terminals X3:57 and X3:60, starts the precharging of the AFE. When the DC voltage has reached its nominal value, the AFE unit automatically closes the input contactor.

To stop the AFE, turn the OFF-ON-START switch to OFF.

IMPORTANT Pressing the (Stop) key on the HIM only stops the AFE output—it does not open the input contactor to stop the AFE. When a voltage drop or a blackout occurs in the supplying network, the input contactor opens. When the supply is restored, the precharging must be reinitiated. To turn on the AFE, turn the OFF-ON-START switch to START and let it automatically return to ON.

AFE in IP21 Rittal Enclosure

This procedure requires that a HIM is installed. If an operator interface is not available, remote devices must be used to start up the AFE.

Startup Procedure

Before Applying Power to the AFE

- 1. Verify that the disconnect lever is pushed to off.
- 2. Confirm that all wiring to the AFE (AC Input, ground, DC bus, and I/ O) is connected to the correct AFE terminals and is secure.
- 3. Verify that AC line power at the disconnect device is within the rated value of the AFE.
- 4. Verify that the control power voltage is correct.
- 5. When DC disconnects are used for each inverter, verify that the disconnect levers for all inverters are set to off.
- 6. Set the MCCB CONTROL switch to MAN.
- 7. Set the 0-1-START switch to 0 (off).

Programming the AFE

- 1. Push the AFE disconnect lever to on.
- 2. Set parameter 091 [Reset To Defaults] to the appropriate setting for your installation.

091	[Reset to Defaults]	Default:	0	Ready
0	Resets parameters to default configurations except parameters 093 [Language] and 090 [Param Access Lvl]. 0 (ready) = A new value can be entered. 1 (factory) = Resets parameters to default configurations. 2 (low voltage) = Resets parameters to default configurations and configures parameters for a:	Options:	0 1 2 3	Ready Factory Low voltage High voltage
	 400/480V AFE unit for 400V operation. 600/690V AFE unit for 600V operation. 			
	3 (high voltage) = Resets parameters to default configurations and configures parameters for a: - 400/480V AFE unit for 480V operation. - 600/690V AFE unit for 690V operation.			
	IMPORTANT: The DC bus voltage must be present to set the voltage class.			

3. Use the HIM to enter the Assisted Start-up procedure.

Step	Example LCD Display
 a. In the Main Menu, use the or or vey to scroll to 'Start Up'. b. Press the <>> (Enter) key. 	F-> Stopped Auto 0.0 Volt Main Menu: Memory Storage Start Up Preferences

See Figure 41 for the Active Front End start-up procedure.

4. Enter the Input Voltage Selection in the start-up routine.

Select the appropriate AC input voltage for your installation (480, for example). To accept each default setting, press Enter.

5. Enter the Alarm/Flt Cnfg selection.

The Alarm/Flt Cnfg sets parameters 120 [Fault Config] and 135 [Alarm Config]. For basic applications, the default settings can be used. To accept each default setting, press Enter.

6. Enter the Limits section.

For basic applications, the default settings for the parameters 75 [Motor Power Lmt], 76 [Regen Power Lmt], and 77 [Current Lmt Val] can be used. By default, [Regen Power Lmt] and [Current Lmt Val] are set to let maximum peak power flow from the DC bus to the AC line. This power flow helps to prevent DC bus overvoltage faults on the inverters. To accept each default setting, press Enter.

7. Enter the DC Bus Ctrl section of the Start-up routine.

By default, the DC bus voltage reference is set to come from parameter 61 [DC Volt Ref]. With this setting, the DC Volt Ref is calculated based on the selected AC input voltage. For basic applications, this setting for the DC bus voltage reference is sufficient. To accept each default setting, press Enter.

8. Enter the Start/Stop/IO section.

Parameters 221...225 [Digital In 1...5 Sel] and parameters 228, 229, and 233 [Digital Out 1...3 Sel] are set to run the AFE from the operator switches on the AFE door (see Figure 40 on page 79 for the typical I/O wiring diagram). To run the AFE through a network communication adapter, change digital input 1 from 'Run' to 'Not Used', and send a Start command through the communication adapter. (For DPI communication details, see <u>DPI Communication Configurations on page 152</u>.) To accept each default setting, press Enter. Analog outputs can also be programmed through this procedure if desired.

9. Disable the AFE output when the AFE is not active (not modulating).

Connect the 'Inverter Enable' output of the AFE to the variable frequency drive enable input, or enable parameter 132 [Contact Off Cnfg] to force off the main contactor if there is a fault. This configuration makes sure that once the AFE stops modulating, there is no motoring current flowing through the AFE IGBT diodes. Failure to disable the AFE output can result in component damage or a reduction in product life.

When enabling parameter 132, see <u>page 109</u> for details. The AFE is shipped with parameter 132 disabled. This disabled parameter does not stop or shut down DC output when a fault occurs.

10. To complete the Assisted Start-up procedure, select Done/Exit.

Status Indicators

For information on AFE status indicators, see AFE Status on page 125.

Control Devices

<u>Figure 43</u> shows the operators or control devices (switches, push buttons, and status indicators) on an IP21 Rittal enclosure.

Figure 43 - Control Devices for AFE in IP21 Rittal Enclosure



The AFE READY status indicator lights up when precharge is completed, the MCCB is closed, AC power is connected to the AFE, and no faults are active. The AFE READY status indicator operates independent of the control method.

The MCCB FAULT status indicator lights to indicate that the circuit breakers are in a tripped state.

In an overcurrent situation, the fault that caused the circuit breaker to trip must be identified and fixed before resetting the circuit breakers. The MCCB can be reset only by pressing the MCCB RESET push button when the MCCB CONTROL switch is in MAN.

MCCB (Motor-controlled Circuit Breaker) and Modes of Operation

There are three different modes in which the MCCB and precharge can be controlled. The desired control is selected with the MCCB CONTROL selector switch.

- 1. **AUTO** Automatic operation that automatically precharges and closes the MCCB when the supply voltage is energized.
 - a. Set the MCCB CONTROL switch to AUTO.
 - b. Set the 0-1-START switch to 1 (on).

The precharging of the unit automatically starts when input power is present. When the DC Bus Voltage reaches its nominal value, the circuit breaker automatically closes.

To stop the AFE, turn the 0-1-START switch to 0 (off).

IMPORTANT	Pressing the 🔘 (Stop) key on the HIM only stops the AFE
	output—it does not open the MCCB to stop the AFE.
	When a voltage drop or a blackout occurs in the supplying network, the unit precharges automatically and closes the circuit breakers when the main supply voltage returns.

- MAN Manual operation by the 0-1-START switch on the enclosure door.
 - a. Set the MCCB CONTROL switch to MAN.
 - b. Turn the 0-1-START switch to START and let it automatically return to 1.

The precharging takes about 5...10 seconds depending on the connected DC bus capacitance. When the DC bus voltage has reached its nominal value, the AFE control automatically closes the circuit breaker.

The precharging can be aborted by turning the switch to 0 (off). To stop the AFE, turn the 0-1-START switch to 0 (off).

IMPORTANTPressing the (Stop) key on the HIM only stops the AFE
output—it does not open the MCCB to stop the AFE.
When a voltage drop or a blackout occurs in the supplying network,
the under voltage release coil opens the circuit breaker. To turn on
the AFE, turn the 0-1-START switch to START and let it automatically
return to 1 (on).

- 3. **REM** Remote operation with signals to the control terminals.
 - a. Set the MCCB CONTROL switch to REM.
 - b. Connect a normally closed (NC) contact to terminals X1:58 and X1:61.

This contact has to be in the NC-state for the AFE to precharge and run. A remote pulse of 0.4...1.0 seconds duration, connected to terminals X1:57 and X1:60, starts the precharging of the AFE. When the DC voltage has reached its nominal value, the AFE unit automatically closes the circuit breakers.

To stop the AFE, turn the 0-1-START switch to 0 (off).

IMPORTANT	Pressing the 🔘 (Stop) key on the HIM only stops the AFE
	output – it does not open the MCCB to stop the AFE.
	When a voltage drop or a blackout occurs in the supplying network, the undervoltage release coil opens the circuit breaker. When the supply is restored, the precharging and MCCB closing must be reinitiated. To turn on the AFE, turn the 0-1-START switch to START and let it automatically return to 1 (on).

Programming and Parameters

This chapter provides a complete listing and description of the PowerFlex[®] Active Front End parameters. The parameters can be programmed (viewed or edited) by using a HIM. Alternatively, programming can be performed using a personal computer with a configuration tool such as Connected Components Workbench[™] software, DriveExecutive[™] software, or DriveExplorer[™] software.

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About Parameters

To configure the AFE to operate in a specific way, certain AFE parameters have to be configured appropriately. There are three types of parameters:

• Numeric Parameters

These parameters have a numeric value (such as 1V AC).

• ENUM Parameters

These parameters allow a selection from two or more items. The HIM displays a text message for each item.

• Bit Parameters

These parameters have individual bits associated with features or conditions. If the bit is 0, the feature is off or the condition is false. If the bit is 1, the feature is on or the condition is true.

The following example table shows how each parameter type is presented in this manual.

Example Parameter Tables

File	Group	No.	Parameter	r Na	me a	and	Desc	ripti	on												Values							
		040	[Nom Inpu	ıt Vo	lt]																Default:	Base	ed on Unit Rating					
SoL	Š	0	Sets the inco control.	omir	ng su	pply	volta	age l	evel	that	is us	sed to	o cale	culat	e th	e DC	volta	age	evel	for charging	Min/Max: Units:	Base 1V A	ed on Unit Rating C					
NTF	ode	046	[Start/Sto	p Mo	ode]																Default:	0	Normal					
20	Ν	0	Selects the	oper	ating	g mo	de fo	r the	reg	enera	ative	unit									Options:	0	Normal					
AMI	ntr		0 (Normal) :	= Th	e col	nver	ter st	arts	only	with	a Ri	un re	ques	st.								1	Auto					
DYN	3		1 (Auto) = The converter starts regenerative operation automatically whenever the DC voltage is higher than the DC voltage reference and stops when there is no regeneration. The converter star by a Run or Start command. To avoid starting, a digital input can be configured to 'enable'. Auto mode selection is allowed only if an external motoring bus supply is installed.									DC voltage is converter starts nable'. Auto																
	154 [Logic Mask]																											
NOI	mers	0	Determines which communication adapters can control the unit. If the bit for an adapter is set to '0', the adapter has no control functions except for stop.																									
AMUNICAT	ks and Ow		Bit Definition											DPI Port 5	DPI Port 4	DPI Port 3	DPI Port 2	DPI Port 1	Digital In	0 - Control P								
ខ	Ma		Default	х	х	х	х	х	Х	х	Х	х	Х	1	1	1	1	1	1	1 = Control N	Aasked							
			Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	x = Reserved								

Descriptio	on									
File – Lists	File – Lists the major parameter file category.									
Group – L	ists the paramete	er group within a file.								
No. – Parameter number.		• Parameter value cannot be changed until the AFE is stopped.								
		$\sqrt{327}$ = 32-bit parameter.								
		V								
Paramete	er Name and De	scription – Parameter name as it appears on a HIM, with a brief description of the parameter function.								
Values – [Defines the variou	us operating characteristics of the parameter. Three parameter types exist.								
ENUM	Lists the value assigned at the factory. Read Only = no default.									
	Options:	Displays the available programming selections.								

Bit	Bit:	Lists the bit place holder and definition for each bit.
Numeric	Default:	Lists the value assigned at the factory. Read $Only = no$ default.
	Min/Max:	The range (lowest and highest setting) possible for the parameter.
	Units:	Unit of measure and resolution as shown on the HIM.

How AFE Parameters are Organized

The HIM displays parameters in a File-Group-Parameter or Numbered List view order. To switch display mode, access the Main Menu, press the ALT key, and release it, and while the cursor is on the parameter selection, press the Sel key. In addition, parameter 090 [Param Access Lvl] can be set to display basic parameters (basic view) or all parameters (advanced view).

File-Group-Parameter Order

This organization groups parameters that are used for similar functions. The parameters are organized into files. Each file is divided into groups, and each group contains a set of parameters related to a specific purpose. By default, the HIM displays parameters by File-Group-Parameter view.

Basic Parameter View

Parameter 090	[Param Acc	cess Lvl] set	t to option '	ʻ0' (Basic)
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File	Group	Parameters					
Monitor	Metering	Input Voltage AC Line Freq Total Current	001 002 003	Active Current Reactive Current Input Current R	004 005 006	Input Current S Input Current T DC Bus Volt	007 008 011
	Converter Data	Rated kW Rated Volts	030 031	Rated Amps Control SW Ver	032 033		
Dynamic Control	Control Modes	Nom Input Volt Start/Stop Mode	040 046				
(VnamicContril)	Voltage Loop	DC Volt Ref Sel DC Volt Ref	060 061				
	Limits	Motor Power Lmt Regen Power Lmt	075 076	Current Lmt Val DC Bus Lo Alarm	077 078	DC Bus Hi Alarm	079
	Converter Memory	Param Access Lvl Reset to Defaults Language	090 091 093	Voltage Class	094		
	Diagnostics	Start Inhibits Dig In Status Dig Out Status	100 102 103				
	Faults	Fault Config	120				
	Alarms	Alarm Config	135				
Inputs and Outputs	Analog Inputs	Anlg In Config Analog In 1 Hi Analog In 1 Lo	200 201 202	Analog In 2 Hi Analog In 2 Lo	204 205		
	Analog Outputs	Analog Out1 Sel Analog Out1 Hi Analog Out1 Lo	209 210 211	Analog Out2 Sel Analog Out2 Hi Analog Out2 Lo	212 213 214		
7	Digital Inputs	Digital In1 Sel Digital In2 Sel Digital In3 Sel	221 222 223	Digital In4 Sel Digital In5 Sel Digital In6 Sel	224 225 226		
	Digital Outputs	Digital Out1 Sel Digital Out2 Sel Dig Out2 Invert	228 229 230	Digital Out3 Sel Dig Out3 Invert	233 234		

Advanced Parameter View

File	Group	Parameters					
Monitor	Metering	Input Voltage AC Line Freq Total Current Active Current	001 002 003 004	l Imbalance Ground Current DC Bus Volt DC Bus Current	009 010 011 012	Heatsink Temp Cmd DC Volt Motoring MWh Regen MWh	017 018 019 020
		Reactive Current Input Current R Input Current S Input Current T	005 006 007 008	AC Line kW AC Line kVar AC Line kVA Power Factor	012 013 014 015 016	Elapsed Run Time Analog In1 Value Analog In2 Value	021 022 023
	Converter Data	Rated kW Rated Volts	030 031	Rated Amps Control SW Ver	032 033		
Dynamic Control	Control Modes	Nom Input Volt PWM Frequency Modulation Type Modulation Index	040 041 042 043	RatedLineCurrent Start/Stop Mode Restart Delay Stop Delay	045 046 047 048	Auto Stop Level Contact On Delay Control Options	049 050 051
	Restart Modes	AutoRstrt Config	052	Auto Rstrt Tries	053	Auto Rstrt Delay	054
7	Voltage Loop	DC Volt Ref Sel DC Volt Ref	060 061	DC Volt Kp DC Volt Ki	062 063		
	Current Loop	Active I Ref Reactive I Ref Active I Kp	064 065 066	Active I Ki Reactive I Kp Reactive I Ki	067 068 069	Reactive I Sel	070
	Limits	Motor Power Lmt Regen Power Lmt Current Lmt Val	075 076 077	DC Bus Lo Alarm DC Bus Hi Alarm DC Ref Lo Lmt	078 079 080	DC Ref Hi Lmt Ground I Lvl	081 082
	Parallel Mode	Droop	085	PWM Synch	086	Start Up Delay	087
Utility	Converter Memory	Param Access Lvl Reset To Defaults	090 091	Reset Meters Language	092 093	Voltage Class	094
	Diagnostics	Cnvrtr Status 1 Cnvrtr Status 2 Cnvrtr Alarm 1 Cnvrtr Alarm 2 DC Ref Source Start Inhibits Last Stop Source Dig In Status	095 096 097 098 099 100 101 102	Dig Out Status Fault Frequency Fault Total Curr Fault Bus Volts Fault Temp Status 1 @ Fault Status 2 @ Fault Alarm 1 @ Fault	103 104 105 106 107 108 109 110	Alarm 2 @ Fault Testpoint 1 Sel Testpoint 1 Data Testpoint 2 Sel Testpoint 2 Data Cnvrtr OL Count	111 112 113 114 115 116
	Faults	Fault Config Fault Clear Fault Clear Mode Power Up Marker Fault 1 Code	120 121 122 123 124	Fault 2 Code Fault 3 Code Fault 4 Code Fault 1 Time Fault 2 Time	125 126 127 128 129	Fault 3 Time Fault 4 Time Contact Off Cnfg Cnvrtr OL Factor	130 131 132 133
	Alarms	Alarm Config Alarm Clear	135 136	Alarm 1 Code Alarm 2 Code	137 138	Alarm 3 Code Alarm 4 Code	139 140
Communication	Comm Control	DPI Baud Rate Cnvrtr LogicRsIt	150 151	DPI Port Sel DPI Port Value	152 153		
	Masks and Owners	Logic Mask Fault Clr Mask	154 155	Stop Owner Start Owner	156 157	Fault Clr Owner	158
	Datalinks	Data In A1 Data In A2 Data In B1 Data In B2 Data In C1 Data In C2	170 171 172 173 174 175	Data In D1 Data In D2 Data Out A1 Data Out A2 Data Out B1 Data Out B2	176 177 180 181 182 183	Data Out C1 Data Out C2 Data Out D1 Data Out D2	184 185 186 187
Inputs and Outputs	Analog Inputs	Anlg In Config Analog In 1 Hi Analog In 1 Lo	200 201 202	Analog In 1 Loss Analog In 2 Hi Analog In 2 Lo	203 204 205	Analog In 2 Loss	206
	Analog Outputs	Anlg Out Config Anlg Out Absolut Analog Out1 Sel Analog Out1 Hi	207 208 209 210	Analog Out1 Lo Analog Out2 Sel Analog Out2 Hi Analog Out2 Lo	211 212 213 214	Anlg Out1 Scale Anlg Out2 Scale Anlg Out1 Setpt Anlg Out2 Setpt	215 216 217 218
	Digital Inputs	Digital In1 Sel Digital In2 Sel	221 222	Digital In3 Sel Digital In4 Sel	223 224	Digital In5 Sel Digital In6 Sel	225 226
	Digital Outputs	Dig Out Setpt Digital Out1 Sel Digital Out2 Sel Dig Out2 Invert	227 228 229 230	Dig Out2 OnTime Dig Out2 OffTime Digital Out3 Sel Dig Out3 Invert	231 232 233 234	Dig Out3 OnTime Dig Out3 OffTime	235 236

Parameter 090 [Param Access Lvl] set to option '1' (Advanced).

Monitor File

	dn	No.	Parameter Name and Description	Values	
File	Grot				
		001	[Input Voltage]	Default:	Read Only
			Displays the incoming supply voltage, only when the AFE is in the Run state.	Min/Max:	0.0/1000.0V AC
				Units:	0.1V AC
		002	[AC Line Freq]	Default:	Read Only
			Displays the supply frequency. The sign indicates the phase order, only when the AFE is in the Run state.	Min/Max:	-63.0/63.0 Hz
				Units:	0.1 Hz
		003	[Iotal Current]	Default:	Read Unly
		V	Displays the total AC input current present at L1, L2, and L3 inputs.	MIN/Max:	0.0/[Kated Amps] x 2
		004	[Active Current]	Default [.]	Read Only
		32/	Displays the amount of AC input current that is in phase with the AC input fundamental voltage	Min/Max.	+/- [Rated Amns] x 2
			component. Positive value indicates motoring; negative value indicates regeneration.	Units:	0.1 Amps
		005	[Reactive Current]	Default:	Read Only
		32/	Displays the amount of AC input current that is out of phase with the AC input fundamental voltage	Min/Max:	+/- [Rated Amps] x 2
		v	component. Positive value indicates inductive current; negative value indicates capacitive current.	Units:	0.1 Amps
		006	[Input Current R]	Default:	Read Only
		007	[Input Current S]	Min/Max:	0.0/6553.5 Amps
		000	Linput Current 1	Units:	0.1 Amps
		009	[] Imbalance]	Default [.]	Read Only
		005	Displays the current imbalance calculated between phases L1, L2, and L3.	Min/Max.	0 0/100 0%
			The RMS current for each phase is calculated by summing the instantaneous current squared as sampled	Units:	0.1%
			at the PWM peak and valley, and then taking the square root of the sum every AC line cycle.		
			The imbalance is then evaluated every AC line cycle by first finding the largest, smallest, and average phase current. Two equations are then used to calculate the value displayed:		
В	bu		Based_on_Largest = (Largest - Average) x 100 / Average		
LIN	eteri		Based_on_Largest = (Largest - Average) x 100 / Average		
¥	Ň		The equation that gives the higher value is used for the display.		
		010	[Ground Current]	Default:	Read Only
			Displays the ground current measured by summing the three input phase currents.	Min/Max:	0.0/[Rated Amps] x 2
				Units:	0.1 Amps
		011	[DC Bus Volt]	Default:	Read Only
			Displays the filtered DC bus voltage. The filter time constant is 32 milliseconds.	MIN/Max:	0.0/Based on Unit Rating
		012	IDC Rus Current	Default	Read Only
		32/	Displays the DC bus current. Positive value indicates motoring: negative value indicates regeneration.	Min/Max.	+/- Rased on Unit Rating
				Units:	0.1 Amps
		013	[AC Line kW]	Default:	Read Only
		32	Displays the real power on the AC side. Positive value indicates motoring; negative value indicates	Min/Max:	+/- Based on Unit Rating
			regeneration.	Units:	0.1 kW
		014	[AC Line kVar]	Default:	Read Only
		32	Displays the reactive power on the AC line.	Min/Max:	+/- Based on Unit Rating
		015	[AC Line kVA]	Dofault:	U. I KVdi Road Oply
		VI5	LAC LINE KVAJ Displays the apparent power on the AC line	Min/Max:	Nedu Ulliy
				Units:	0.1 kVA
		016	[Power Factor]	Default:	Read Only
			Displays the power factor. Positive value indicates motoring power; negative sign indicates regenerative	Min/Max:	+/-1.00
			power.	Units:	0.01
		017	[Heatsink Temp]	Default:	Read Only
			Displays the measured heatsink temperature.	Min/Max:	0/200 ℃ 1 ℃
				UNITS:	I C

File	Group	No.	Parameter Name and Description	Values	
		018	[Cmd DC Volt]	Default:	Read Only
			Displays the commanded DC bus voltage reference.	Min/Max: Units:	0.0/1500.0V DC 0.1V DC
		019	[Motoring MWh]	Default:	Read Only
		32	Displays the accumulated motoring MWh. This parameter can be reset with parameter 092 [Reset Meters].	Min/Max: Units:	0.0/429496729.5 MWh 0.1 MWh
	bu	020	[Regen MWh]	Default:	Read Only
	Meteri	32	Displays the accumulated regenerative MWh fed back to the AC line. This parameter can be reset with parameter 092 [Reset Meters].	Min/Max: Units:	0.0/429496729.5 MWh 0.1 MWh
		021	[Elapsed Run Time]	Default:	Read Only
		32	Displays the accumulated amount of time that the AFE has been in Run. This parameter can be reset with parameter 092 [Reset Meters].	Min/Max: Units:	0.0/214748364.0 Hr 0.1 Hr
OR		022	[Analog In1 Value]	Default:	Read Only
MONIT		023	[Analog In2 Value] Displays the value of the signal at the analog inputs.	Min/Max: Units:	0.000/20.000 mA or -/+10.000V 0.001 mA or 0.001V
		030	[Rated kW]	Default:	Read Only
		32	Displays the nominal power rating of the AFE.	Min/Max: Units:	0.00/3000.00 kW 0.01 kW
		031	[Rated Volts]	Default:	Read Only
	er Data		Displays the nominal input voltage class (400V, 480V, 600V, or 690V) of the AFE.	Min/Max: Units:	0.0/1000.0V AC 0.1V AC
	vert	032	[Rated Amps]	Default:	Read Only
	Con		Displays the nominal AC input current rating of the AFE.	Min/Max: Units:	0.0/6553.5 Amps 0.1 Amps
		033	[Control SW Ver]	Default:	Read Only
			Displays the software version of the main control board of the AFE.	Min/Max: Units:	0.000/255.255 0.001

Dynamic Control File

File	Group	No.	Parameter Name and Description	Values	
		040	[Nom Input Volt] Sets the incoming supply voltage level. It is used to calculate the DC voltage level for charging control.	Default: Min/Max [.]	Based on Unit Rating Based on Unit Rating
				Units:	1V AC
		041	[PWM Frequency]	Default:	3.6 KHZ
			Sets the carrier frequency for the PWM output. This frequency is fixed to 3.6 kHz, and cannot be changed due to the LCL filter.	Min/Max: Units:	3.0/16.0 kHz 0.1 kHz
		042	[Modulation Type]	Default:	2 Software 2
		0	Selects the modulation type.	Options:	0 HW Modulator
			0 (HW Modulator) = ASIC modulator with the classical third harmonic injection. The current distortion is lower and spectrum is slightly better compared to the Software Modulator.		1 Software 1 2 Software 2
			1 (Software 1) = Symmetric vector modulator with symmetrical zero vectors. Current distortion is less than with software modulator 2 if boosting is used.		3 Software 3
			2 (Software 2) = Symmetric BusClamp, in which one switch always conducts 60° either to negative or positive DC-rail. Switching losses are reduced compared to the modulation type 0 and 1, and spectrum is narrow.		
			3 (Software 3) = Unsymmetrical BusClamp, in which one switch always conducts 120° to negative DC- rail to reduce switching losses. Drawback is that upper and lower switches are unevenly loaded and spectrum is wide.		
			We recommend using the Software 2 setting. For AFE parallel operation, the Software 3 setting in all AFEs must be used.		
		043	[Modulation Index]	Default:	100%
CONTROL	ol Modes		Sets the modulation index limit. The default setting of modulation index is 100%. To get the maximum 1 minute overload current (ND/HD), adjust the modulation index from 100% to 120%. However, this adjustment affects the modulated output voltage and current waveform (THD) during overload operation.	Min/Max: Units:	20/200% 1%
AMI	Dut	045	[RatedLineCurrent]	Default:	Unit Current
DYN	J		Sets the rated current of the supply transformer. This parameter can be set if the AFE is oversized compared to the supply or feeding transformer capacity.	Min/Max: Units:	0.0/6553.5 Amps 1.0 Amps
		046	[Start/Stop Mode]	Default:	0 Normal
		0	Selects the operating mode for the AFE.	Options:	0 Normal
			0 (Normal) = The AFE starts only with the Run request by a RUN or START command.		1 Auto
			1 (Auto) = The AFE starts regenerative operation automatically whenever the DC bus voltage is higher than the DC voltage reference, and stops when there is no regeneration. To avoid starting, a digital input can be configured to 'Enable', and turning off the digital input stops the automatic starting.		
		047	[Restart Delay]	Default:	220 ms
			Sets the minimum time between a previous stop command and the next start request to start the AFE. This parameter takes effect only if parameter 46 [Start/Stop Mode] is set to 'O' (Normal).	Min/Max: Units:	0/32000 ms 1 ms
		048	[Stop Delay]	Default:	100 ms
			Sets the off time delay between the removal of a Run request and stopping the modulation. This parameter takes effect only if parameter 046 [Start/Stop Mode] is set to '1' (Auto). The converter stops modulating after [Stop Delay] when the converter changes from regenerative to motoring mode and the DC bus voltage is at least 3% below the DC voltage reference.	Min/Max: Units:	0/32000 ms 1 ms
		049	[Auto Stop Level]	Default:	-3.0%
			Sets the active current level for the Auto operation mode when parameter 046 [Start/Stop Mode] is set to '1' (Auto). When the active current value is higher than this value, the regeneration stops.	Min/Max: Units:	-100.0/100.0% 1.0%
		050	[Contact On Delay]	Default:	0.40 secs
			Sets the Main contactor on delay time (the delay from Main contactor acknowledge to modulation start).	Min/Max: Units:	0.00/10.00 secs 0.01 secs

File	Group	No.	Parameter Name and Description	Values
File	Control Modes Gro	051	[Control Options] A set of bits to select AFE control options to disable different harmonic compensation. Bit Definition Image: Control options to disable different harmonic compensation. Bit Definition Image: Control options to disable different harmonic compensation. Definition Image: Control options to disable different harmonic compensation. Definition Image: Control options to disable different harmonic compensation. Default x	True False Guoltane Reference:
			Low Limit: Parameter 1 [Input Voltage] x 1.35 x 1.05 for all units High Limit: Parameter 40 [Nom Input Voltage] x 1.35 x 1.30 for 400V/480V units Parameter 40 [Nom Input Voltage] x 1.35 x 1.15 for 600V/690V units	
DYNAMIC CONTROL	start Modes	052	[AutoRstrt Config]Selects the faults cleared by the auto restart function.Parameter 053 [AutoRstrt Tries] sets the attempt numbers.Bit DefinitionDefaultxxxxxxyyDefaultxxxxxxyyyyBit1514131211109876543210x = Reserved	True False
	Re	053 054	[Auto Rstrt Tries] Sets the maximum number of times the AFE attempts to reset a configured fault and restart. 0 = No automatic restarting after fault trip. [Auto Rstrt Delay]	Default: 0 Min/Max: 0/10 Units: None Default: 1.0 sec
		060	[DC Volt Ref Sel] Selects the source of the DC bus voltage reference to the AFE.	Min/Max: 0.5/30.0 sec Units: 0.1 sec Default: 0 DC Volt Ref Options: 0 DC Volt Ref 1 Analog In1 2 Analog In2 3 DPI Port 1 4 DPI Port 2 5 DPI Port 3 6 DPI Port 4 7 DPI Port 5
	Voltage Loop	061	[DC Volt Ref] Sets the DC voltage reference. Used when parameter 060 [DC Volt Ref Sel] is set to '0' (DC Volt Ref).	Default: Parameter 031 [Rated Volts] x 1.35 x 1.1 Min: [Rated Volts] x 1.35 x 1.05 Max: [Rated Volts] x 1.35 x 1.3 (for 400/480V units) Units: [Rated Volts] x 1.35 x 1.15 (for 600/690V units) Units: [Rated Volts] x 1.35 x 1.15 (for 600/690V units) 0.1V DC [Rated Volts] X 1.35 X 1.15 (for 600/690V units)
		062	[DC Volt Kp] Sets the proportional gain for the bus regulator to adjust regulator response.	Default: 200 Min/Max: 0/10000 Units: None
		063	[DC Volt Ki] Sets the voltage loop integral gain for responsiveness of the bus regulator.	Default: 0.0040 sec Min/Max: 0.0000/6.0000 sec Units: 0.0001 sec

File	Group	No.	Parameter Name and Description	Values	
	-	064	[Active Ref]	Default:	Read Only
			Displays the active current reference.	Min/Max:	+/- 3200.0 Amp
				Units:	0.1 Amp
		065	[Reactive Ref]	Default:	0.0 Amp
			If selected by [Reactive I Sel], this parameter sets the reference for the reactive current. This parameter can be used for power factor correction of the power system. Positive value gives inductive current; negative value gives capacitive current. The maximum reactive current is limited by the following formula:	Min/Max: Units:	+/- Based on parameter 032 [Rated Amps] 0.1 Amp
			Maximum Reactive I Ref = $\sqrt{P032}$ [Rated Amps] ² - P004 [Active Current] ²		
		066	[Active Kp]	Default:	400
	t Loop		Sets the active current controller gain.	Min/Max: Units:	0/4000 None
	ren	067	[Active Ki]	Default:	0.0266 sec
	3		Sets the integral gain of the active current controller.	Min/Max:	0.0000/6.0000 sec
				Units:	0.0001 sec
		068	[Reactive Kp]	Default:	2000
			Sets the synchronization controller gain.	Min/Max:	0/32000
				Units:	None
		069	[Reactive Ki]	Default:	0.040 sec
			Sets the integral of the synchronization controller.	Min/Max:	0.000/20.000 sec
				Units:	0.001 sec
01		070	[Reactive I Sel]	Default:	0 React I Ref
NTR			Selects the source from which the reactive current is taken.	Options:	0 React Ref
C CO					2 Analog In 2
AMI		075	[Motor Power Lmt]	Default:	300.0%
DYN			Sets the limit for motoring power on the AC line.	Min/Max:	0.1/300.0%
			51	Units:	0.1%
		076	[Regen Power Lmt]	Default:	-300.0%
			Sets the limit for regenerative power allowed to the AC line.	Min/Max:	-0.1/-300.0%
				Units:	0.1%
		077	[Current Lmt Val]	Default:	1.5 x [Rated Amps]
			Sets the current limit value.	Min/Max:	0.0/Based on Unit Rating
				Units:	0.1 Amps
		078	[DC Bus Lo Alarm]	Default:	Based on Unit Rating
	nits		Sets the lowest acceptable DC bus voltage for the application. A warning is indicated if the DC bus voltage falls below the value of this parameter.	Min/Max: Units:	0.0/2000.0V DC 0.1V DC
		079	[DC Bus Hi Alarm]	Default:	Based on Unit Rating
			Sets the highest acceptable DC bus voltage for the application. A warning is indicated if the DC bus voltage exceeds the value of this parameter.	Min/Max: Units:	0.0/2000.0V DC 0.1V DC
		080	[DC Ref Lo Lmt]	Default:	Read Only
			Displays the limit value of the DC bus reference low limitation, which is calculated based on the voltage class x 1.35 x 1.05.	Min/Max: Units:	0.0/1500.0V DC 0.1V DC
		081	[DC Ref Hi Lmt]	Default:	Read Only
			Displays the limit value of the DC bus reference high limitation. This limit is calculated based on the voltage class x 1.35 x 1.3 (for 400/480V units) or voltage class x 1.35 x 1.15 (for 600/690V units).	Min/Max: Units:	0.0/1500.0V DC 0.1V DC
		082	[Ground I Lvi]	Default:	50.0%
			Sets the limit value of ground current in % of the unit rating before a ground current alarm or fault is activated. For AFE parallel operation, the values in all AFEs must be set to 100%.	Min/Max: Units:	0.0/100.0% 0.1% (Based on unit rating)

File	Group	No.	Parameter Name and Description	Values	
DYNAMIC CONTROL		085	[Droop] Sets the droop as % of active current reference for current balancing when AFEs are used in parallel independent mode. It affects DC bus voltage if enabled. Recommended value for parallel AFEs is 5%.	Default: Min/Max: Units:	0.00% 0.00/100.00% 0.01%
	Parallel Mode	086	[PWM Synch] Sets synchronization to reduce the circulating current between parallel connected AFEs when they are connected to the same DC bus and are fed from the same incoming power source without an isolation transformer. In this case, parameter 085 [Droop] must be set to 5% in all AFEs, and this parameter 086 [PWM Synch] must be set to '1' (Enabled).	Default: Options:	0 Disabled 0 Disabled 1 Enabled
		087	[Start Up Delay] Sets a starting delay when Run command is given. When programming different delay to parallel AFEs, the AFEs start in sequence.	Default: Min/Max: Units:	0.00 sec 0.00/300.00 sec 0.01 sec

Utility File

File	Group	No.	Parameter Name and Description	Values	
UTILITY	onverter Memory	090 091	[Param Access LvI] Selects the parameter display level. 0 (Basic) = Reduced parameter set. 1 (Advanced) = Full parameter set. [Reset to Defaults] Resets parameters to factory defaults except parameters 093 [Language] and 090 [Param Access LvI]. 0 (Ready) = A new value can be entered. 1 (Factory) = Resets parameters to factory defaults. 2 (Low Voltage) = Resets parameters to factory defaults. 2 (Low Voltage) = Resets parameters to factory defaults and configures parameters for a: - 400/480V AFE unit for 400V operation. - 600/690V AFE unit for 600V operation. 3 (High Voltage) = Resets parameters to factory defaults and configures parameters for a: - 400/480V AFE unit for 600V operation. 3 (High Voltage) = Resets parameters to factory defaults and configures parameters for a: - 400/480V AFE unit for 690V operation. BIMPORTANT: The DC bus voltage must be present to set the voltage class.	Default: Options: Default: Options:	0 Basic 0 Basic 1 Advanced 0 Ready 0 Ready 1 Factory 2 Low Voltage 3 High Voltage
	9	092	[Reset Meters] Resets these selected meters (Motoring MWh, Regen MWh, and Elapsed Time) to zero.	Default: Options:	0 Ready 0 Ready 1 Motoring MWh 2 Regen MWh 3 Elapsed Time
		093	[Language] Limited to English language only.	Default: Options:	0 Not Selected 0 Not Selected 1 English
		094	[Voitage Class] Displays the last 'Reset To Defaults' operation.	Detault: Options:	Read Uniy 0 = Low Voltage 1 = High Voltage
	Diagnostics	095	Image: Converter Status 1] Displays the present operating condition of the AFE. Bit Image: Condition of the AFE. Bit Image: Condition of the AFE. Definition Image: Condition of the AFE. Bit Image: Condition of the AFE. Bit 0 (Ready) indicates all inhibits are cleared. Bit 1 (Active) indicates that the AFE is modulating. Bit 2 (Motoring) indicates that the AFE is regenerating power to the AC line. Bit 3 (Regenerating) indicates that the AFE is in precharging status. Bit 4 (In Precharge) indicates that the AFE has detected an alarm. Bit 5 (Droop Active) indicates that the AFE has detected a fault. Bit 8 (At Reference) indicates that the AFE has detected a fault. Bit 9 (Mot CurLim) indicates that the AFE exceeds the current limit in Motoring mode. Bit 10 (Regen CurLim) indicates that the AFE exceeds the current lim		Bits Description 14 13 12 0 0 0 DC Volt Ref 0 0 1 Analog In1 0 1 0 Analog In2 0 1 DPI Port 1 1 0 DPI Port 2 1 0 DPI Port 3 1 1 DPI Port 4 1 1 DPI Port 5

File	Group	No.	Parameter Name and Description	Values	
	-	096	[Cnvrtr Status 2]		Read Only
			Displays the present operating condition of the AFE and active source.		
			Bit Definition DPI at 500k AutoRst Ctdn AutoRst Ctdn Ready		
			Default x x 0 x </td <td></td> <td></td>		
			Bit 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 x = Reserved		
			 Bit 0 (Ready) indicates all inhibits are cleared. Bit 1 (Active) indicates that the AFE is modulating. Bit 2 (ModIndexLim) indicates that the AFE reached the modulation index limitation. Bit 8 (AutoRst Ctdn) indicates that the auto restart timer is counting down. Bit 9 (AutoRst Act) indicates that the auto restart function is activated. Bit 13 (DPI at 500k) indicates DPI communication with 500k of baud rate. 		
		097	[Cnvrtr Alarm 1]		Read Only
			Displays alarm conditions that presently exist in the unit.		
			timeSyncFail And I hoss Prechrg Actv		
			Default x x x 1 </td <td></td> <td></td>		
			Bit 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 x = Reserved		
UTILITY	Diagnostics		 Bit 0 (Prechrg Actv) indicates that precharging is not completed. Bit 1 (DC UnderVolt) indicates that the DC link voltage exceeded the limit. Bit 2 (Anlg In Loss) indicates that analog input loss. Bit 3 (LineSync Fail) indicates that the AC input line phase is missing. Bit 4 (HeatsinkOv Tp) indicates that the heatsink temperature is over temperature (90 °C [194 °F]). Bit 5 (LCL Fan Stop) indicates that the LCL fan has been stopped. Bit 6 (DCRefLowLim) indicates that the DC voltage reference is less than the limit in parameter 080 [DC Ref Bit 7 (DCRefHighLim) indicates that the DC voltage reference exceeds the limit in parameter 081 [DC Ref Hi Bit 8 (DCBusLo Alarm) indicates that the DC voltage is less than the value set by parameter 078 [DC Bus Lo . Bit 9 (DCBusHi Alarm) indicates that the DC voltage exceeds the value set by parameter 079 [DC Bus Hi Alar Bit 10 (Overload) indicates that parameter 003 [Total Current] exceeds the rated current. 	Lo Lmt]. Lmt]. Alarm]. m].	
		098	[Cnvrtr Alarm 2]		Read Only
			Displays alarm conditions that presently exist in the unit.		
			Bit Definition		
			Default x </td <td></td> <td></td>		
			Bit 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 x = Reserved		
			 Bit 0 (DigInConflict) indicates that there is a conflict with the digital input settings. Bit 1 (Contact Fdbk) indicates that there is no feedback from the main contact. 		
		099	[DC Ref Source]	Default:	Read Only
			Displays the source of the DC bus voltage reference to the unit.	Options: 0	DC Volt Ref
				1	Analog In1 Analog In2
				3	DPI Port 1
				4	DPI Port 2
				5	DPI Port 3 DPI Port 4
				7	DPI Port 5

File	Group	No.	Parameter Name and Description	Values	
	-	100	[Start Inhibits]		Read Only
			Displays the inputs presently preventing the AFE from starting.		,
			Image: State of the second st		
			Default x x 0 0 0 x x 0 </td <td></td> <td></td>		
			Bit 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 x=Reserved		
			 Bit 0 (Fault) is set when the AFE is faulted. Bit 1 (Type 2 Alarm) is set when the AFE has an alarm of type 2. Bit 2 (Enable) is set when the AFE is not enabled. Bit 3 (DC Bus Pchrg) is set when the AFE is in precharging. Bit 4 (Stop Assertd) is set when a stop command is asserted. Bit 5 (Params Reset) is set when parameter 091 [Reset To Defaults] is reset to defaults. Bit 6 (Startup Actv) is set when the AFE is in startup sequencing. Bits 913 indicate that the AFE start is inhibited by the respective DPI port. 		
		101	[Last Stop Source]	Default:	Read Only
			Displays the source that initiated the most recent stop sequence. It will be cleared (set to zero) during the next start sequence.	Options:	0 Pwr Removed 15 DPI Port 15 6 Reserved 7 Digital In 8 Fault 9 Not Enabled
		102	[Dig In Status]		Read Only
			Displays the status of the digital inputs.		
UTILITY	Diagnostic		Bit Definition x		
		103	[Dig Out Status]		Read Only
			Displays the status of the digital outputs.		
			Bit Definition I <thi< th=""> I <thi< th=""> <t< th=""><th></th><th></th></t<></thi<></thi<>		
		104	[Fault Frequency]	Default:	Read Only
			Captures and displays the AC line frequency at the time of the last fault.	Min/Max: Units:	-63.0/63.0 Hz 0.1 Hz
		105	[Fault Total Curr]	Default:	Read Only
		32	Captures and displays the DC bus amps at the time of the last fault.	Min/Max: Units:	0.0/[Rated Amps] x 2 0.1 Amps
		106	[Fault Bus Volts]	Default:	Read Only
			Captures and displays the DC bus voltage at the time of the last fault.	Min/Max: Units:	0/Max Bus Volts 1V DC
		107	[Fault Temp]	Default:	Read Only
			Captures and displays the heatsink temperature at the time of the last fault.	Min/Max: Units:	0/200 ℃ 1 ℃

File	Group	No.	Parameter Name and Description	Values	
	5	108	[Status 1 @ Fault]	Read Only	
			Captures and displays the bit pattern of parameter 095 [Cnvrtr Status 1] at the time of the last fault.Bit Definition $\begin{bmatrix} C \\ H \\$	Bits Description 14 13 12 0 0 0 DC Volt Ref 0 1 Analog In1 Analog In2 0 1 0 Analog In2 0 1 1 DPI Port 1 1 0 0 DPI Port 2 1 0 1 DPI Port 3 1 1 0 DPI Port 4 1 1 1 DPI Port 5	
		109	[Status 2 @ Fault]	Read Only	
			Bit Definition $\overrightarrow{0}$ S S T E $\overrightarrow{1}$ S S T T S S T S S T S S T S S T S S T S S T S S T S S S T S S S S T S<		
		110	[Alarm 1 @ Fault]	Read Only	
UTILITY	Diagnostic		Captures and displays the bit pattern of parameter 097 [Cnvrtr Alarm 1] at the time of the last fault.Bit DefinitionImage: Second S		
		111	[Alarm 2 @ Fault]	Read Only	
			Captures and displays the bit pattern of parameter 098 [Cnvrtr Alarm 2] at the time of the last fault.Bit DefinitionIIIIIIIIIDefaultxxxxxxxxxx001 = Condition True 0 = Condition False x = Reserved		
		112	[Testpoint 1 Sel]	Default: 499	
			Selects the function whose value is displayed in parameter 113 [Testpoint 1 Data]. These internal values are not accessible through parameters.	Min/Max: 0/65535 Units: None	
		113	[Testpoint 1 Data] Displays the present value of the function selected in parameter 112 [Testpoint 1 Sel].	Default: Read Only Min/Max: -/+32767 Units: None	
		114	[Testpoint 2 Sel] Selects the function whose value is displayed in parameter 115 [Testpoint 2 Data]. These internal values are not accessible through parameters.	Default: 499 Min/Max: 0/65535 Units: None	
		115	[Testpoint 2 Data] Displays the present value of the function selected in parameter 114 [Testpoint 2 Sel].	Default: Read Only Min/Max: -/+32767 Units: None	
		116	[Cnvrtr OL Count] Displays the accumulated percentage of AFE overload. Continuously operating the AFE over the set level increases this value to 100% and cause an AFE fault.	Default: Read Only Min/Max: 0.1%/+100.0% Units: 0.1%	
File	Group	No.	Parameter Name and Description	Values	
---------	--------------	---	--	---	--
UTILITY	Faults Group	No. 120 121 122 123 32√ 124 126 128 130 125 127 129 131	Parameter Name and Description [Fault Config] Enables/disables annunciation of the listed faults. Bit Definition Default x x x x x x x 0 0 x 0 0 x 0 0 0 x 0 0 0 x 0 0 0 x 0 0 0 x 0 0 0 x 0 0 0 x 0 0 0 x 0 0 0 x 0 0 0 x 0 0 x 0 0 x 0 0 x 0 0 x 0 0 x 0 0 x 0 0 x 0 0 x 0 0 x 0 0 x 0 0 x 0 0 x 0 0 x 0 0 x 0 0 x 0 0 x 0 0 0 0 0	ValuesDefault:0ReadyOptions:0Ready1Clear Faults2Clr Fault QueDefault:1Enabled0Disabled1EnabledDefault:Read OnlyMin/Max:0.0000/429496.7295 HrUnits:0/65535Units:NoneDefault:Read OnlyMin/Max:0.0000/42945.7295 HrUnits:0.0001 Hr	
		129 131 32	[Fault 3 Time] [Fault 4 Time] Displays the time between initial AFE power-up and the occurrence of the associated trip fault. The time that is shown by these parameters can be compared to parameter 123 [Power Up Marker] for the time from the most recent power-up. Therefore, [Fault x Time] - [Power Up Marker] = Time difference to the most recent power- up. A negative value indicates that the fault occurred before the most recent power-up. A positive value	Units: 0.0001 Hr	
		132	up. A negative value indicates that the fault occurred before the most recent power-up. [Contact Off Cnfg] Configures faults that force the main contactor off in case of fault. This configuration is only possible if the predicontactor is off or controlled over the network (digital output selection) and the AFE is supplied by an external 24V DC power supply. This configuration provides an option to protect the AFE when the AFE is faulted, modulating is stopped, and the current can still flow through the IGBT diode. Bit Image: Default Image: Default <th>harge ee motoring command from fault* command from fault rt function is disabled. Default: 1.00</th>	harge ee motoring command from fault* command from fault rt function is disabled. Default: 1.00	
			Sets the operating level for the AFE overload. (AFE rated current) x (AFE OL Factor) = Operating Level	Min/Max: 0.50/1.50 Units: None	

File	Group	No.	Parameter Name and Description	Values	
UTILITY	Alarms	135	[Alarm Config] Enables/disables alarm conditions that initiate an AFE alarm. Bit Definition 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 Enabled Default x x x x 1 1 1 Enabled 0 Enabled 1 Enabled 0 Enable	C Ref Lo Lmt]. ef Hi Lmt]. s Lo Alarm]. Alarm]. Default: Options:	0 Ready 0 Ready
					1 Clr Alarm Que
		137 138	[Alarm 1 Code]	Default:	Read Only
		130	[Alarm 3 Code]	Min/Max:	0/65535 None
		140	[Alarm 4 Code]	units.	none

Communication File

File	Group	No.	Parameter Name and Description	Values					
		150	[DPI Baud Rate]	Default:	Read Only				
			Displays the '500 kbps' baud rate that DPI uses for peripherals attached to the AFE.						
		151	[Cnvrtr Logic Rslt]		Read Only				
	nm Control		Captures and displays the final Logic Command that results from the combination of all DPI and discrete inputs. This parameter has the same structure as the product-specific Logic Command received via DPI, and is used in peer-to-peer communications.						
			Bit Definition x						
	3	152	[DPI Port Sel]	Default:	1 DPI Port 1				
			Selects which DPI port reference value appears in parameter 153 [DPI Port Value].	Options:	 DPI Port 1 DPI Port 2 DPI Port 3 DPI Port 4 DPI Port 5 				
		153	[DPI Port Value]	Default:	Read Only				
NO			Displays the value of the DPI reference selected in parameter 152 [DPI Port Sel].	Min/Max: Units:	0.0/1500.0V DC 0.1V DC				
ICATI		154	[Logic Mask]						
NNN			Sets which adapters can control the AFE. If the bit for an adapter is set to '0', the adapter has no control						
WO			functions except for stop.						
Ŭ			Bit Definition State State<						
			Default x x x x x x x 1 1 1 1 1 0 = Control Masked						
			Bit 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 X = Keserved						
	Ś	155	[Fault Clr Mask]	See [Logic N	1ask1.				
	wne	0	Sets which adapters can clear a fault.						
	0 pu	156	[Stop Owner]		Read Only				
	sks a		Displays the adapters that are presently issuing a valid stop command.						
	Ma		Bit Dol Port 2 Definition Dol Port 2 Dol Por						
			Default x x x x x x x x x x x 0 0 0 0 1 output/ssuing Comman	nd					
			Bit 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 = No Command						
		157	[Start Nwner]	See [Ston O	wnerl				
		157	Displays the adapters that are presently issuing a valid start command.	5cc <u>15top 01</u>	mien.				
		158	[Fault Clr Owner]	See [Stop Ov	wner].				
			Displays the adapters that are presently clearing a fault.						

File	Group	No.	Parameter Name and Description	Values
		170 171	[Data In A1] - Link A Word 1 [Data In A2] - Link A Word 2 Sets the parameter number whose value is written from a communication device data table. If parameters that can only be changed while the unit is stopped are used as datalink inputs, they are not updated until the unit is stopped. See the communication adapter User Manual for datalink information.	Default: 0 (0 = Disabled) Min/Max: 0/236 Units: None
		172 173	[Data In B1] - Link B Word 1 [Data In B2] - Link B Word 2	See <u>[Data In A1] - Link A Word 1 [Data In A2] -</u> Link A Word 2.
ICATION	Datalinks	174 175	[Data In C1] - Link C Word 1 [Data In C2] - Link C Word 2	See [Data In A1] - Link A Word 1 [Data In A2] - Link A Word 2.
COMMUNIC		176 177	[Data In D1] - Link D Word 1 [Data In D2] - Link D Word 2	See [Data In A1] - Link A Word 1 [Data In A2] - Link A Word 2.
		180 181	[Data Out A1] - Link A Word 1 [Data Out A2] - Link A Word 2 Sets the parameter number whose value is written to a communication device data table.	Default:0 (0 = Disabled)Min/Max:0/236Units:None
		182 183	[Data Out B1] - Link B Word 1 [Data Out B2] - Link B Word 2	See [Data Out A1] - Link A Word 1 [Data Out A2] - Link A Word 2.
		184 185	[Data Out C1] - Link C Word 1 [Data Out C2] - Link C Word 2	See <u>[Data Out A1] - Link A Word 1 [Data Out A2] -</u> Link A Word 2.
		186 187	[Data Out D1] - Link D Word 1 [Data Out D2] - Link D Word 2	See [Data Out A1] - Link A Word 1 [Data Out A2] - Link A Word 2.

Inputs and Outputs File

File	Group	No.	Parameter Name and Description	Values	
INPUTS and OUTPUTS		200	[Anlg In Config] Selects the mode for the analog inputs. Bit Definition Image: Colspan="6">Image: Colspan="6" Image: Colspa=""Colspa=""Colspa="" Image: Colspan="6" Image: Colspa="		
		201	[Analog In 1 Hi] Sets the highest input value to the Analog Input 1 scaling block. Parameter 200 [Anlg In Config] defines if this input is -/+10V or 420 mA.	Default: Min/Max: Units:	10.000V 4.000/20.000 mA -/+10.000V 0.001 mA 0.001V
	Analog Inputs	202	202 [Analog In 1 Lo] D. Sets the lowest input value to the Analog Input 1 scaling block. M Parameter 200 [Anlg In Config] defines if this input is -/+10V or 420 mA. U		0.000V 4.000/20.000 mA -/+10.000V 0.001 mA 0.001V
		203	[Analog In 1 Loss] Selects the AFE action when an analog signal loss is detected. Signal loss is defined as an analog signal less than 1V or 2 mA. The signal loss event ends and normal operation resumes when the input signal level is greater than or equal to 1.5V or 3 mA.	Default: Options:	0 Disabled 0 Disabled 1 Fault 2 Hold Input 3 Set Input Lo 4 Set Input Hi
		204	[Analog In 2 Hi] Sets the highest input value to the Analog Input 2 scaling block. Parameter 200 [Anlg In Config] defines if this input is -/+10V or 420 mA.	Default: Min/Max: Units:	10.000V 4.000/20.000 mA -/+10.000V 0.001 mA 0.001V
		205	[Analog In 2 Lo] Sets the lowest input value to the Analog Input 2 scaling block. Parameter 200 [Anlg In Config] defines if this input is -/+10V or 420 mA.	Default: Min/Max: Units:	0.000V 4.000/20.000 mA -/+10.000V 0.001 mA 0.001V
		206	[Analog In 2 Loss] Selects the AFE action when an analog signal loss is detected. Signal loss is defined as an analog signal less than 1V or 2 mA. The signal loss event ends and normal operation resumes when the input signal level is greater than or equal to 1.5V or 3 mA.	Default: Options:	0 Disabled 0 Disabled 1 Fault 2 Hold Input 3 Set Input Lo 4 Set Input Hi
	og Outputs	207	[Anlg Out Config] Selects the mode for the analog outputs. Bit Definition Image: Select stress of the analog outputs selects the mode for the analog outputs. Bit Definition Image: Select stress of the analog outputs. Image: Select stress of the analog outputs.<		
	Analo		Defaultxx </td <td>-10V</td> <td></td>	-10V	

e	dno	No.	Parameter Name a	nd Description				Values	
Ē	Ū	200		1					
		208	[Anig Out Absolute]	 ianad value ar abco	luto valuo of a para	motor is used before bein	a ccaled to drive	the analog	
			output.	igned value of abso	fute value of a para	meter is used before being	g scaled to drive	the analog	
			Rit			7 12			
			Definition			g Out			
						Analo			
			Default x x	x x x x x	x x x x	x x x 1 1	1 = Absolute 0 = Signed		
			Bit 15 14	13 12 11 10 9	8 7 6 5	4 3 2 1 0	x = Reserved		
					•				
		209	[Analog Out1 Sel]	Analan Outnut 1				Default:	0 = Input Volt
					1 -1	[August 12]		Options:	See lable
			Options	[Analog Out I Lo] Parameter [Anig	vaiue)ut Absolut] =	Value			
				Signed	Absolute				
			0 Input Volt	OV AC	OV AC	200% Rated ⁽²⁾			
			1 AC Line Freq	-63.0 Hz	0 Hz	63.0 Hz			
			2 Total Curr	0 Amps	0 Amps	200% Rated ⁽³⁾			
			4 ReactiveCurr	-200% Rated	0 Amps	200% Rated ⁽³⁾			
	5 Inpu 6 Inpu		5 Input Curr R	0 Amps	0 Amps	200% Rated ⁽³⁾			
		6 Input Curr S	0 Amps	0 Amps	200% Rated ⁽³⁾				
OUTPUTS			7 Input Curr T	0 Amps	0 Amps	200% Rated ⁽³⁾			
			9 DC Bus Curr	-200% Rated	0 Amps	200% Rated ⁽³⁾			
			10 AC Line kW	-200% Rated	0 kW	200% Rated ⁽⁴⁾			
			11 AC Line kVar	-200% Rated	0 kVar	200% Rated ⁽⁴⁾			
	og Outputs		12 AC Line kVA	0 kVA	0 kVA	200% Rated (*)			
			14 DC Bus V Ref	P080 [V DC]	P080 [V DC]	P081 [V DC]			
and			15 Param Cntl ⁽¹⁾	_	_	_			
UTS	Anal		16 TestPt Data1	-32767	0	32767			
N			(1) Parameter controlled Set in parameter 217	analog output allows PL [Anlg Out1 Setpt] and pa	C to control analog outpu irameter 218 [Anlg Out2	ıts through datalinks. Setpt1.			
			(2) 100% corresponds to	parameter 031 [Rated V	olts].				
			(4) 100% corresponds to	parameter 032 [Rated k	N].				
		210	[Analog Out1 Hi]					Dofault:	20.000 mA 10.000V
		210	Sets the Analog Output	it 1 value when the	source value is at n	naximum.		Min/Mav	4 000/20 000 mA
			Sets the malog outpe					-/+10.000V	
							1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 Absolute 0 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1<		
	Ana	24.5							0.001V
		211	[Analog Out1 Lo]	به محمد بالدين	cource value is at -	ainimum		Default:	U.UUU MA, U.UUUV
			Sets the Analog Outpu	ut i value when the	source value is at n	ninimum.		Min/Max:	4.000/20.000 mA -/+10.000V
								Units:	0.001 mA
									0.001V
		212	[Analog Out2 Sel]					Default:	0 = AC Line Freq
			Selects the source for	Analog Output 2.				Options:	See <u>[Analog Out1 Sel]</u> Table
		213	[Analog Out2 Hi]					Default:	20.000 mA, 10.000V
			Sets the Analog Outpu	ut 2 value when the	source value is at n	naximum.		Min/Max:	4.000/20.000 mA
								Units:	-/+10.000V 0.001 mA
									0.001V
		214	[Analog Out2 Lo]					Default:	0.000 mA, 0.000V
			Sets the Analog Outpu	ut 2 value when the	source value is at n	ninimum.		Min/Max:	4.000/20.000 mA
								Unite	-/+10.000V
								UIIIIS.	0.001V

File	Group	No.	Parameter Name and Description	Values	
		215	[Anlg Out1 Scale]	Default:	0.0
File		32	Sets the high value for the range of Analog Output 1 scale. Entering '0.0' disables this scale and the maximum scale is used.	Min/Max: Units:	Based on <u>[Analog Out1 Sel]</u> Based on <u>[Analog Out1 Sel]</u>
			Example: If parameter 209 [Analog Out1 Sel] = 'DC Bus Volt', the maximum value is 2 * parameter 031 [Rated Volts] = 800V DC. By setting parameter 215 [Anlg Out1 Scale] = 600V DC, then 600V DC instead of 800V DC is used for the parameter 210 [Analog Out1 Hi] value at the analog output.		
		216	[Anlg Out2 Scale]	Default:	0.0
		32	Sets the high value for the range of Analog Output 2 scale. Entering '0.0' disables this scale and max scale is used.	Min/Max: Units:	Based on <u>[Analog Out2 Sel]</u> Based on <u>[Analog Out2 Sel]</u>
	alog Output:		Example: If parameter 212 [Analog Out2 Sel] = 'DC Bus Volt', the maximum value is 2 * parameter 031 [Rated Volts] = 800V DC. By setting parameter 216 [Anlg Out2 Scale] = 600V DC, then 600V DC instead of 800V DC is used for the parameter 213 [Analog Out2 Hi] value at the analog output.		
	An	217	[Anlg Out1 Setpt]	Default:	0.000 mA, 0.000V
			Sets the Analog Output 1 value from a communication device.	Min/Max:	4.000/20.000 mA
			Example: Set parameter 170 [Data In A1] to '217' (value from communication device). Then set parameter 209 [Analog Out1 Sel] to 'Param Cntl'.	Units:	-/+10.000V 0.001 mA 0.001V
		218	[Anlg Out2 Setpt]	Default:	0.000 mA, 0.000V
			Sets the Analog Output 2 value from a communication device.	Min/Max:	4.000/20.000 mA
			Example: Set parameter 171 [Data In A2] to '218' (value from communication device). Then set unit		-/+10.000V
IS			parameter 212 [Analog Out2 Sel] to 'Param Cntl'.	Units:	0.001 mA
UTPU		221	[Digital In1 Sel]	Default In1 [.]	1 Run
10 P		222	[Digital In2 Sel]	Default In2:	2 Clear Fault
lS ar		223	[Digital In3 Sel]	Default In3:	3 Enable Mcont
IUU		224	[Digital In4 Sel] [Digital In5 Sel] (Only this parameter is fixed and non-configurable)	Default In4:	6 CONTACTORACK 4 ICL OverTemp
=		226	[Digital Ind Sel]	Default In6:	5 Not Used
		0	Selects the function for the digital inputs.	Options:	0 Not Used
			1 (Run) - Selects the digital input to command the AFE to start modulating as long as the stop input is not on. It is selectable for other functions, if the Run is controlled over DPI.		1 Run 2 Clear Fault
	uts		2 (Clear Fault) - Selects the digital input, if a fault is pending, to clear it if the condition is no longer present. It is also selectable if this function is controlled by Comm Bus.		3 Aux Fault 4 LCL OverTemp
			3 (Aux Fault) - Selects the digital input to be a customer-supplied external signal wired into the AFE unit. Opening this contact issues an external fault command, disabling the converter.		5 LCL Fan Stop 6 ContactorAck
	Į.		4 (LCL OverTemp) - Selects the digital input to be used as temperature protection to the LCL filter.		7 EXCLUNK 8 Enable
	Digita		5 (LCL Fan Stop) - Selects the digital input to be used as an acknowledge signal from the LCL filter fan operation.		9 Enable Mcont 10 Mcont Off
			6 (ContactorAck) - Selects the digital input to be used as an acknowledge signal from the main contactor.		
			7 (Excl Link) - Selects the digital input to control a digital output.		
			8 (Enable) - Selects the digital input to allow a Run command. If J5 jumper on the digital input card is removed, the enable function is assigned to Digital Input 6 (enable input) and creates a fault if opened.		
			9 (Enable Mcont) - Selects the digital input, when opened, to command the main contactor to open. This option is to force the main contactor open and discharge the DC bus.		
			10 (Mcont Off) - Selects the digital input, when closed, to command the main contactor to open. This option is to force the main contactor open and discharge the DC bus.		
			We recommend not to change the factory default wiring and setting, except that [Digital In6 Sel] can be configured for any other function.		

File	Group	No.	Parameter Name and Description	Values	
		227	[Dig Out Setpt] Sets the digital output from a communication device.Example: Set parameter 172 [Data In B1] to '227' and parameter 229 [Digital Out2 Sel] to 'Param Cntl'.Digital Output 2 can be controlled by controlling Bit 1 of this parameter over Datalink B1.Bit DefinitionImage: Set parameter 172 [Data In B1] to '227' and parameter over Datalink B1.Bit DefinitionImage: Set parameter 172 [Data In B1] to '227' and parameter over Datalink B1.Bit DefinitionImage: Set parameter 172 [Data In B1] to '227' and parameter over Datalink B1.Bit BitImage: Set parameter 172 [Data In B1] to '227' and parameter over Datalink B1.Default BitImage: Set parameter 172 [Data In B1] to '227' and parameter over Datalink B1.Default BitImage: Set parameter 172 [Data In B1] to '227' and parameter 0 [Data In B1] to '227' and parameter 0 [Data In B1] to '227' and parameter over Datalink B1.Default BitImage: Set parameter 172 [Data In B1] to '227' and parameter 0 [Data In B1	gized ergized	Pood Only
		220	Digital Output 1 is specified for controlling the main contactor. This parameter is read only as '10' (Contact Ctrl).	Delault.	read only
INPUTS and OUTPUTS	Digital Outputs	229	 [Digital Out2 Sel] Selects the AFE status that energizes a (CRx) output relay. (1) Any relay that is programmed as Fault or Alarm energizes (pick up) when power is applied to the AFE and de-energizes (drop out) when a fault or alarm exists. Relays selected for other functions energize only when that condition exists and de-energizes when the condition is removed. (2) These selections correspond to bits in parameter 097 [Cnvrtr Alarm]. Therefore, these selections work only if the corresponding alarm is configured in parameter 097 [Cnvrtr Alarm]. Therefore, these selections work only if the corresponding alarm is configured in parameter 135 [Alarm Config]. (3) When a digital output is set to one of these options (for example, Input 3 Link) with Digital Input 3 set to 'Excel Link', the Digital Input 3 state (on/off) is echoed in the digital output. (4) Bit 7 of parameter 151 [Cnvrtr LogicRsIt] controls the digital output. (5) Parameter controlled digital output lets the PLC control digital outputs through data links. Set in parameter 227 [Dig Out Setpt]. (6) Charging contactor control over the network by Bit 7 of parameter 151 [Cnvrtr LogicRsIt] and as soon as the main contactor is on, the output is switched off. An impulse over the network is enough to charge. Use this feature only if the control board is supplied from an external 24V DC power supply. 	Default 1: Options:	1Fault0Not Used1Fault (1)2Alarm (1)3Ready4Active5Motoring6Regenerating7In Precharge8Current Limit9At Reference10Contact Ctrl11ContactorAck12Charge Cntrl (6)13Anlg In Loss (2)14DC UnderVolt (2)15DCRefLowLim (2)16DCRefHighLim (2)17Reserved18Input 1 6 Link (3)23LogicCmdBit (4)24Param Cntrl (5)
		230	[Dig Out2 Invert] Selects if the Digital Output 2 is inverted or not.	Default: Options:	1 True 0 False
		231	[Dig Out2 OnTime] Sets the 'ON Delay' time for Digital Output 2. This value is the time between the occurrence of a condition and activation of the relay.	Default: Min/Max: Units:	0.00 sec 0.00/163.00 sec 0.01 sec
		232	[Dig Out2 OffTime] Sets the 'OFF Delay' time for Digital Output 2. This value is the time between the disappearance of a condition and de-activation of the relay.	Default: Min/Max: Units:	0.00 sec 0.00/163.00 sec 0.01 sec
		233	[Digital Out3 Sel] See [<u>Digital Out2 Sel]</u> .	Default: Options:	4 = Active See [Digital Out2 Sel].
		234	[Dig Out3 Invert] Selects if the Digital Output 3 is inverted or not.	Default: Min/Max: Units:	0 False 0 False 1 True
		235	[Dig Out3 OnTime] Sets the 'ON Delay' time for Digital Output 3. This value is the time between the occurrence of a condition and activation of the relay.	Default: Min/Max: Units:	0.00 sec 0.00/163.00 sec 0.01 sec
		236	[Dig Out3 OffTime] Sets the 'OFF Delay' time for Digital Output 3. This value is the time between the disappearance of a condition and de-activation of the relay.	Default: Min/Max: Units:	0.00 sec 0.00/163.00 sec 0.01 sec

Parameter Cross Reference – by Name

Parameter Name	Number	Group	Page
AC Line Freq	002	Metering	<u>65</u>
AC Line kVA	015	Metering	<u>99</u>
AC Line kVar	014	Metering	<u>99</u>
AC Line kW	013	Metering	<u>99</u>
Active Current	004	Metering	<u>99</u>
Active I Ki	067	Current Loop	<u>103</u>
Active I Kp	066	Current Loop	<u>103</u>
Active I Ref	064	Current Loop	<u>103</u>
Alarm 1 @ Fault	110	Diagnostics	<u>108</u>
Alarm 2 @ Fault	111	Diagnostics	<u>108</u>
Alarm Clear	136	Alarms	<u>110</u>
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Notes:

Troubleshooting

This chapter provides information to guide you in troubleshooting the PowerFlex[®] Active Front End. Included is a listing and description of AFE faults (with possible solutions, when applicable) and alarms.

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AFE Status

The condition or state of the AFE is constantly monitored. The status indicators and/or the HIM (if present) indicate any changes.

Front Panel Indications



ltem	Name	Color	State	Description
1	PWR (power)	Green	Steady	Illuminates when power is applied to the AFE.
2	PORT ⁽¹⁾	See the Comm	unication	Status of DPI [™] port internal communication (if present).
	MOD ⁽¹⁾	Adapter User M (publication 20	Aanual DCOMM-	Status of communication adapter (when installed).
	NET A ⁽¹⁾	ÚM <i>xxx</i>)		Status of network (if connected).
	NET B ⁽¹⁾			Status of secondary network (if connected).

(1) These indicators operate only when a 20-COMM-X communication adapter is installed in the AFE and operating on the connected network.

HIM Indication

The HIM also provides visual notification of a fault or alarm condition.

Condition	Display			
AFE is indicating a fault.				
 The HIM reports the fault condition and displays the following data: 'Faulted' appears in the status line Fault number Fault name Time that has passed since fault occurred Press Esc to regain HIM control. 	F> Faulted Auto Volt Volt - Fault - F 5 DC OverVolt Time Since Fault 0000:23:52			
AFE is indicating an alarm.				
The HIM reports the alarm condition and displays the following data:	F> Power Loss Auto Volt			
 Alarm name (only type 2 alarms) Alarm bell graphic 	Main Menu: Diagnostics Parameter			

Faults and Alarms

A fault is a condition that stops the AFE. There are three fault types.

Fault Type	Fault Description	
1	Auto-reset run	When this type of fault occurs, and [Auto Rstrt Tries] (<u>page 102</u>) is set to a value greater than '0', a user-configurable timer, [Auto Rstrt Delay] (<u>page 102</u>) begins. When the timer reaches zero, the AFE attempts to reset the fault. If the condition that caused the fault is no longer present, the fault is reset and the AFE is restarted.
2	Non-resettable	This type of fault normally requires AFE or motor repair. The cause of the fault must be corrected before the fault can be cleared. After repair, the fault is reset on power-up.
3	Configurable	These faults can be enabled and disabled to annunciate or ignore a fault condition by using [Fault Config] (<u>page 109</u>).

An alarm is a condition that, if left untreated, can stop the AFE. There are two alarms types.

Alarm Type	Alarm Description	
1	Configurable	These alarms can be enabled or disabled by using [Alarm Config] (<u>page 110</u>).
2	Non-configurable	These alarms are always enabled.

See Fault and Alarm Descriptions on page 127.

Manually Clearing Faults

Steps

- 1. Press the HIM (Esc) (Escape) key to acknowledge the fault. The fault information is removed so that you can use the HIM.
- 2. Address the condition that caused the fault. The cause must be corrected before the fault can be cleared.
- 3. After corrective action has been taken, clear the fault with **one** of these methods:
 - Press the HIM () (Stop) key.
 Cycle power to the AFE.

 - Set AFE parameter 121 [Fault Clear] to '1' (Clear Faults).
 'Clear Faults' by using the HIM Diagnostic menu.

Fault and Alarm Descriptions

Table 21 - Fault/Alarm Types, Descriptions, and Actions

No.	Name	Fault	Alarm	Description	Action (if appropriate)
1	PrechargeActv		1	The charging switch is open, when the START command has been given. • Faulty operation • Component failure	Reset the fault and restart. If the fault reoccurs, contact technical support (see <u>page 135</u>).
2	Auxiliary In	1		The auxiliary input interlock is open.	Check all remote wiring.
4	DC UnderVolt	1 3	1	The DC bus voltage fell below the minimum value of 333V for 400/480V AFEs or 461V for 600/690V AFEs. You can enable/disable this fault with parameter 120 [Fault Config].	Monitor the incoming AC line for low voltage or power interruption.
5	DC OverVolt	1		The DC bus voltage exceeded the maximum value of 911V for 400/480V AFEs or 1200V for 600/690V AFEs.	 Check if the AFE was in a regenerative current limit condition, which can indicate an excess regenerative load. Adjust parameter [Regen Power Lmt]. Monitor incoming AC line for high voltage or voltage transients.
7	Overload	3		When input current exceeds 125% for 60 seconds or 150% for 30 seconds. The overload is a linear type in counting up.	Reduce the current consumption of the AFE or increase parameter 133 [Cnvrtr OL Factor].
8	HeatsinkOvrTp	2	1	The heatsink temperature has exceeded the maximum allowable value. 85 °C (185 °F) = Alarm 90 °C (194 °F) = Fault	 Verify that the maximum ambient temperature has not been exceeded. Check the fans (including the ASIC board on frame 10 and higher converters). Check for an excess load.
9	IGBT OverTemp	1		The output transistors have exceeded their maximum operating temperature due to an excessive load.	 Verify that the maximum ambient temperature has not been exceeded. Check the fan or fans. Check for an excess load.
10	System Fault	2		A hardware problem exists in the power structure.	 Cycle the power. Verify the fiber-optic connections. Contact technical support (see <u>page 135</u>). If the problem persists, replace the converter unit.
12	AC OverCurr	1		The AC line current has exceeded the hardware current limit.	Check programming for an excess load or other causes of excess current.
13	Ground Fault	1		A current path to earth ground exists that is greater than the parameter 082 [Ground Lvl] value. The current must appear for 800 milliseconds before the unit will fault.	Check the cables.
14	Converter Flt	2		A hardware problem exists in the power structure.	 Cycle the power. Contact technical support (see <u>page 135</u>). If the problem persists, replace the converter unit.

No.	Name	It	E	Description	Action (if appropriate)
		Fau	Ala		
17	LineSync Fail	2 3	1	One input line phase is missing.	 Check all user-supplied fuses. Check the AC input line voltage.
19	Unbalanced PU	2		An imbalance between the power modules exists (paralleled units - only Frame 13).	 Check for DC voltage imbalance between the power modules. Check for current input imbalance between the power modules.
21	Phase Loss	2		There is no current in one of the three phases.	Check supply voltage, fuses, and cable.
29	Anlg In Loss	1 3	1	An analog input is configured to fault on a signal loss. A signal loss has occurred. Configure this fault with parameter [Anlg In x Loss].	 Check parameter settings. Check for broken/loose connections at the inputs.
30	MicroWatchdog	2		A microprocessor watchdog timeout has occurred.	 Cycle the power. Replace the main control board.
31	IGBT Temp Hw	2		The drive output current has exceeded the instantaneous current limit.	 Check for an excess load. Contact technical support (see <u>page 135</u>).
32	Fan Cooling	2		Fan is not energized at start command.	 Check the status of parameter 097 [Cnvrtr Alarm 1] bit 5 (LCL Fan Stop). If set to '1', check the fan on the LCL filter. If set to '0', check the fan on the converter. If the LCL filter fan is not operating, check its DC power supply.
33	AutoReset Lim	3		The AFE unsuccessfully attempted to reset a fault and resumed running for the programmed number in parameter 053 [Auto Rstrt Tries]. You can enable/ disable this fault with parameter 120 [Fault Config].	Correct the cause and manually clear the fault.
34	CAN Bus Flt	2		A sent message was not acknowledged.	 Cycle the power. Replace the main control board.
35	Application	1		Problem in application software with task overload.	Contact technical support (see page 135).
37	HeatsinkUndTp	1		The ambient temperature is too low.	Raise the ambient temperature.
44	Device Change	2		The new power unit or option board that is installed is a different type.	Clear the fault and reset the AFE to the default configurations.
45	Device Add	2		A new option board was added.	Clear the fault.
47	NvsReadChksum	2		There is an error reading parameters 019 [Motoring MWh], 020 [Regen MWh], and 021 [Elapsed Run Time] from EEPROM.	 Cycle the power. Replace the main control board.
54	Zero Divide	2		This event occurred because a mathematical function had a dividend of zero.	 Cycle the power. Replace the main control board.
58	Start Prevent	1		Startup has been prevented.	 Cancel prevention of startup if the cancellation can be done safely. Remove Run Request.
65	I/O Removed	2		An I/O option board has been removed.	Clear the fault.
70	Power Unit	1		One or more of the IGBTs were operating in the active region instead of desaturation. Excessive transistor current or insufficient base drive voltage causes this fault.	Clear the fault.
71	Periph Loss	2		The 20-COMM- <i>x</i> communication adapter has a fault on the network side.	Check the DPI device event queue and corresponding fault information for the device.

Table 21 - Fault/Alarm Types, Descriptions, and Actions (Continued)

No.	Name	Fault	Alarm	Description	Action (if appropriate)
81	Port DPI Loss	2		The DPI port has stopped communicating. A SCANport™ device was connected to a drive operating DPI devices at 500k baud.	 If the adapter was not intentionally disconnected, check the wiring to the port. Replace the wiring, port expander, adapters, main control board, or complete AFE as required. Check the HIM connection. If an adapter was intentionally disconnected and the [Logic Mask] bit for that adapter is set to '1', this fault occurs. To disable this fault, set the bit in parameter [Logic Mask] for the adapter to '0'.
94	Hardware Enbl	2		An enable signal is missing from the control terminal block.	 Check the control wiring. Check the position of the hardware enable jumper. Check the digital input programming.
100	Param Chksum	2		The checksum read from the main control board does not match the checksum calculated.	 Restore the AFE to the default configurations. Cycle the power. Reload User Set, if used.
104	PwrBrd Chksum	2		The checksum read from the EEPROM does not match the checksum calculated from the EEPROM data.	 Cycle the power. Contact technical support (see <u>page 135</u>). If the problem persists, replace the AFE.
106	MCB-PB Config	2		The AFE rating information that is stored on the power board is incompatible with the main control board.	 Reset the fault or cycle the power. Replace the main control board.
107	New IO Option	2		A new option board was added to the main control board.	 Restore the AFE to default configurations. Reprogram parameters as necessary.
113	Fatal App	2		A fatal application error has occurred.	Replace the main control board.
120	I/O Change	2		An option board has been replaced.	Reset the fault.
121	I/O Comm Loss	2		An I/O board lost communications with the main control board.	 Check the connector. Check for induced noise. Replace I/O board or main control board.

Table 21 - Fault/Alarm	Types, Descriptions, and	l Actions (Continued)
------------------------	--------------------------	-----------------------

No.	Name	Fault	Alarm	Description	Action (if appropriate)
125	LCL OverTemp	1		The LCL filter has been overheated or the signal is not connected to input.	Check the LCL filter sensor connections, the fan, and fan power supply.
				There are nine total thermal switches that are connect of each filter	ted in series to monitor temperature inside the coil inductor.
				Thermal Switch 1 Thermal	Switch 9 To Digital
				X52 is on the	LCL filter.
				X52 approxim	nate location
				Trame 10 LCL Filter	Frame 13 LCL Filter
128	Contact Fdbk		2	The input of the acknowledge signal from the main contactor is missing.	Check if the main contactor is closed. Check the wiring of the feedback signal.
133	DigInConflict		2	Digital input functions are in conflict.	Check the parameter settings to correct the problem.
138	DCRefLowLim		1	DC voltage reference is less than the limit in parameter 080 [DC Ref Lo Lmt].	Check the parameter setting.
139	DCRefHighLim		1	DC voltage reference exceeds the limit in parameter 081 [DC Ref Hi Lmt].	Check the parameter setting.
140	DCBusLoAlarm		1	DC voltage is less than the value set by parameter 078 [DC Bus Lo Alarm].	Check the parameter setting.
141	DCBusHiAlarm		1	DC voltage exceeds the value set by parameter 079 [DC Bus Hi Alarm].	Check the parameter setting.

Table 21 - Fault/Alarm Types, Descriptions, and Actions (Continued)

Fault/Alarm	t	E	
Name	No.	Faul	Alar
AC OverCurr	12	х	
Anlg In Loss	29	х	х
Application	35	х	
AutoReset Lim	33	х	
Auxiliary In	2	х	
CAN Bus Flt	34	х	
Contact Fdbk	128		х
Converter Flt	14	х	
DC OverVolt	5	х	
DC UnderVolt	4	х	x
DCBusHiAlarm	141		х
DCBusLoAlarm	140		х
DCRefHighLim	139		х
DCRefLowLim	138		х
Device Add	45	х	
Device Change	44	х	
Digln Cnflct	133		x
Fan Cooling	32	х	
Fatal App	113	х	
Ground Fault	13	х	
Hardware Enbl	94	х	
HeatsinkOvrTp	8	х	x
HeatsinkUndTp	37	х	

Table 22 -	Fault/Alarm	Cross-reference	– By Name
------------	-------------	-----------------	-----------

Fault/Alarm		lt	E	
Name	No.	Fau	Alaı	
I/O Change	120	х		
I/O Comm Loss	121	х		
I/O Removed	65	х		
IGBT OverTemp	9	х		
IGBT Temp Hw	31	х		
LCL OverTemp	125	х		
LineSync Fail	17	х	х	
MCB-PB Config	106	х		
MicroWatchdog	30	х		
New IO Option	107	х		
NvsReadChksum	47	х		
Overload	7	х		
Param Chksum	100	х		
Periph Loss	71	х		
Phase Loss	21	х		
Port DPI Loss	81	х		
Power Unit	70	х		
PrechargeActv	1		х	
PwrBrd Chksum	104	х		
Start Prevent	58	х		
System Fault	10	х		
Unbalanced PU	19	х		
Zero Divide	54	х		

Clear the Alarms

Alarms are automatically cleared when the condition that caused the alarm is no longer present.

Common Symptoms and Corrective Actions

Table 23 - AFE Does Not Start from Start or Run Inputs Wired to the Terminal Block

Causes	Indication	Corrective Action
AFE is faulted	Flashing red status light	Clear fault. Press the HIM (Stop) key. Cycle power to the AFE. Set parameter 121 [Fault Clear] to '1' (Clear Faults); see page 109. 'Clear Faults' by using the HIM diagnostic menu.
Incorrect input wiring; see <u>Control Wiring</u> on page 40 or <u>Control Wiring on page 74</u> for wiring examples.	None	Wire inputs correctly and/or install jumper.
IMPORTANT: Jumper between terminals 17, 18, and 20 is required when using the 24V DC internal supply.		

Causes	Indication	Corrective Action
Incorrect digital input programming.	None	Program [Digital Inx Sel] for correct inputs (see <u>page 115</u>). Run programming can be missing.
There is some other start inhibit.	Check status bits of parameter 100 [Start Inhibits].	Correct the source of the inhibit.

Table 24 - Instability in the AC Line Input Current and DC Bus Voltage

Causes	Indication	Corrective Action
AC line voltage more than 5% above normal.	Instability in AC line current and DC bus voltage. Can trip on fault F7 'Overload'.	Increase parameter 060 [DC Volt Ref] proportional to the percentage of the AC line voltage above nominal.
Negative reactive I Ref on parameter 065 [Reactive I Ref] with a soft (high impedance) AC line.	Instability in AC line current and DC bus voltage. Can trip an F7 overload.	Change parameter 065 [Reactive I Ref] value to zero. Verify if the AFE is running on a soft line per AC line source considerations.



Figure 44 - AFE Start Sequence Troubleshooting Diagram



Figure 45 - AFE Fault Handling Sequence Troubleshooting Diagram

Technical Support

When you contact technical support, be prepared to provide this information:

- Order number
- Product catalog number and drives series number (if applicable)
- Product serial number
- Firmware revision level (verify with parameter 033 [Control SW Ver])
- Most recent fault code
- Your application

The data that are contained in the following parameters helps in initial troubleshooting of a faulted drive. Record the data provided for each listed parameter in this table.

Parameter	Name	Description	Recorded Parameter Data
104	Fault Frequency	Captures and displays the AC line frequency at time of last fault.	
105	Fault Total Curr	Captures and displays the DC bus amps at time of last fault.	
106	Fault Bus Volts	Captures and displays the DC bus voltage at time of last fault.	
107	Fault Temp	Captures and displays the heatsink temperature at time of last fault.	
108	Status 1 @ Fault	Captures and displays [Cnvrtr Status 1] bit pattern at time of last fault.	
109	Status 2 @ Fault	Captures and displays [Cnvrtr Status 2] bit pattern at time of last fault.	
110	Alarm 1 @ Fault	Captures and displays [Cnvrtr Alarm 1] bit pattern at time of last fault.	
111	Alarm 2 @ Fault	Captures and displays [Cnvrtr Alarm 2] bit pattern at time of last fault.	
124	Fault 1 Code	Displays a code that represents the fault that tripped the AFE. The codes appear in these	
126	Fault 2 Code	parameters in the order they occur ([Fault Code] equals the most recent fault).	
128	Fault 3 Code	*	
130	Fault 4 Code	*	
125	Fault 1 Time	Displays the time between initial unit power-up and the occurrence of the associated trip	
127	Fault 2 Time	Fault. Can be compared to [Power Up Marker] for the time from the most recent power-up. [Fault x Time] - [Power Up Marker] = Time difference to the most recent power-up. A	
129	Fault 3 Time	negative value indicates that fault occurred before most recent power-up. A positive value	
131	Fault 4 Time		
137140	Alarm Code 14	Displays a code that represents a converter alarm. The codes appear in the order they occur ([Alarm 1 Code] = the most recent alarm). A time stamp is not available with alarms.	

Notes:

Supplemental Information

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Specifications

This table provides certification information.

Certifications	Description
C-UL-US	UL and C-UL Listed to UL508C and CAN/CSA - 22.2 No. 14-05. UL Listing is applicable up to 600V AC.
CE	Marked for all applicable European Directives ⁽¹⁾ EMC Directive (2014/35/EU) EN 61800-3 Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems - Part 3: EMC requirements and specific test methods Low Voltage Directive (2014/30/EU) EN 61800-5-1 Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems - Part 5-1: Safety requirements - Electrical, thermal and energy
КСС	Korean KC registration ⁽²⁾
Regulatory compliance mark (RCM)	Certified by Rockwell Automation to be in conformity with the requirements of the applicable Australian legislation and standards referenced here: IEC 61800-3
The AFE is also design NFPA 70 - US Natio	e en to meet the following specifications: nal Electrical Code I Chandrad for Inductrial Machinery 2002 Edition

NFPA 79 - Electrical Standard for Industrial Machinery 2002 Edition NEMA ICS 7.0 - Safety standards for Construction and Guide for Selection, Installation and Operation of

Adjustable Speed Drive Systems

(1) Applied noise impulses can be counted with the standard pulse train. These applied noise impulses can cause erroneously high [Pulse Freq] readings.

(2) Registration KCC-REM-RAA-20A. See the certificate of registration for specific drive catalog numbers that have this certification.

Category	Specification						
Protection	AFE Voltage Class	380/400V	480V	600V	690V		
	Bus overvoltage trip	911V DC	911V DC	1200V DC	1200V DC		
	Bus undervoltage shutoff/fault	333V DC	333V DC	461V DC	461V DC		
	Heat sink thermistor Monitored by microprocessor overtemp trip						
	Ground fault protection	Yes					
	Input phase loss protection Yes						
	Input overcurrent protection	Input overcurrent protection Yes					
	Overtemperature protection	Yes					
	LCL filter overtemperature protection	Yes					
	Line transients	Up to 6000V pea	ık per IEEE C62.41	-1991			
	Control logic noise immunity	Showering arc ti	ransients up to 15	00V peak			
	Ground fault trip	DC bus-to-grour	nd current exceeds	par 082 [Ground	l I Lvl] value		
Environment	Altitude	1000 m (3300 ft) max. without de	rating			
	Max surrounding air temperature without derating	040 °C (32 (95 °F). See <u>Dera</u> (95 °F).	. 104 °F); Frame 13 ating Guidelines o	3 600/690V AFE i <u>n page 139</u> for de	s rated at 35 °C erating above 35 °C		
	Storage temperature (all constructions)	-40+60 °C (-40+140 °F)				
	Atmosphere	Important: The ambient atmosp If the AFE is not area where it is	Important: The AFE unit must not be installed in an area where the ambient atmosphere contains volatile or corrosive gas, vapors, or dust. If the AFE is not going to be installed for some time, store the AFE in an area where it is not exposed to a corrosive atmosphere.				
	Relative humidity 595% noncondensing						
	Shock (non-operational)	15G peak for 11 ms duration EN50178 / EN60068-2-27					
	Vibration	1 mm (0.039 in.) displacement, 1G peak EN50178 / EN60068-2-6					
	Sound:						
	Frame 10	71 dB at 1 m (3.28 ft)					
	Frame 13	80 dB at 1 m (3.	28 ft)				
Electrical	AC input voltage tolerance	±10%					
	Frequency tolerance	4863 Hz					
	Input phases	Three-phase inp operated with si	ut provides full ra ngle-phase input	ting for all AFEs.	The AFE cannot be		
	Displacement power factor	1.0 default acros	ss entire range				
	Efficiency	97.5% at rated a	imps, nominal line	e volts			
	Short circuit rating:AFE Frame 10 in IP20AFE Frame 13 in IP20AFE in IP21 or AFE IP00	 100 kA for 40 100 kA for 40 Determined 	00/480V unit; 65 k 00/480V unit; 100 by AIC rating of in:	A for 600/690V u kA for 600/690V stalled fuse/circu	init unit it breaker		
Control	AFE Voltage Class	380/400V	480V	600V	690V		
	DC output voltage range	462702	583842	700932	8021071		
	Method	Sine-coded PWM					
	Carrier frequency	3.6 kHz					
	Intermittent overload: • Normal duty • Heavy duty	 110% overload capability for up to 1 minute 150% overload capability for up to 1 minute (this heavy-duty ration does not apply to France 12 COV/COV/AFF 					
	Current limit capability	Current limit programmable from 20150% of rated input current.					

Derating Guidelines

The following charts illustrate derating guidelines based on conditions.



Ambient Temperature/Load

Altitude/Load 400/480V AC Input



Altitude/Load 600/690V AC Input



AFE Current Ratings and Watts Loss

The following tables provide PowerFlex Active Front End current ratings (including continuous and 1 minute) and typical watts loss.

400 Volt AC Input Ratings

AFE Catalog Number	Frame Size	kW Rat	ing	PWM Freq.	AC Input Amps		AC Input Amps DC Out Amps		DC Output Amps	Typical Watts Loss
		ND	HD	kHz	Cont.	1 Min.	Cont.			
20YD460	10	309	—	3.6	460 A	506 A	520 A	8000 W		
			258	3.6	385 A	578 A	435 A			
20YD1K3	13	873	_	3.6	1300 A	1430 A	1469 A	23,000 W		
			772	3.6	1150 A	1725 A	1299 A			

480 Volt AC Input Ratings

AFE Catalog Number	Frame Size	Hp Rati	ng	PWM Freq.	AC Input Amps		DC Output Amps	Typical Watts Loss
		ND	HD	kHz	Cont.	1 Min.	Cont.	
20YD460	10	497	—	3.6	460 A	506 A	520 A	8000 W
		—	416	3.6	385 A	578 A	435 A	
20YD1K3	13	1404	—	3.6	1300 A	1430 A	1469 A	23,000 W
		—	1242	3.6	1150 A	1725 A	1299 A	

600 Volt AC Input Ratings

AFE Catalog Number	Frame Size	Hp Rati	ng	PWM Freq.	AC Input Amps		PWM AC Input Amps Freq.		DC Output Amps	Typical Watts Loss
		ND	HD	kHz	Cont.	1 Min.	Cont.			
20YF325	10	439	_	3.6	325 A	358 A	367 A	8000 W		
			324	3.6	240 A	360 A	272 A			
20YF1K0	13 ⁽¹⁾	1390	—	3.6	1030 A	1133 A	1164 A	26,000 W		

(1) Heavy-duty rating does not apply to Frame 13 600/690V AFE.

690 Volt AC Input Ratings

AFE Catalog Number	Frame Size	kW Rat	ing	PWM Freq.	AC Input Amps		AC Input Amps		DC Output Amps	Typical Watts Loss
		ND	HD	kHz	Cont.	1 Min.	Cont.			
20YF325	10	376	—	3.6	325 A	358 A	367 A	8000 W		
		—	278	3.6	240 A	360 A	272 A			
20YF1K0	13 ⁽¹⁾	1193	—	3.6	1030 A	1133 A	1164 A	26,000 W		

(1) Heavy-duty rating does not apply to Frame 13 600/690V AFE.

Fusing and Circuit Breakers for AFE in IP20 2500 MCC Style Enclosure

AC Input Fuse and Circuit Breaker Ratings

The tables in this section provide the recommended AC input line fuses and circuit breakers. The AFE in an IP20 2500 MCC Style enclosure includes the recommended AC input fusing and circuit breaker.

400/480 Volt AC Fusing and Circuit Breaker Ratings

Frame Size	Fuse Rating	I	Main Circuit Breaker Rating			
	Amps	Bussman Type	Amps	ABB Type		
10	800 A	170M6696	600 A	T5L600BW		
13	2200 A 170M7090		1600 A	T8VBC3FC000000xx		

600/690	Volt AC	Fusing an	d Circuit I	Breaker	Ratings

Frame Size	Fuse Rating	I	Main Circuit Breaker Rating		
	Amps	Bussman Type	Amps	АВВ Туре	
10		630 A	170M6694	400 A	T5L400BW
13		1800 A 170M7532		1600 A	T8VBC3FC000000xx

DC Bus Output Fuse Ratings

DC Bus Output fuses must be used for short circuit protection. The tables in this section provide the ratings of the DC Bus Output fuses used for the AFE in an IP20 2500 MCC Style enclosure.

465...800 Volt DC Fusing

Frame	Fuse Rating					
Size	Amps	Bussman Type				
10	1100 A	170M6499				
13	1100 A (2 per phase)	170M6499				

^{640...1100} Volt DC Fusing

Frame	Fuse Rating					
Size	Amps	Bussman Type				
10	630 A	170M6454				
13	630 A (2 per phase)	170M6454				

Fusing and Circuit Breakers for AFE in IP21 Rittal Enclosure

AC Input Fuse and Circuit Breaker Ratings

The tables in this section provide the recommended AC input line fuses and circuit breakers. The AFE in an IP21 Rittal enclosure includes the recommended MCCB (motor-controlled circuit breaker).

400/480 Volt AC Fusing and MCCB Ratings

Frame Size	Fuse Ratings	MCCB Ratings			
	Amps	Bussman Type ⁽¹⁾	Ferraz Shawmut Type	Amps	ABB Type
10	800	—	NH3UD69V800PV	630	T5H630FF3LS
	1000	170M6277	—		
13	2200	—	PC44UD75V22CTQ	1600	T7516FF3PR231LS
	1000 (3 per phase)	170M6277	—		

(1) Suitable for replacement fuse.

600/690	Volt AC	' Fusing	and N	ИССВ	Ratings

Frame	Fuse	MCCB Ratings			
Size	Amps	Bussman Type ⁽¹⁾	Ferraz Shawmut Type	Amps	ABB Type
10	700	—	PC73UD13C630PA	400	T5H400LS
	700	170M6305	—		
13	1800	—	PC84UD12C18CTQ	1600	T7516FF3PR231LS
	700 (3 per phase)	170M6305	—		

(1) Suitable for replacement fuse.

DC Bus Output Fuse Ratings

DC Bus Output fuses must be used for short circuit protection. The tables in this section provide the ratings of the DC Bus Output fuses used for the AFE in an IP21 Rittal enclosure.

465...800 Volt DC Fusing

Frame Size	Fuse		
	Amps	Bussman Type ⁽¹⁾	Ferraz Shawmut Type
10	1100	—	PC73UD95V11CTF
	1250	170M6566	—
13	2400	—	PC84UD11C24CTQ
	1250 (2 per phase)	170M6566	—

(1) Suitable for replacement fuse.

640	1100	Volt DC	Fusing

Frame Size	Fuse		
	Amps	Bussman Type ⁽¹⁾	Ferraz Shawmut Type
10	630	—	PC73UD13C630TF
	700	170M6305	—
13	2000	—	PC84UD11C20CTQ
	1000 (2 per phase)	170M8510	—

(1) Suitable for replacement fuse.

Dimensions

Figure 46 - AFE Frame 10 in IP20 2500 MCC Style Enclosure Dimensions



Overall Dimensions, mm (in.)			Weight, kg (lb)
Height	Width	Depth	
2380.1 (94)	1204.1 (47)	955.1 (38)	1035 (2282)



Figure 47 - AFE Frame 13 in IP20 2500 MCC Style Enclosure Dimensions

Bottom View

Overall Dimensions, mm (in.)			Weight , kg (lb)
Height	Width	Depth	Ť
2379.8 (93.7)	2400.1 (95)	958 (38)	2200 (4850)
Figure 48 - AFE Frame 10 in IP21 Rittal Enclosure Dimensions



Dimensions are in millimeters and (inches).

Overall Dimensi	Weight , kg (lb)		
Height	Ť		
2270.5 (89.4)	1000 (39.4)	670.7 (26.4)	600 (1323)

Figure 49 - AFE Frame 13 in IP21 Rittal Enclosure Dimensions



Dimensions are in millimeters and (inches).



Overall Dimensi	Weight, kg (lb)									
Height	Height Width Depth									
2270.5 (89.4)	1800 (70.9)	690 (27.2)	1280 (2821.9)							

Figure 50 - AFE Frame 10 LCL Filter Dimensions

Dimensions are in millimeters and (inches).



Left Side View

AFE	Overall Dimensi	Overall Dimensions, mm (in.)											
Input Voltage	Height	Width	Depth										
400/480V	1761 5 (60 4)	200 5 (11 4)	406.0 (10.6)	263 (580)									
600/690V	1701.5 (09.4)	200.5 (11.4)	490.9 (19.0)	304 (670)									

Figure 51 - AFE Frame 13 LCL Filter Dimensions

Dimensions are in millimeters and (inches).





Left Side View

AFE Input	Overall Dimensi	ons, mm (in.)		Weight, kg (lb)		
voitage	Height	Width	Depth			
400/480V	1112 (56.8)	404 (10 4)	525 (20 7)	477 (1052)		
600/690V	1442 (30.8)	494 (19.4)	525 (20.7)	473 (1043)		

Figure 52 - AFE Frame 10 Power Structure Dimensions



Dimensions are in millimeters and (inches).

Bottom View

Overall Dimensi	Weight, kg (lb)		
Height	Width	Depth	Ť
1050 (41.3)	239 (9.4)	556 (22.3)	100 (221)

Figure 53 - AFE Frame 13 Power Structure Dimensions



Dimensions are in millimeters and (inches).

Overall Dimensi	Weight, kg (lb)		
Height			
1032 (40.6)	708 (27.9)	553 (21.8)	306 (675)

Figure 54 - Control Box Dimensions (only for AFE in IP21 Rittal Enclosure)

Dimensions are in millimeters and (inches).





Frame	Overall Dimensions	s, mm (in.)	
Size	Α	В	C
10	532.24 (20.6)	446 (17.6)	135.96 (5.4)
13	733.67 (28.9)	448 (17.6)	135.96 (5.4)

DPI Communication Configurations

This section contains information for how to use DPI[™] communication with the PowerFlex Active Front End.

Typical Programmable Controller Configurations

details.

IMPORTANTIf programs are written that continuously write information to the AFE
control, be sure to format the block transfer correctly. If attribute 10 is
selected for the block transfer, values are written only to RAM and are not
saved by the drive. Attribute 10 is the preferred attribute for continuous
transfers.If attribute 9 is selected, each program scan completes a write to the drives
nonvolatile memory (EEPROM). Because the EEPROM accommodates only a
fixed number of writes, excessive continuous block transfers can quickly
damage the EEPROM. Therefore, do **not** assign attribute 9 to continuous
block transfers. See the individual communication adapter user manual for

Log	ic Bits	Bits															
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Command	Description
															x	Stop	0 = Not Stop 1 = Normal Stop
														х		Start ⁽¹⁾	0 = Not Start 1 = Start
													х			Reserved	
												х				Clear Fault ⁽²⁾	0 = Not Clear Fault 1 = Clear Fault
											х					Reserved	
										х						Reserved	
									х							Reserved	
								x								Cmd LogicOut	0 = Network-controlled Digital Output off 1 = Network-controlled Digital Output on
							х									Reserved	
						х										Reserved	
					х											Reserved	
				х												Reserved	
			х													Reserved	
		х														Reserved	
	х															Reserved	
Х																Reserved	

Logic Command Word for PowerFlex 700/700H/700S Drives

(1) A Not Stop condition (logic bit 0 = 0, logic bit 8 = 0, and logic bit 9 = 0) must first be present before a 1 = Start condition starts the AFE.

(2) To perform this command, the value must switch from '0' to '1'.

Log	Logic Bits																					
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Status	Descr	iptio	n			
															x	Ready	$ \begin{array}{c} 0 = N \\ 1 = R \end{array} $	ot rea eady	dy			
														х		Active	0 = N 1 = A	ot acti ctive	ve			
													x			Motoring	0 = N $1 = M$	ot mo [.] lotorir	toring Ig			
												x				Regenerating	0 = N $1 = R$	ot reg egene	enera [.] rating	ting		
											X					In Precharge	0 = N 1 = In	ot in p 1 prech	recha Iarge	rge		
										x						Droop Active	0 = N parall 1 = D	ot dro eling roop a	op act	ive for AFE for AFE paralleling		
									x							Alarm	0 = N $1 = A$	o aları larm	n			
								x								Faulted	0 = N 1 = Fa	ot fau aulted	lted			
							х									At Reference	0 = N $1 = A$	0 = Not at reference 1 = At reference				
						x										Mot CurLim	0 = N Motor 1 = Ex Motor	0 = Not exceeding current limit in Motoring Mode 1 = Exceeding current limit in Motoring Mode		g current limit in rrent limit in		
					x											Regen CurLim	0 = N Reger 1 = Ex Reger	ot exco nerativ kceedi nerativ	eedin e Moo ng cu e Moo	g current limit in le rrent limit in le		
				x												Cmd Delayed	0 = 0 $1 = 0$	onditio onditio	on fals on tru	e		
			х													DCVoltRefID0						
		х														DCVoltRefID1	Bits	12	12	Description		
	x															DCVoltRefID2	0	0	0	= DC Volt Ref		
																	0	0	1	= Analog In 1		
																	0	1	0	= Analog In 2		
																	0	1	1	= DPI Port 1		
																	1	0	0	= DPI Port 2		
																	1	0	1	= DPI Port 3		
																	1	1	0	= DPI Port 4		
																	1	1	1	= DPI Port 5		
Х																Reserved						

Logic Status Word for PowerFlex 700/700H/700S Drives

The AFE reference is the commanded bus voltage (for example, a value of 6000 represents 600.0V DC). The feedback value is the bus voltage measured in the AFE.

The AFE supports 16-bit and 32-bit datalinks, which can be selected on the Logix module definition screen (for details, see the communication adapter documentation). The example screen shows a 20-COMM-E EtherNet/IP adapter that uses a 32-bit parameter (Datalink A) on the input, and two 16-bit parameters on the output.

0		-	Datalink	lipput Data	Output Data	
Revision:			Docomik	L ogioStatus	LogicCommand	
Electronic Keying:	Compatible Module	-		Eeghack	Reference	2.4.2
	Ennonmanua va	17.3.17	IT A	3 - TotalCurrent	▼ 75 - MotorPowerLint	
Drive Rating:	400V 460A	-	1.	3 - TotalCurrent	76 - RegenPowerLmt	1
			L B	1		
			L c			2.13
			L D			1919
onnection: ata Format:	Parameters via Datalinks Parameters	•		C Sort Input/Output sele	ction lists by Parameter Name	1
			A	DANGER: Unexpected, haza	dous motion of machinery ma	y
				Parameter names selected for as member names in the drive defines necessary Datalink pa project. Actual data transfer b determined by Datalink param	the Input and Output Data ap Module-Defined Data Types rameters in the RSLogix 5000 etween controller and drive is eters.	ope. and
				Parameter names selected for as member names in the drive defines necessary Dataink por project. Actual data transfer b determined by Datalink param You must download configure controller, drive and communi consistent with each other.	the Input and Output Data a Module-Defined Data Types rameters in the RSLogix 5000 etween controller and drive is eters. tion to the drive to ensure that aation module configurations a	opea and) t the

The data is used as shown in the table.

Logix to	20-COMM-x	20-CON	MM- <i>x</i> to Logix				
Word	Output I/O	Word	Input I/O				
1	Logic Command	1	Logic Status				
2	Reference (bus voltage)	2	Feedback (bus voltage)				
3	Datalink In A1	3	Datalink Out A1				
4	Datalink In A2	4	Datalink Out A2				
5	Datalink In B1	5	Datalink Out B1				
6	Datalink In B2	6	Datalink Out B2				
7	Datalink In C1	7	Datalink Out C1				
8	Datalink In C2	8	Datalink Out C2				
9	Datalink In D1	9	Datalink Out D1				
10	Datalink In D2	10	Datalink Out D2				

Logi	jic Bits																																
31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Command	Description
																															х	Normal Stop	0 = Not normal stop 1 = Normal stop
																														х		Start (1)	0 = Not start
																																	1 = Start
																													х			Jog 1 ⁽²⁾	0 = Not jog 1 (Par. 556)
																																(-)	1 = Jog 1
																												х				Clear Fault ⁽³⁾	0 = Not clear fault 1 = Clear fault
																										х	Х					Unipolar Direction	00 = No command
																																	01 = Forward command
																																	10 = Reverse command
																																	II = Hold direction control
																									х							Manual	0 = Not manual 1 = Manual
																								X								Reserved	
																						х	х									Accel Time	00 = No command
																																	01 = Use Accel Time 1 (Par. 535)
																																	10 = 0 Se Accel Time 2 (Par. 536) 11 = 1 is a present time
																				v	v						_					Docal Timo	11 = 0se present time
																				x	x											Decermine	00 = N0 command 01 = 11 command 1 (Par 537)
																																	10 = Use Decel Time 7 (Par 538)
																																	11 = Use present time
																			х													Ref Select 1	000 = No command
																		Х														Ref Select 2	001 = Ref A Select (Par. 545)
																	Х															Ref Select 3	010 = Ref B Select (Par. 550)
																																	011 = Preset 3 (Par. 573)
																																	100 = Preset 4 (Par. 5/4)
																																	101 = Preset 5 (Par. 575) 110 = Preset 6 (Par. 576)
																																	110 = Preset 0(Par. 570) 111 = Preset 7(Par. 577)
																x																Reserved	
															х																	Coast Stop	0 = Not coast to stop
																																	1 = Coast to stop
														Х																		Current Limit Stop	0 = Not current limit stop
																																	1 = Current limit stop
													Х																			Run (4)	0 = Not run
																																(7)	1 = Run
												х																				Jog 2 ⁽²⁾	0 = Not Jog 2 (Par. 557) 1 = Jog 2
											Х																					Reserved	
										х																						Reserved	
									Х																							Reserved	
								Х																								Reserved	
					-		X	-			-										-				-	-	-				-	Reserved	
						х	-	-	-	-		-									-				-	-		_	-		-	Reserved	
				v	X		-	-		-	-	-	-								-				-	-		_	-	-	-	Reserved	
			v	X		-			-	-		-														-	-			-		Recorved	
		¥	X		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-									-				-	-	-			-	-	Reserved	
	x	^		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-								-				-	-	-			-	-	Reserved	
x	^			-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-								-				-	\vdash	+	-		-	-	Reserved	
~			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		1	1	1		1	1	1		1	1	1		

Logic Command Word for PowerFlex 750-Series Drives

A Not Stop condition (logic bit 0 = 0) must first be present before a 1 = Start condition starts the drive. A Not Stop condition (logic bit 0 = 0) must first be present before a 1 = Jog 1/Jog 2 condition jogs the drive. A transition to a '0' stops the drive. To perform this command, the value must switch from '0' to '1'. A Not Stop condition (logic bit 0 = 0) must first be present before a 1 = Run condition runs the drive. A transition to a '0' stops the drive.

(1) (2) (3) (4)

Logi	c Bit	5				ŕ																											
31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Command	Description
																															х	Run Ready	0 = Not ready to run 1 - Ready to run
																														x		Active	0 = Not active
																																Command Direction	1 = Active
																													x			Command Direction	0 = Reverse 1 = Forward
																												х				Actual Direction	0 = Reverse
																											х					Accelerating	0 = Not accelerating
																																Deceloration	1 = Accelerating
																										x						Decelerating	1 = Decelerating
																									х							Alarm	0 = No alarm (Par. 959 and 960) 1 = Alarm
																								х								Fault	0 = No fault (Par. 952 and 953)
																							x									At Setpt Spd	1 = Fault 0 = Not at setpoint speed
																																Manual	1 = At setpoint speed
																						x										manuai	0 = Manual mode not active 1 = Manual mode active
																					Х											Spd Ref ID 0	00000 = Reserved
																				Х												Spd Ref ID 1	00001 = Auto Ref A (Par. 545)
																			Х													Spd Ref ID 2	00010 = Auto Ref B (Par. 550)
																		X														Spd Ref ID 3	00011 = Auto Preset Speed 3 (Par. 573) 00100 = Auto Preset Speed 4 (Par. 574)
																	х															Spa ket IV 4	00101 = Auto Preset Speed 5 (Par. 575)
																																	00110 = Auto Preset Speed 6 (Par. 576)
																																	00111 = Auto Preset Speed 7 (Par. 577)
																																	01000 = Reserved
																																	01001 = Reserved
																																	01010 = Reserved
																																	01100 = Reserved
																																	01101 = Reserved
																																	01110 = Reserved
																																	01111 = Reserved
																																	10000 = Man Port 0
																																	10001 = Man Port 1 10010 - Man Port 2
																																	10010 = Man Port 3
																																	10100 = Man Port 4
																																	10101 = Man Port 5
																																	10110 = Man Port 6
																																	10111 = Reserved
																																	11000 = Reserved
																																	11001 = Reserved
																																	11011 = Reserved
																																	11100 = Reserved
																																	11101 = Man Port 13 (embedded EtherNet/
																																	IP)
																																	11110 = Man Port 14 (DriveLogix ^{IIII}) 11111 = Alternate Man Port Sol
																x																Reserved	
															х																	Running	0 = Not running 1 - Bunning
														х																		Jogging	0 = Not jogging (Par. 556 and 557)
																																SS S	1 = Jogging
													x								1											Stopping	0 = Not stopping 1 = Stopping
												x																				DC Brake	0 = Not DC brake
											х																					DB Active	0 = Not dynamic brake active
																																6 IN 1	1 = Dynamic brake active
										x											1										1	sheea woqe	u = Not Speed Mode (Par. 309) 1 = Speed Mode
									х														1					1	1			Position Mode	0 = Not Position Mode (Par. 309)
					-		-	х	-	-	-		-	-				-			-		\vdash	-		-					-	Torque Mode	0 = Not Torque Mode (Par. 309)
				-	-		x	-	-	-	-		-	-							-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	At Zero Speed	1 = lorque Mode 0 = Not at zero speed
						¥			-												<u> </u>	-		-			-		_	-	<u> </u>	At Home	1 = At zero speed
						^																											1 = At home
					х																1											At Limit	U = Not at limit 1 = At limit
				х																												Current Limit	0 = Not at current limit 1 = At current limit
			х						1															1								Bus Freq Reg	0 = Not Bus Freq Reg
			1	1	1		1		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			1	I	1		1	1	1	1					<u> </u>	1	i — bus rieg neg

Logic Status Word for PowerFlex 750-Series Drives

Log	ogic Bits																																
31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Command	Description
		Х																														Enable On	0 = Not enable on
																																	1 = Enable on
	Х																															Motor Overload	0 = Not motor overload
																																	1 = Motor overload
х																																Regen	0 = Not regen
_																																	1= Regen

Notes:

HIM Overview

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External and Internal Connections

The PowerFlex® Active Front End provides a number of cable connection points.



No.	Connector ⁽¹⁾	Description
1	DPI port 1	HIM connection when installed in AFE.
2	DPI port 2	Cable connection for handheld and remote options.
3	DPI port 3 or 2	Splitter cable that is connected to DPI Port 2, which provides an additional port.
4	DPI port 5	Cable connection for communications adapter.

(1) There is no port 4 on PowerFlex 7-Class products. Port 4 only exists on legacy SCANport[™] products.

LCD Display Elements

Display	Description						
F-> Power Loss 🚊 Auto 🚼	Direction Drive Status Alarm Auto/Man Information						
0.0 Volt	Commanded or Output Volts						
Main Menu: Diagnostics Parameter Device Select	Programming / Monitoring / Troubleshooting						

ALT Functions

To use an ALT function, press the ALT key and release it, and then press the programming key that is associated with the desired function that is listed in the following table.

Table 25 - ALT Key Functions

ALT Key plus	•••		Function
	Sel	View	Selects how parameters are viewed or shows detailed information about a parameter or component.
		Lang	Displays the language selection screen.
_		Auto/Man	Switches between Auto and Manual Modes.
ALT		Remove	Lets the HIM be removed without causing a fault if the HIM is not the last controlling device and does not have manual control of the AFE.
	•	Ехр	Lets the value to be entered as an exponent.
	+/-	Param #	Enters a parameter number for viewing or editing.

Menu Structure

Figure 55 - HIM Menu Structure



Diagnostics Menu

When a fault trips the Active Front End, use this menu to access detailed data about the AFE.

Option	Description
Faults	View fault queue or fault information, clear faults, or reset the AFE.
Status Info	View parameters that display status information about the AFE.
Device Version	View the firmware revision and hardware series of components.
HIM Version	View the firmware revision and hardware series of the HIM.

Parameter Menu

See View and Edit Parameters on page 163.

Device Select Menu

Use this menu to access parameters in connected peripheral devices.

Memory Storage Menu

AFE data can be saved to, or recalled from, HIM sets. HIM sets are files that are stored in permanent nonvolatile HIM memory.

Option	Description
HIM Copycat: Device -> HIM Device <- HIM	Save data to a HIM set, load data from a HIM set to active AFE memory, or delete a HIM set.
Reset To Defaults	Restore the AFE to its default configuration settings.

Start-up Menu

See <u>Chapter 3</u>.

Preferences Menu

The HIM and AFE have features that you can customize.

Option	Description
AFE Identity	Add text to identify the AFE.
Change Password	Enable/disable or modify the password.
User Dspy Lines	Select the display, parameter, scale, and text for the user display. The user display is two lines of user-defined data that appears when the HIM is not being used for programming.
User Dspy Time	Set the wait time for the user display or enable/disable it.
User Dspy Video	Select reverse or normal video for the frequency and user display lines.
Reset User Dspy	Return all options for the user display to default configuration values.

The AFE is initially set to Basic Parameter View. To view all parameters, set parameter 196 [ParamAccessLvl] to option '1' (Advanced). The Reset to Defaults function does not affect Parameter 196.

View and Edit Parameters

HIM

Step	Example Screen
1. In the Main Menu, press the 🔺 or 💙 key to scroll to Parameter.	Main Menu: Diagnostics Parameter Device Select
 Press the (Enter) key. FGP File appears on the top line and the first three files appear below it. To scroll through the files, press the or key. 	FiP: File Monitor Dynamic Control Utility
 4. To select a file, press the (Enter) key. The groups in the file are displayed under it. 5. Repeat step 3 and step 4 to select a group and then a parameter. The parameter value screen appears. 	FG: Group Control Modes Voltage Loop Limits FGPP arameter DC Volt Ref Sel
 6. To edit the parameter, press the (Enter) key. 7. To change the value, press the or result of the value, press the or result of the value, press the or result of the value, press the value, press the the value, press the value, press the (Enter) key. 8. To save the value, press the (Inter) key. 9. To scroll through the parameters in the group, press the or result of the value, press the (Inter) key. 	DC Volt Ref Sel DC Volt Ref FGP: Par 61 DC Volt Ref 712.8 VDC 583 <> 842 FGP: Par 61 DC Volt Ref 700.0 VDC 583 <> 842

Numeric Keypad Shortcut

When using a HIM with a numeric keypad, press the **ALT** key and **+/-** key to access the parameter by typing its number.

Remove/Install the HIM

The HIM can be removed or installed while the AFE is powered.

Step	Example Displays
 To remove the HIM, do the following. 1. Press the (AD) key and then the (Inter) key. The Remove HIM configuration screen appears. 2. To confirm that you want to remove the HIM, press the (Inter) key. 3. Remove the HIM from the AFE. To install the HIM, insert it into the AFE or connect its cable to the AFE. 	- Remove HIM - Do you wish to continue? Press Enter

Notes:

Application Notes

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Sizing Guidelines

Use the following guidelines to size the AFE.

Basic Procedure to Size the AFE

1. Sum the DC Input current rating of the connected drives.

See the respective drive documentation specifications, or Drives in Common Bus Configurations, publication <u>DRIVES-AT002</u>.

2. Multiply the total DC current by 0.9.

This step compensates for the boosted DC bus voltage that is provided by the AFE.

3. Select the AFE with the DC current rating that meets or exceeds the value calculated in <u>step 2</u>.

Examples:

Normal-duty (ND), 110%, 1 minute

DC Input R	ating of Connect	AFE			
DC Voltage	ND Power	ND Currents	ND Current Sum x 0.9	ND Cont. DC Output Amps	AC Input Voltage
650V	5 x 60 Hp 1 x 30 Hp	5 x 84.5 = 422.5 A 1 x 85.8 A	457.5 A	520 A	480V

Heavy-duty (HD), 150%, 1 minute

DC Input Ra	ating of Connect	AFE			
DC Voltage	HD Power	HD Currents	HD Current Sum x 0.9	HD Cont. DC Output Amps	AC Input Voltage
650V	5 x 60 Hp 1 x 30 Hp	5 x 84.5 = 422.5 A 1 x 55.7 = 55.7 A	430.4 A	435 A	480V

Advanced Procedure to Size the AFE

- 1. Convert all motor powers to $kW (kW = Hp \times 0.746)$.
- 2. Determine the total power and input current required during acceleration.⁽¹⁾

For Motoring Loads: $P_{Drive} = P_{Motor} / Motor Efficiency$

For Regenerating Loads: $P_{Drive} = P_{Motor} * Motor Efficiency$

 $P_{Accel} = P_{Drive1} + P_{Drive2} + \dots$

Calculate the input current required on the regenerative unit during acceleration, taking advantage of the 110% for 1 minute overload rating of the regenerative unit.

$$I_{\text{Input}} = P_{\text{Accel}} \ge 1000 / (\sqrt{3} \ge V_{\text{LL}} \ge 1.1),$$

where P_{Accel} is in kW, and $V_{LL} = RMS$ line-to-line AC input voltage.

3. Determine the total power and input current required during steadystate run operation.⁽¹⁾

For Motoring Loads: $P_{Drive} = P_{Motor} / Motor Efficiency$

For Regenerating Loads: $P_{Drive} = P_{Motor} * Motor Efficiency$

 $P_{Run} = P_{Drive1} + P_{Drive2} + \dots$

Calculate the steady-state input current required on the regenerative unit.

$$I_{Input} = P_{Run} \times 1000 / (\sqrt{3} \times V_{LL}),$$

where P_{Run} is in kW, and $V_{LL} = RMS$ line-to-line AC input voltage.

4. Determine the total power and input current required during deceleration.⁽¹⁾

For Motoring Loads: $P_{Drive} = P_{Motor} / Motor Efficiency$

For Regenerating Loads: $P_{Drive} = P_{Motor} * Motor Efficiency$

$$P_{\text{Decel}} = P_{\text{Drive1}} + P_{\text{Drive2}} + \dots$$

Calculate the input current required on the regenerative unit during deceleration, taking advantage of the 110% for 1 minute overload rating of the regenerative unit.

$$I_{\text{Input}} = P_{\text{Decel}} \times 1000 / (\sqrt{3} \times V_{\text{LL}} \times 1.1),$$

where P_{Decel} is in kW, and $V_{LL} = RMS$ line-to-line AC input voltage.

- 5. Compare the absolute values of the input current required for the regenerative unit during acceleration, deceleration, and steady state.
- 6. Select the regenerative unit with the input current rating that meets or exceeds the worst case input current.
- P_{Motor} is the motor power required for the application. The P_{Motor} could be positive if that section of the machine is motoring, or negative if that section of the machine is regenerating.

Voltage Boost



ATTENTION: The AFE can be used for voltage boost but cannot be used to lower the DC bus voltage. The minimum DC bus voltage is limited by the rectified diode bridge voltage.

AFE parameter 61 [DC Volt Ref] can be adjusted to boost the DC voltage.

The maximum value of parameter 61 [DC Volt Ref] is:

[Rated Volts] x 1.35 x 1.3 for 400/480V units

[Rated Volts] x 1.35 x 1.15 for 600/690V units,

where [Rated Volts] is the AC input voltage for the AFE.

The maximum AC output to the motor = $[DC \text{ Volt Ref}] / (\sqrt{2} \times 1.1)$

Example:

AC line voltage = 400V AC

Motor = 460 V AC

Max [DC Volt Ref] = 400 x 1.35 x 1.3 = 702V DC

Maximum AC output to motor = 702V DC / ($\sqrt{2}$ x 1.1) = 451V AC

In addition, the AC input current required by the AFE increases when using voltage boost. The continuous and overload AC input current ratings must not be exceeded, or the AFE trips on overload. See the <u>Advanced Procedure to Size</u> the AFE on page 166 for sizing guidelines.

Paralleling AFEs

The power of the AFE input group can be increased by connecting several groups in parallel. Paralleling refers to AFE units connected on the same input transformer and the same DC bus. No communication between the units is required—they work independently.

Paralleling is typically used when the power range of one frame size is not enough, or when redundancy is needed. For additional information, see Drives in Common Bus Configurations, publication <u>DRIVES-AT002</u>.

Guidelines for AFEs in IP20 2500 MCC Style Enclosure

Follow these guidelines for paralleling AFEs in IP20 2500 MCC Style enclosures:

- For AFEs in IP20 2500 MCC Style enclosures, a maximum of two AFEs of the same power size (for example, two Frame 10 AFEs) and same voltage class can be paralleled.
- Each AFE must have its own LCL filter.
- Each AFE must have its own short circuit protection on AC and DC sides. See <u>Appendix A</u> for fusing information. When paralleling, you must check the sufficient short circuit capacity of the system.
- Derate the AFE units by 5% of their power rating.
- Configure the following parameters for parallel operation:
 - Set Parameter 42 [Modulation Type] to '3'.
 - Set Parameter 82 [Ground I Lvl] to 100%.
 - Set Parameter 85 [Droop] to 5% for current sharing of the AFEs.
 - Set Parameter 86 [PWM Synch] to '1' to reduce circulating currents between AFEs connected to the same DC bus and fed from the same power source.
- If one of the paralleled AFEs is isolated from the AC and DC voltages, you must isolate the AC input and DC output. The AC input can be isolated with a circuit breaker or a disconnect switch. Contactors are not suitable for isolating the AC input because they cannot be locked in the safe position. The DC output can be isolated with a disconnect. A load isolation switch or safety isolation switch can be used to isolate the precharging circuit from the AC input.
- Each AFE must use a separate precharging circuit, precharging control switch, DC bus output fusing, and main contactor.

Each AFE controls its own precharging and main contactor. Therefore, it is possible to disconnect the AFE when other parallel AFEs are powered up but not modulating.

- The fault relay of both AFEs must be interlocked with each other, such that both AFEs are disabled (not running) when either AFE is faulted.
- An AFE can be connected while other parallel AFE units are running. When connecting the AFE to the DC bus, follow these steps in the order shown.
 - a. Precharged the isolated AFE.

When completed, the AFE control closes the contactor.

b. To connect the AFE to the DC bus, close the DC disconnect.

When disconnecting the AFE from the DC bus, follow these steps in the order shown.

a. Stop the inverters and AFEs connected to the same DC bus from modulating.

The AFE load must be zero before being disconnected to reduce the load on the contactor.

- b. Open the contactor of the AFE.
- c. Open the DC disconnect switch.
- d. Restart the other AFE units.
- When AFEs are paralleled, the DC bus voltage at regeneration is 5% higher than with one AFE due to the 5% droop. See Drives in Common Bus Configurations, publication DRIVES-AT002, for supported drives that can be used in various AFE configurations.
- Figure 56 on page 170 shows an example of paralleling two AFEs in their IP20 2500 MCC Style enclosures, where each AFE has its own precharging circuit, precharging control, and fusing on the DC bus output and main contactor.

In this case, turn the disconnects (Q0) of all AFEs to ON, and set all REM-AUTO-MAN selector switches on the door to AUTO to enable automatic operation.

When turning on the main power, the two AFEs precharge automatically. After charging, the contactors (K1) are closed and the AFEs start the modulation. The control signal 'Inverter Enable' shown in <u>Figure 23 on page 45</u> can be used to interlock the drives connected to the DC bus.







Figure 57 - Connecting Parallel Frame 13 AFEs in IP20 2500 MCC Style Enclosures

Guidelines for AFEs in IP21 Rittal Enclosure

Follow these guidelines for paralleling AFEs in IP21 Rittal enclosures:

- AFE units of different power sizes can be connected in parallel.
- For AFEs in IP21 Rittal enclosures, a maximum of six AFEs can be paralleled. However, the capacity of the DC bus bar can limit the number of AFEs.
- Each AFE must have its own LCL filter.
- Each AFE must have its own short circuit protection on AC and DC sides. See <u>Appendix A</u> for fusing information. When paralleling, you must check the sufficient short circuit capacity of the system.
- Derate the AFE units by 5% of their power rating.
- Configure the following parameters for parallel operation:
 - Set Parameter 42 [Modulation Type] to '3'.
 - Set Parameter 82 [Ground I Lvl] to 100%.
 - Set Parameter 85 [Droop] to 5% for current sharing of the AFEs.
 - Set Parameter 86 [PWM Synch] to '1' to reduce circulating currents between AFEs connected to the same DC bus and fed from the same power source.
- If one of the paralleled AFEs is isolated from the AC and DC voltages, you must isolate the AC input and DC output. The AC input can be isolated with a circuit breaker or a disconnect switch. Contactors are not suitable for isolating the AC input because they cannot be locked in the safe position. The DC output can be isolated with a disconnect. A load isolation switch or safety isolation switch can be used to isolate the precharging circuit from the AC input.
- Each AFE must use a separate precharging circuit, precharging control switch, DC bus output fusing, and main contactor.

Each AFE controls its own precharging and main contactor. Therefore, it is possible to disconnect the AFE when other parallel AFEs are powered up but not modulating.

- The fault relay of both AFEs must be interlocked with each other, such that both AFEs are disabled (not running) when either AFE is faulted.
- An AFE can be connected while other parallel AFE units are running. When connecting the AFE to the DC bus, follow these steps in the order shown.
 - a. Precharged the isolated AFE.

When completed, the AFE control closes the MCCB.

b. To connect the AFE to the DC bus, close the DC disconnect.

When disconnecting the AFE from the DC bus, follow these steps in the order shown.

a. Stop the inverters and AFEs connected to the same DC bus from modulating.

The AFE load must be zero before being disconnected to reduce the load on the MCCB.

- b. Open the MCCB of the AFE.
- c. Open the DC disconnect switch.
- d. Restart the other AFE units.
- When AFEs are paralleled, the DC bus voltage at regeneration is 5% higher than with one AFE due to the 5% droop. See Drives in Common Bus Configurations, publication <u>DRIVES-AT002</u>, for supported drives that can be used in the various AFE configurations.
- Figure 58 on page 174 shows an example of paralleling two AFEs in their IP21 Rittal enclosures, where each AFE has its own precharging circuit, precharging control, and fusing on the DC bus output and input contactor.

In this case, turn the disconnects (Q0) of all AFEs to ON, and set all MCCB CONTROL selector switches on the door to AUTO to enable automatic operation.

When turning on the main power, the two AFEs precharge automatically. After charging, the MCCB motor-controlled circuit breakers (Q1) are closed and the AFEs start the modulation. The control signal 'Inverter Enable' shown in <u>Figure 40 on page 79</u> can be used to interlock the drives connected to the DC bus.



Figure 58 - Connecting Parallel Frame 10 AFEs in IP21 Rittal Enclosure



Figure 59 - Connecting Parallel Frame 13 AFEs in IP21 Rittal Enclosure

Paralleling an AFE with One or More PowerFlex SCR Bus Supplies

For information about paralleling an AFE with one or more PowerFlex[®] SCR Bus Supplies, see Drives in Common Bus Configurations, publication <u>DRIVES-AT002</u>.

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